THE WEATHER
Unsettled tonight. Saturday fair, somewhat colder; moderate westerly winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

6 O'CLOCK

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Murders in Lawrence

THE STRIKE MAY EXTEND

FOUR WERE KILLED

Bodies of Victims Were Found in a Tenement House

FOUR PERSONS MURDERED

Four persons killed in Lawrence.
Police think that robbery was motive for the crime.
One of the victims had drawn $500 from the bank and money is missing.
State police at work on the case.

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Joseph Savia, 23 years old; his wife Mary, aged 18, a daughter of Eugene Clark of 19 Railroad street; Evelyn Dennis, born Takgasy of 104 Lowell street, and an unknown young man aged about 26, were all found dead in Savia's tenement last night.

They had all been killed by savage slashes and stabs, and had been dead nearly 18 hours when they were discovered.

Apparently all four people were killed by one man, who went out of the tenement, locked the door after him, leaving at least one of his victims still alive and groaning, and walked out of the alley upon which the house opens with his sleeves rolled up and his weapon still in his hand.

There is not an iota of fact to connect the murders with the textile strike. None of the inmates of the tenement were mill workers. Savia worked two weeks ago cutting ice, the women were not employed.

The Savia tenement is a three-room house on the second floor of a 2½-story house, in the rear of 157 Valley street.

Mrs. Dennis was only 23 years old, according to her father, George Tangasy, who was at the police station last night seeking information.

Savia was not more than 30 and his wife was a little younger. At 7.30 last night a girl who lived on the ground floor of the house in the alley ran out of Valley street and found the patrolman on the beat, M. A. Murphy. She told the policeman that there had been trouble all Thursday night in the house and that none of the inhabitants of the second floor tenement had been seen yesterday.

Patrolman Murphy and his partner on the beat, Patrolman Matthew McDonald, went up into the house. There they found Simon Goldberg, the owner of the house, standing before the door of the Savia tenement. He had come for his rent and had been unable to get in. The morning newspaper still lay on the floor of the hall.

The policemen, of the landlord's re-

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MGR. WM. O'BRIEN

CONGRATULATED BY MANY FRIENDS ON HIS NEW HONOR

The people of St. Patrick's parish are greatly elated over the elevation of their beloved pastor, Rev. William O'Brien to the rank of monsignor. That title could not be conferred upon a more zealous or more devoted priest. His parishioners and friends in this city will find a way to express their pleasure at this recognition of his worth by Cardinal O'Connell and the Holy Father at Rome. Father O'Brien is so humble and so retiring in his manner that he dislikes anything in the nature of public display; but already some societies are taking steps to express their gratification at his elevation. Since the announcement by Cardinal O'Connell Fr. O'Brien has been besieged by friends offering their felicitations.

SURVIVORS OF WRECK

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., Feb. 3.—Three passengers and 48 men of the crew of the Hamburg-American liner Alleghany which was sunk by the British steamer Pomaron off the Virginia Capes yesterday were landed today by the Pomaron, which took them off. The Pomaron left for repairs.

RECTOR LOST $25

HE PLACED FAITH IN REPRESENTATIVE OF A BURGLAR

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 3. The Rev. A. C. Howell, rector of St. Stephen's Episcopal parish in the fashionable suburb of Sewickley, is annoyed by the failure of negotiations he entered into with a burglar's gentlemanly representative for the return of valuable jewels taken from the rectory about a year ago by the clever crackmen who also got away with a big lot of jewels from the residence of Mrs. William Thaw, Jr., which were recently returned for $20,000 and no questions asked.

At the time Rector Howell's valuables were taken, he was awakened by the movements of the intruder and would have had conversation with him but that the burglar had a gun. To this exchange intermediary, Rector Howell offered to give up $200, and he gave up $25 in token of good faith. He has not seen his man since.

THE ANNUAL REPORT

Of St. Jean Baptiste and St. Joseph's Parishes

Tomorrow at all the masses at St. Jean Baptiste and St. Joseph's churches, the Oblate Fathers will submit the annual report of the parish, including the receipts, expenses and doings during the last twelve months.

The report is very satisfactory and reflects much credit on the pastor, Rev. Henri Walsh, O. M. I., as well as on his assistants. A feature of the year's work is the graphic fact that a new convent was built for the Grey Nuns of the Cross, and that the old buildings were removed on the other side of the street. After allowing for all expenses including the cost of the new building, of $23,341.71, the sum of $7,000 has been paid on the [illegible] debt, reducing the same to $[illegible].

The total receipts of the year have been [illegible] and the expenditures [illegible] leaving a balance on hand [illegible].

The statistics of the parish show a decrease in the population of the parish. There are now 2,883 families as against 3045 last year; the books show 14,250 persons as against 14,895 in 1910. 1,006 children attend the parochial schools, while last year there were 1067. Three hundred and sixty-eight children attend the public schools as against 465 in 1910.

There were 562 christenings during the year, while last year 607 children were baptized. The marriages in 1911 numbered 112, while in the previous year 124 couples were united in the bonds of matrimony. There were 19 deaths during the past twelve months, 131 of whom were adults, while 188 were children. In 1910 there were 461 deaths, 133 adults and 328 children.

There are 11 priests in the parish and 47 teachers, including the Marist Brothers and the Gray Nuns of the Cross. At the French American orphanage there are 15 sisters, three teachers and 135 children.

REV. HENRY WALSH, O. M. I.
Pastor

LABOR TROUBLE

May Spread Throughout New England and New York

LATEST FEATURES OF STRIKE

Labor leaders may extend strike to all American Woolen Co.'s mills.
Attempt to secure Leader Ettor's release postponed until Tuesday.
New strike leader says only 5000 operatives are at work.
Mill agents say they have nearly one-half of their regular force.

THE STRIKE MAY SPREAD

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—The expediency of extending the strike of textile workers in this city, which involves more than 15,000 persons, to all the mills of the American Woolen Co., will be decided on tomorrow at a conference in behalf of members of the executive committee of the Industrial Workers of the World, the union which has assumed responsibility for the organization of the strike in this city. This statement was made today by William Yates of New Bedford, who has stepped into the local leadership made vacant by the arrest of Joseph Ettor, a few days ago, the prime mover in the local strike. It is understood that should the general strike against the American Woolen Co., which has mills throughout New England and New York state, be decided on by the executive committee the sympathetic movement may affect many other mills, manufacturing both cotton and woolen goods in New England.

The movement to crystallize the general strike proposed against the American Woolen Co.'s mills has been taken up by the committee which directed the strike against that corporation in 1902 which centered in Olneyville, R. I. Much of the support for the present movement comes from that place, where the American Woolen Co. has several mills. Members of the executive council of the I. W. W. are now on the way to Boston from all parts of the country. It is expected that at least half a dozen members of the committee, including William Trautmann of Chicago, Speed of San Francisco, Koettgen of Paterson, N. J., Halcrow of St. Louis and possibly Warner C. Smith of Denver will attend the meeting. Ettor is a member of this committee and may send a message from the Essex county jail here where he is confined.

The news from Boston today that the attempt to secure Ettor's release together with that of Arturo Giovannitti, another strike leader, through habeas corpus proceedings, has been postponed until Tuesday, was very disappointing to the leaders and others interested in the success of the strike. It is still contended by them, however, that the cause of the strikers has been aided more than hurt by their leader's arrest.

The claim was made today by Mr. Yates that of the 37,000 persons which he estimates are employed in the textile industry in this city under normal conditions, not more than 5000 are now at work. Most of the mill agents assert that their plants are running with between 25 and 50 per cent. of the regular force. A medium between the two claims, which would place the number of operatives at work now at about 12,000 to 15,000, is regarded as a fair estimate. The remainder of the operatives are divided in the proportions of about two-thirds strikers and one-third persons who have been forced out of employment either through lack of work or for other reasons.

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VISITING AGITATOR

Caused Strike at Rendering Works---Five Rioters Arrested

Seventy employes of the Lowell Rendering Co's plant, blackjacks, stones and other [illegible] went on strike yesterday noon and came so general that it [illegible] early this morning they gathered about to call on the Billerica and Lowell [illegible] the premises and besides threatening [illegible] to destroy property they [illegible]. When the police officers arrived [illegible] favors of employes from going to work, the [illegible] the mob was in an angry mood and was busily engaged in [illegible] people over the head with [illegible] and other weapons. Five men were placed under arrest, but they had [illegible] bail in the local police station before they received bail. The

Continued to last page

REV. GEO. VAN DEURSEN

Gives Interesting Talk on the Care of the House and Body

[illegible] a subject [illegible] through by Dr. [illegible] peer- [illegible] These A. [illegible] ancients, Re- [illegible] others [illegible] and prevent [illegible] the supply [illegible] of the [illegible] considerable [illegible] of sewerage [illegible] refuse of [illegible]

Sanitation [illegible] and habits [illegible] which [illegible] the entire [illegible] may bring [illegible] healthful proper- ties.

[illegible] society are waking [illegible] to the realization of the fact [illegible] is a public [illegible] of the [illegible] iniquity.

The problem [illegible] greatly [illegible] rural [illegible] gestion [illegible] demand [illegible] whole [illegible] itself [illegible]

No matter [illegible] reside [illegible] themselves [illegible] air, pure [illegible] station.

In the city [illegible] become [illegible]

Where the [illegible] ever-failing [illegible] water [illegible] holding [illegible] on well, [illegible] depend [illegible]

New [illegible] her open [illegible] and putting [illegible]

[illegible] are waging [illegible] the cesspool and [illegible] the overcrowded [illegible] carrying [illegible] and in hand.

[illegible] the cheap tene- ment [illegible] taking to the outside [illegible] with all the at- tendant [illegible] overcrowding, lack of privacy and lowered moral standards. [illegible] statistics have shown [illegible] that the effect of [illegible] is an increase [illegible]

[illegible] tuberculosis [illegible] the daylight onto the [illegible] as nothing [illegible] The necessity [illegible] and fresh air has been [illegible] pulpit till it [illegible] but when we [illegible] city and find [illegible] streams, filthy [illegible] we real- ize [illegible] upon pre- [illegible] a little and [illegible] seemingly it is [illegible] little or lost.

The presence of the [illegible] bacillus [illegible] but it is very frequently harmless in fact [illegible] when it does not [illegible] It cannot [illegible] ground but in the [illegible] conditions to which many [illegible] people are subjected [illegible] And one of the [illegible] in its propagation [illegible] is the overcrowding of [illegible] in dwelling, and the consequent foulness of the air. Says an authority on the subject: "The respiration of im- pure air [illegible] debilitates the vital powers, [illegible] the nervous sys- tem [illegible] the appetite, deranges the [illegible] and leads to the reten- tion of [illegible] matter in the blood."

How can the laboring people have [illegible] they breathe in their [illegible] of two or three rooms, where one room serves as kitchen, dining-room, living-room and at night as sleeping room for one or more [illegible] of the children [illegible] the back yards littered with rubbish of every description and soggy with washwater or with puddles from melting snow or the last rain.

Philadelphia and New York are building miles of model tenements with clean paved streets, the houses only two stories high with a six foot grass plot in front, bound [illegible] the en- tire length in front. The rear yards are paved or grassed over, no close board fences as in the old parts of the city but a light iron fence which does not obstruct a free current of air or serve as a hiding place for ash heaps and foul garbage cans.

The passageway between the yards is likewise paved and drained so that the entire street can be flushed and kept in the best sanitary condition.

The neighbor's eye and the friendly rivalry in the care of their separate lit- tle yards plays no small part in having them kept in the best possible condi- tion.

The "landlord problem" is too large a one for discussion at this time: it is one requiring the cooperation of landlord and tenant, sanitary inspec- tor and various departments of the city government.

There are [illegible] for the philan- thropist and the [illegible] the medi- cal profession and the public press.

But we must content ourselves to [illegible]

Get bedding and mattresses into the sunlight as often as possible. You [illegible] recall the feeling of chill and dampness when you have occupied the bed in [illegible] guest room, where the bed had been made up with the utmost care with immaculate sheets and [illegible] the room closed and the shades carefully drawn down to keep [illegible] rust-fading [illegible] air.

Don't [illegible] the bed as soon as you are out of it [illegible] the covers back over a chair and open the win- dows wide. [illegible] the old lady who used [illegible] "Doctor, [illegible] I want to make the bed." Better be [illegible] a friend of mine who was [illegible] at one of the neighbor's [illegible] he would be very particular about his bed [illegible] invariable rule to always [illegible] the very last thing [illegible] got into it.

Teach the children to care for their own rooms and tell them the why, for habits formed in youth are strong through life, and much of the care- lessness in these little things is be- cause the children know that "Mother will do it" and they feel no responsi- bility.

A [illegible] clothing before hanging [illegible] closet and leave closet doors wide open while the room is aired, and see that clothing is properly aired be- fore being hung, then that the odors of perspiration and stale tobacco smoke [illegible] you [illegible] seeking some article of wearing apparel.

Keep soap fats and vessels covered, for such vessels are constantly giving off effluvia, poisoning the air.

It seems almost superfluous to speak of the necessity of an abundance of fresh air in the sleeping room at night for [illegible] been talked and written about [illegible] almost any one sub- ject during the past few years till scarcely a man, woman or child but knows, even if they do not realize, its importance. But don't carry it too far; have fresh air, but don't sleep in a draft and have sufficient covering so that [illegible] the body temperature will not be lowered too much or too rapidly.

Do not neglect the daily bath and the frequent change of clothing, for the respiration of the skin is just as important in its way as the respira- tion of the lungs.

It is of little use to equip model ten- ements with enameled tubs and open plumbing unless the tenants are taught to make proper use of these conven- iences. We heard of one instance where the family used the bath tub as a receptacle for the kitchen coal, and another where the kitchen sink was used to wash the children's cloth- ing and also the family dishes without any elaborate system of sterilization between the processes. But the lat- ter was in a case of extreme poverty, where they had neither dishpan or tub, and the mother was very glad to cor- rect her methods when supplied with the necessary articles.

Look well to your set-bowl and sink drains, [illegible] harbor "germs" by the millions and their frequent flushing by hot suds or potash will prevent many infections. See that there are no leaking pipes or over- flowing traps. The cry for so-called "open plumbing" has been brought about not so much by the fact of any inherent advantage in the open method, but to do away with the boxed in cup- board which was allowed to become a receptacle for broken crockery and foul, musty rags, and if any leak of trap or overflow of basin occurred it was unnoticed or neglected till the flooring became sodden and decayed.

TOOK PARIS GREEN

Man Attempted to End His Life

John Costello, aged 55 years of West Everett, attempted to end his life by taking a big dose of paris green. The man is now at St. John's hos- pital and although he is in a critical condition the physicians entertain strong hopes for his recovery.

The man was found in Canal street in the rear of Evans' lunch room by Patrolman John Sullivan. The lat- ter thought at first that the man was in an intoxicated condition but the strange actions of the man aroused the suspicion of the officer and he sent a hurry call to the police station.

At the station Costello was searched and on him was found a package con- taining the poison, and one end of it had been torn away and part of the contents was missing. The man was at this time unable even to talk and Capt. Atkinson sent him to St. John's hospital, where the stomach pump was applied and the man partly regained consciousness. A large quantity of the poison was found in the man's stomach by the hospital physicians, and prompt treatment was given him.

PRINCIPAL DOOLEY

INVITED TO ADDRESS TRADES & LABOR COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Trades & Labor council was held Thursday night at 32 Middle street, President Welch occupying the chair. There were delegates present from the various or- ganizations and reports showed that all of the local unions are in a flourishing condition.

The legislative committee reported on the different bills before the legis- lature and other matters of interest to the council. Rev. James E. Gregg spoke briefly on the bill, providing for one day's rest in seven which was unanimously endorsed by the council.

The industrial school was discussed at length, and it was voted to extend an invitation to Principal W. H. Doo- ley to attend the next meeting to be held Feb. 15, to address the delegates on the same and all union men are in- vited to attend. Several communica- tions were received and referred to the proper committees. After transacting considerable routine business the meet- ing adjourned.

PROPERTY SOLD

Jos. F. Donohoe Bought Bowlaway Building

The [illegible] property in [illegible] street owned by Henry J. O'Dowd has been purchased by Joseph F. Donohoe, and the deed of the transfer were record- ed. This property for the past few years has been occupied by Mr. Dono- hoe, who conducts a bowling alley.

There is nearly 11,000 feet of land with a [illegible] brick building in which are modern and well equipped bowling alleys. The assessed value on the building is $28,000 and on the land $11,[illegible]. The purchase price is not stated.

Mr. [illegible] of this city has purchased the Andrew L. Keefe prop- erty at the corner of Broadway and Willie street.

The Haverty club house at the cor- ner of Mammoth road and Lakeview avenue, Collinsville has been pur- chased by the Brownson Literary and Social club and the deeds of the sale were recorded at the court house.

PERJURY CHARGED

NEWSPAPERMAN ENTERED A PLEA OF NOT GUILTY

George L. Dexter, a Boston newspa- perman, was brought into the criminal session of the superior court at East Cambridge yesterday on a charge of criminal libel and three counts of per- jury in connection with the alleged Middlesex county ring through articles published in a Boston newspaper. Through his counsel, Thomas W. Proc- tor, he entered a plea of not guilty.

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

John Drew, the inimitable, was at the Opera House last night appearing in the leading role of Hubert H. Davis' drama, "The Single Man" and the house was literally packed with the ad- mirers of this popular actor. The plot of the drama has to do with a literary man of 43 who, discovering age coming on, decides that he should get mar- ried in order to enjoy life. He selects a romping girl not more than half his age and the wedding day is fixed. Meantime he is called upon to take part in the girlish pranks, the hide-and- go-seek games of his intended bride and of these he soon gets very weary. He realizes that he has made a mis- take. Meantime he discovers that his secretary, a very winsome young lady, is secretly in love with him. Her de- termination to leave brings up the cri- sis and he realizes he made a mis- take. He decides to break off the en- gagement but before he has time to do so, his intended bride comes to him to break it off as she also had discovered that she had made a mistake in agree- ing to marry a man old enough to be her father. Another lady whom his sis- ter-in-law wanted to have him marry tried hard to win him but was repulsed at every advance and the final scene presented him and his former secretary united in bonds of love.

The cast of the characters was as fol- lows:

Robin Worthington	John Drew
Henry Worthington	Fred Simpson
Dicky Cottrell	Thomas Kelly
Lady Cottrell	Clara T. Bracy
Maggie Cottrell	Carroll McComas
Mrs. Heseltine	Mary Boland
Isabella Worthington	Louise Drew
Louise Parker	Thais Lawton
Bertha Fias	Helen Bolte
Gladys, a maid	Eva Condon
Mrs. Higson, housekeeper	Cecelia Radcliffe

Mr. Drew's acting was, as usual, nat- ural, graceful and artistic throughout. Miss Mary Boland, as secretary, proved to be an actress of rare ability, a good second for Mr. Drew in everything un- dertaken. Her modest expression, her stately figure and skillful conception of her role were all assets in her favor and she gave a presentation of her role that would be hard to excel.

Miss Carol McComas as the intended bride, was bright, vivacious and clever. Miss Louise Drew, daughter of the star, as Isabel Worthington, showed considerable cleverness, although her role did not call for any difficult emo- tional work.

As a spinster wanting to catch a husband and continually repelling him by the methods adopted, Miss Thais Lawton as Louise Parker "went the limit."

The remainder of the cast was good and the performance was highly en- joyed by the audience, which was one of the largest and most intelligent seen at the Opera House for many a day.

"THE FORTUNE HUNTER"

What a subtle meaning and what a warning to young men of convivial na- tures is that scene in the first act of "The Fortune Hunter" when Willie Bartlett asks Nat Duncan to go out and make a night of it for old time's sake. Willie says, "Do you remember the night you took me out and showed me how to play Faro Bank, Nat?"

"Yes, I remember, and I remember what a yap we thought my roommate was because he wouldn't come with us (pointing at Kellogg, who has just been made junior partner in a big Wall street concern). 'He was my roommate.'" It is with touches of real human inter- est like these and lines that fairly breathe moral suggestion that will make "The Fortune Hunter" live in the memory as perfectly written, tech- nically correct, with educational effect of tremendous value to the world at large.

Seats go on sale Monday morning.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Our stock company, with a cast of 12 people, will present the feature of- fering at the Merrimack Square the- atre next week, an Irish singing com- edy sketch entitled "The Pride of the Bywoer" in two acts and five scenes. The piece is a picturesque presentation and should meet with the genuine ap- proval of all. Among those to appear in it are Mr. Weston, Miss Jackson, Charles Stevens, Miss Jessie Graham, O. E. [illegible], Warren Price, Miss Louie Midget, John Quinn and a few others. Miss Jackson will be heard in songs that will be quite in keeping with the play itself and Mr. Weston will contribute to the musical end of the performance. The staging of the piece will be on an elaborate scale, neither time nor expense being spared to make it superior to all former efforts.

The other numbers on the bill will be in keeping with the "Irish Week" pro- gram that has been specially arranged for the [illegible]. Miss Marie Laur- ens, late of the [illegible] R. Wells opera company, and a prima donna of recog- nized ability the country over, will sing some of her favorite Irish num- bers, including "The Wearing of the Green." Crawford and Montrose, known as "Those Irish Singers and Dancers," will give their original sketch that has won for them so much favor in every city where they have appeared. J. A. Murphy and Miss Eloise Willard, Irish comedy sketch artists, will appear in an offering that's brim- ful of good merriment. The photo- plays for the first three days of the week will include "The Transforma- tion of Michael," "The Little Stowaway," "The Love of the Presidio," "The Trip to the Gorge De Loup," and others both interesting and instructive. On Friday night the Merrimack Square Theatre concert orchestra will feature selections from Andrew Mack's popular song, "The Beautiful Irish Rose."

For the sacred concerts Sunday af- ternoon and evening the following well-known entertainers will appear: The C[illegible] Sisters, musicians, Mi- chael McCabe, Willetta, The Heidel- berg Four, Baldwin and Quinn, and others. The photo-plays for the day will be new and novel.

Patrons are reminded of the fact that all seats, a total of 1500, are sold at one price, 10 cents, at the mati- nees with the exception of Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. The subscrip- tion list is still open and only requires a call at the box office to have one's name placed on it.

KEITH'S LOWELL THEATRE

Next week will be all nations' week at Keith's, for acts will be given that have been culled from all corners with- in the boundless realms of vaudeville. "Theo" the balloon girl is the head- line attraction on the bill and she dem- onstrates the wonderful possibilities of the vaudeville form of entertainment. "Theo" circles through the theatre in her balloon as easily and gracefully as though she were in the open and she'll take you along with her if you de- sire, gently lifting you out of your seat and depositing you there again. She concludes her act with delightful singing and dancing. Haviland and Thornton present a funny sketch en- titled "A Question of Policy" which should interest the army of insurance agents in Lowell, not to speak of their army of victims, for the sketch por- trays the efforts of a persistent agent to wish a policy onto a young woman who is averse to insurance. Alfredo, the boy violinist will charm all lovers of music by his wonderful talent. He does a straight act playing the best compositions of the greatest com- posers. Willard and Bond, two jolly comedians have a most laughable sketch entitled "The Battle of Bunco Hill," one as a regular army captain and the other a German war corre- spondent. Hart and Dunlay have a "fetching" sketch known as "Sea Breezes." Rosaire and Doretta are comedy acrobats way above the ordin- ary level. Josh Dale the comedy juggler, mystifies you and then tips you as to how it is done. Frank and True Rice have a pleasing acro- batic act. Phil Ott, a big Lowell fav- orite heads the bill at tomorrow's con- certs. Seven motion pictures all first run reels will be shown.

THEATRE VOYONS

Tonight is the last chance to see "His Mother," the phenomenally suc- cessful Irish picture at the Theatre Voyons. It is a most touching story of an Irish lad and his mother taken partly in Ireland and partly on Ameri- can soil. It is a consistent and rea- sonable story reproduced in the lives of hundreds of Irish Americans. The musical program includes "Eileen Alannah," one of the best duets in the repertoire of James and Lillian Dale and "Where the River Kenmare Flows," an Irish ballad with a pleas- ing swing to its melody. The balance of the program is exceptionally pleas- ing and the bill for tomorrow, Sunday, has several big features.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

"Crowded Again," is the slogan at the Academy. The patrons of the laughing spot of Lowell are satisfied that the Academy is the place to go when they want cheering-up.

"A Lesson in Travesty," by the Jolly Fannie Hatfield Stock Co. is the funniest one-act sketch ever produced. It keeps the audience in uproars of laughter from the rising of the cur- tain until the finish.

The Vance Bros., two rubes, with their own scenery have a very pleasing act. They are comedians of note and have a supply of mirth and music that cannot be excelled.

Phil Morlin, a comedy singer, has a batch of funny songs that make you feel as if this old world is a grand place after all. Don't fail to hear him sing "Henpeck Club."

Miss McDonough, a Lowell girl, is singing some new and up-to-date songs. She has a voice to be proud of and is well liked by the Lowellites.

Six acts and four pictures, Sunday. Come early.

CHINESE TONG WAR

Trouble Has Broken Out On the Pacific Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Pacific coast cities from San Diego, Cal. to Vancouver, B. C. found themselves to- day confronted with a Chinese tong war. With three men already shot and an armistice flagrantly violated mer- cenaries and leaders of the great Chinese family societies made ready to defend themselves and avenge their friends. While tong wars are strictly Chinese affairs they interrupt all busi- ness done with Orientals. Two dis- tinct feuds must be wiped out before the clans in Portland, Ore., San Jose, Cal., San Francisco and other points may lay down their strictly modern automatic firearms which have re- placed the hatchet of former days and turn over to Occidentals the taxicabs in which they pursue and escape. At San Jose, Lee Kee, a member of the Hip Sing tong is dead and Wah Get, a Hop Sing tong man, is under ar- rest. This feud, starting in the beat- ing of a Hop Sing man who was col- lecting a gambling fund, has swept over the efforts at pacification of the Six Companies, the supervising body of all the tongs. In San Francisco when Lee Kee's death became known, allies of the Hip Sings shot two Hop Sing men, Lum Song and Wong Yuk Sun. The news reaching Portland led to a rush for quantities of arms pur- chased early in the day. In Portland the situation is accentuated by the Hop Sings and the Bow Leong tong over the recent order of Seid Sing, who was a Bow Leong man. Finally the Suey Sing tong is lined up with the Hip Sings to fight the Hop Sings, although it is not generally known just where the Suey Sings come into the fray.

GIRL A HERO

SHE SAVED BOY'S LIFE IN LYNN FACTORY

LYNN, Feb. 3.—Miss Elizabeth Burns, a 17-year old buttonhole opera- tor in the stitching room of the Thom- son & Crooker shoe factory, yesterday saved the life of Joseph Cheever, 15 years old, of 350 Summer street, by seizing his legs and holding them firm- ly as he was being drawn into the shafting of a rapidly revolving belt.

The girl's screams for help caused a panic among the 200 women operatives in the room, and their hysterical cries caused Edward Johnson to shut off the power.

Cheever was dragged from the shafting by Miss Burns and Miss Anna Mosan of 33 Flint street, in a partially unconscious condition with every fragment of clothing from the waist up torn off.

FOOTBALL RULES

SEVERAL CHANGES HAVE BEEN AGREED UPON

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Members of the football rules committee met again today to consider the readjustment of football rules to bring about a bal- ancing of the defense and offense of the game. It is understood that the committee has practically agreed up- on several changes and Walter Camp of Yale announced that today's session would be short. It is believed that the changes suggested by the National Collegiate Assn. at its meeting two months ago would be adopted. These changes were: To change the distance for downs from ten to eight yards out- side the 25-yard line and to five yards within that mark; to abolish the on- sidekick; to retain the forward pass but to make it possible to make a touchdown by it and to change the wording of several rules so that only one interpretation can be made of them.

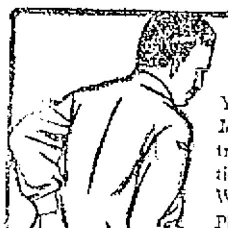
OPERA HOUSE BURNED

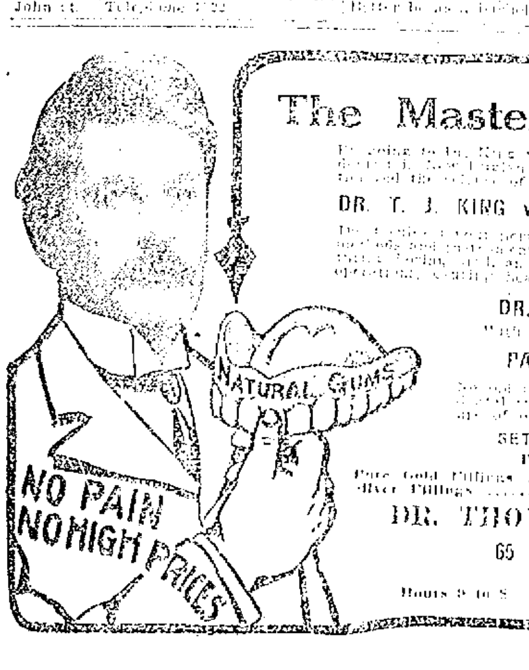
CRANFORD, N. J., Feb. 3.—Fire broke out early today in a building occupied by the local opera house and rapidly spread to adjoining buildings containing the postoffice and six stores. Before the flames were extinguished damage to the amount of $10,000 entailed.

LABORER FOUND $30,000

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—If "finders were keepers" an Italian laborer employed by the contractors who are clearing away the ruins of the Equitable building, would be taking a passage for "Sunny It" today. Un- fortunately for him the owners of the building are careful to see that the workmen give up whatever they find there.

Steel workers were cutting away the girders which buried one of the vaults when suddenly the laborer saw a roll of bills and as quickly grasped the money. He slid out of the crowd of workmen and was hurrying off when a detective snatched the roll from his hand. It contained exactly $30,000.





PATROLMAN D. W. LANE

Has Been in the Police Department 33 Years

Patrolman Daniel W. Lane, the second oldest member of the police department in point of service, has just rounded out his 33d year as a member of the department, and he is just as active today as when he joined the force. He is regarded by his superior officers as one of the most efficient men in the department.

Patrolman Lane was appointed a member of the police force in January, 1879, by Mayor J. A. G. Richardson and reported for duty on the first of February. His first assignment was to a beat in Centralville. At that time there was unlicensed license in this city and liquor saloons in Centralville were very numerous. In fact in one building in Bridge street, near the Centralville bridge, there were four licensed saloons.

The beats were very large and the hours the officers had to work were long. There was no police telegraph system, neither was there a patrol wagon in those days. When an arrest was made the officer had to lead the prisoner as best he could to the police station. It was anything but an enviable task to escort an intoxicated person to the Market street building. And especially was it hard to handle a person who wanted to fight from the time he was placed under arrest until he was landed in a cell.

While some persons refer to the olden days as happy days they were anything but happy ones for the overworked members of the police department.

Patrolman Lane has the proud distinction of being one of the three men who were appointed regular patrolmen without having to pass through a probationary period. The other two men were John Stevens, who was for a time a trustee of the public libraries in this city and John Fleming who is at the present time in the Soldiers' home.

The only member of the department at the present time who has been in the service longer than Patrolman Lane is Patrolman Alonzo Paige who does police work at city hall.

In 1884 when Capt. Michael E. McDonald of the city solicitor's office was city marshal Mr. Lane was appointed on them too, but after performing those duties for some time he preferred a regular beat and when he made the request to City Marshal Jacob Favor he was returned to one of the beats.

PATROLMAN LANE

He was on duty in Merrimack square for nine years, spent 15 years patrolling Belvidere and for the past five years has been on duty at Tower's corner and Central street. He covered various other routes in different parts of the city for shorter periods of time.

On various occasions he has been commended for his bravery and arrests he made. He succeeded in capturing a notorious harness thief a number of years ago. It is only a little over a year ago he captured Dogas Mucksian, who is now serving a life sentence in state prison. Mucksian shot and killed one man and wounded another on the postoffice steps a year ago last August.

In 1882 while Patrolman Lane was doing night duty in Centralville he was shot by a man named McEnaney, who afterwards made his escape from Lowell and never since has been heard from. The bullet shattered the index finger of his left hand but the injury did not prove to be dangerous. McEnaney was arrested the day before the shooting by Patrolman Lane and after leaving the court room informed several of his friends that he was going to kill the officer who arrested him. But the man with whom he talked did not think he was serious. McEnaney purchased a revolver and while Patrolman Lane was passing through Coburn street, McEnaney drew the revolver and fired at the officer, the bullet lodging in his finger.

Patrolman Lane for over 15 years was one of the inspectors of meat in this city and it was mainly through his vigilance that much bad meat and bob veal was seized and the proprietors of the stores where it was found prosecuted.

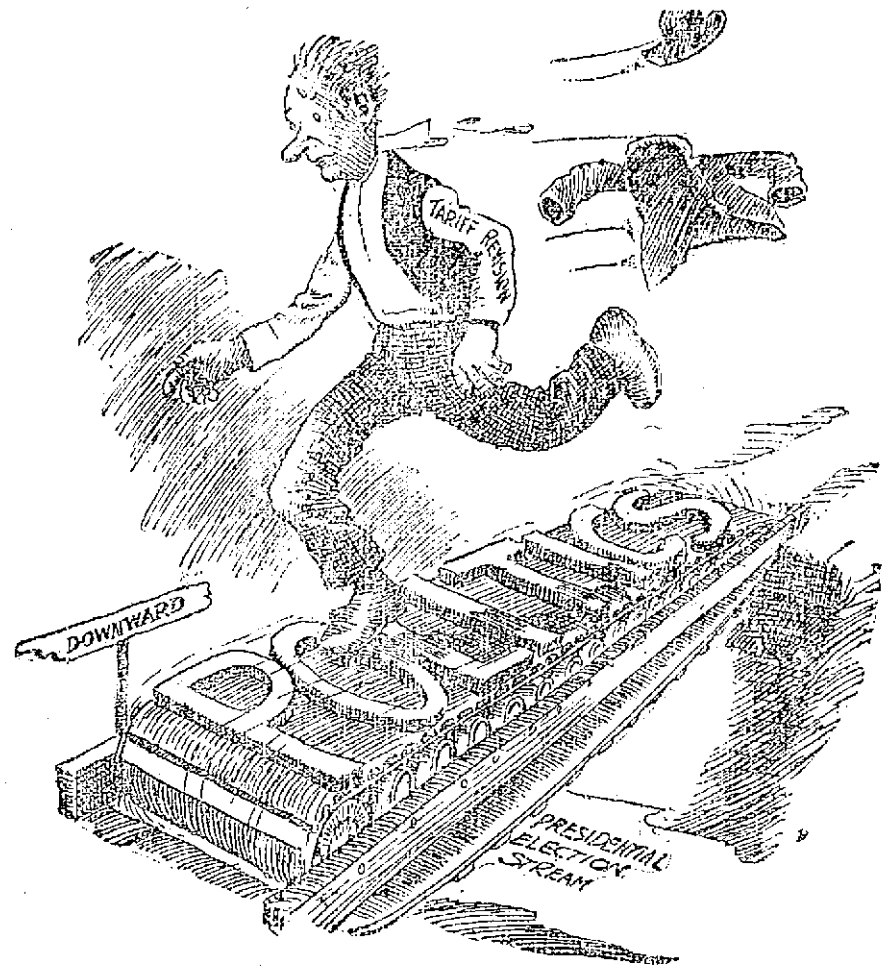
Mr. Lane well remembers the first night that he served as a patrolman. In company with an another patrolman, Thompson by name, he was patrolling in the vicinity of Coburn street when he heard a woman calling for the police and hollering "watch."

The officers hurried along Coburn street and succeeded in locating the house from which the cry for help had come out. The officers went around to the back of the house, and there, seated beside the window and peacefully smoking its pipe, was an honest woman who had just finished his supper after a hard day's work.

"What's the matter here?" asked Mr. Lane.

"Not a thing in the world," piped a woman who stood a little way back from where the man was sitting. Mr. Lane noticed that the woman was a bit under the influence of liquor and he asked why she had hollered "police, watch."

"I was just trying to give the old man a bit of a scare, and sure if you were wanted for anything serious you wouldn't be found. Now go along about your business and don't be making a fool of yourself," Mr. Lane said. There was nothing left for him to do but to obey orders and he walked away feeling that his last adventure as a police officer was a very large and very discouraging one, to say nothing of the ribbing that was in store for him.



NOT MAKING MUCH HEADWAY

MEAT PACKERS' TRIAL

Snyder Admits Margins May Have Been Obtained From Lowell

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—A telegram sent by Assistant Manager Kilp of the National Packing Co. to Manager Perkins of the Boston branch giving the average price to be asked for dressed meat in that market for the week of September 10, 1910, was introduced by Government Counsel James Sheehan in the packers' trial today. Joseph J. Riesch, former head of the distribution department for the G. H. Hammond Co. plant of the National Packing Co. identified the telegram as being in the same general form as those sent to the branch house managers at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other eastern cities each week.

The telegram follows:

"Chicago, Sept. 10, 1910.

"Perkins—Your beef for next week averages to cost $11.18 hundredweight.

"(Signed) Kilp."

Isador Snyder, assistant manager of the National Packing Co. in New England states with headquarters at Boston, was the next witness called by the government.

"Did you ever obtain margins from Lowell, Mass., sales made by another packing company than the National Packing Co.?"

"I may have at some time or other," replied Snyder.

"What companies did you get margins from?"

"From Swift & Co. and Morris & Co., but not regularly."

"From whom did you get the margins?"

"Mr. Hunnewell of Swift & Co. and Mr. Summerville of Morris & Co."

MORTALITY IN LOWELL

For the week ending Feb. 3, 1912: Population, 106,234; total deaths, 23; deaths under five, 3; infectious diseases, 2; acute lung diseases, 4; tuberculosis, 2. Death rate: 14.19 against 27.01 and 21.16 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported: Scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 2; measles, 8; tuberculosis, 2.

Board of Health.

FLOOR BURNED

An alarm from box 28 at 2.11 o'clock this afternoon summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in a house at 200 Cheever street belonging to A. Barthier. The fire started in the rear of a small store in one of the rooms of the building and before the blaze was extinguished a hole was burned through the flooring. It is thought that the blaze was caused by an overheated stove setting the wood afire.

PANAMA EXPOSITION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Taft today signed a proclamation inviting other nations to participate in the Panama-Pacific international exposition to celebrate the opening of the Panama canal at San Francisco in 1915.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THEY ARE TO WED

Couple Came from the Azores

Thou the far of Azores, those isles in the ocean,
Came fair Filomena and brave Man-u-el;
They met over there and courted quite freely—
The sequel to which is found here in Low—ell.

Among the recent marriage intentions recorded at the city clerk's office at city hall appear the names of Manuel Certeia and Filomena Espinola. Both are young and both were born in Graciosa, one of the Azores islands. They were "sweethearts" at home and came to America where Manuel says a man can earn enough to support a wife.

A little study of the book of marriage intentions at city hall discloses the fact that more than two-thirds of the intentions registered there are by foreigners and they come from all over the world. It is necessary when registering a marriage intention to include the birthplace of both parties to the contract and although the book is large, one can turn back over its pages and 2nd page after page where names of none but foreigners appear. They seem to be more industrious along the matrimonial line than are the natives.

SCARCITY OF HACKS

UNDERTAKERS HAD TO GET BUSY TODAY

The scarcity of hacks in this city was shown today, when a local undertaker was short several carriages at a funeral which took place this morning.

There are about 85 or 90 hacks in the city, and although this is a large number, it is not sufficient at times to response to all the calls. This was proven this morning when a local undertaker who wanted eight hacks for a funeral could not get a single one outside of his own which numbered three. This man telephoned to every livery stable in town and in fact about everywhere he thought a hack was available, but his efforts were fruitless, for all carriages were engaged for other funerals. However, he managed to conduct his funeral by using a number of old carriages which were not any too comfortable.

This is the second time this undertaker has got caught, for about 10 years ago he conducted a funeral which required 40 hacks, and the only way he managed to satisfy his people was by hiring twelve hacks from Nashua and ten from Lawrence at an expense of $10 for each carriage.

FUNERAL NOTICE

DOLEY—The funeral of Miss Rose Anna Doley will take place Monday morning from the home of her brother, 107 Hampson street, Dracut, at 8 o'clock. Funeral high mass at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.

BILL McKINNON

Got the Decision Over Kenneth Salisbury

The meeting of the Lowell Social and Athletic club in Matthew hall last evening was largely attended. The program given was one of the best presented. In the main bout Bill McKinnon of Boston appeared against Kenneth Salisbury of Somerville and the former carried off the honors. The bout was of 12 rounds and it went the entire distance.

The original card called for McKinnon and Foley, the Adams heavyweight, but the latter informed the management that he couldn't appear, and Bob Lafavor of Brockton was substituted. Lafavor didn't show up and in his place was substituted Kenneth Salisbury of Somerville, a heavyweight who has figured in many amateur tournaments and has met with much success. He was not in the best of condition last night, owing to the short notice he received, but nevertheless gave a very good exhibition. He had a weight advantage over the Boston boy and won favor with the crowd by his earnestness. The decision in favor of McKinnon was a good one and satisfied the members.

Billy Mulvey and Young Stone appeared in the semi-final and the bout was a good one. The former was not in the best of condition but gave a very clever exhibition. Stone was in good trim and his clever work met the approval of all. The contest was called a draw, both men being on their feet at the end of the bout. Young Walsh of Lowell defeated Young Kearns of this city in the first round, in the opening bout. This was a hummer while it lasted. Walsh showed much improvement over his former bouts and is coming along at a fast clip. For the past three weeks he has shown at the club and can always be depended upon to give a good exhibition. Billy Gardner acted as referee and as usual gave general satisfaction.

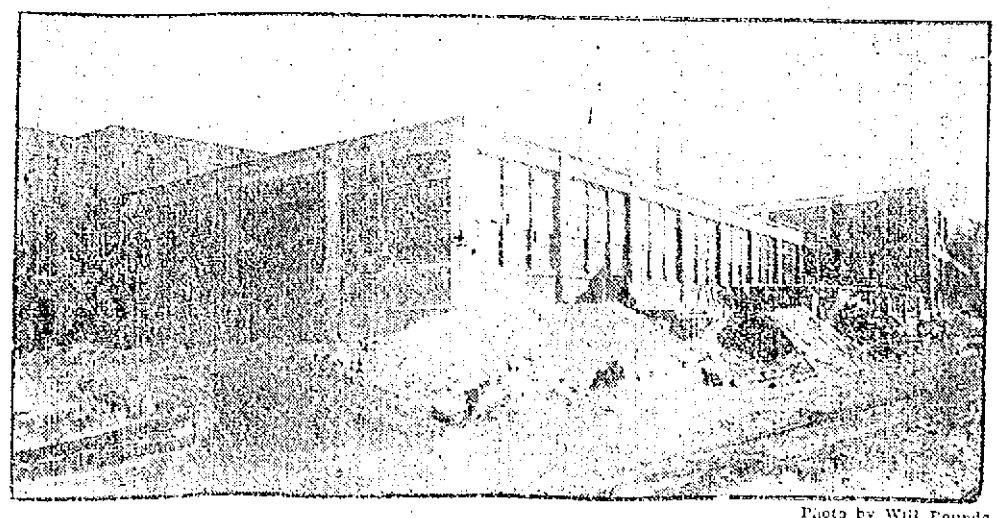


Photo by Will Rounds

THE NEW BEAM HOUSE OF AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO. IN PERRY STREET THAT IS NEARING COMPLETION

FOUR WERE KILLED

Continued

[illegible] was fastened [illegible] mortise lock. [illegible] door, which [illegible] away with [illegible].

Horror Scene in Tenement

The tenement [illegible] the door [illegible] into the [illegible] kitchen [illegible] into the two [illegible].

When [illegible] Mrs. [illegible].

[illegible] Mat. Petry [illegible] Pratt and [illegible] the street [illegible].

Capt. [illegible] police [illegible] until the [illegible].

As soon as [illegible] up, it was seen that there were two dead men and a [illegible] on the kitchen floor—Savia [illegible] unknown. In the [illegible] the bed and [illegible] lay Mrs. Annie Dennis. In the [illegible] unknown [illegible] sign of a struggle.

Until the [illegible] work it was [illegible] tell what wounds were [illegible].

Men who [illegible] sorts of experience [illegible] that they never had seen [illegible] slashed and [illegible].

Stab Wounds in Each Case

All four had been killed, it was found, by stab wounds and slashes at their throats. [illegible] the unidentified man had stripped [illegible] as shown by cuts on his hands [illegible] which he had thrust out at his assailant.

The empty bedroom, on the westerly side of the tenement, was upset. Apparently Mrs. Savia was wounded in this room, but was not killed. She was found in her night gown and stockings.

Blood prints along the wall of the tiny room and [illegible] to the kitchen showed where she had felt her way blindly out of her room and had gone across the kitchen to the table. There she had sat down by the table and leaned her head on her hands.

Finally, either from sheer weakness or because she was again attacked, she had fallen from her chair to the floor and died there.

Her husband lay on the floor of the kitchen, between the stove and a couch, on the westerly side of the room. The unknown man lay between Savia and his wife.

Man Fully Dressed

Mrs. Savia was the only one who had undressed. Her husband had on his trousers, which were held up by a belt. He wore a [illegible] undershirt and his shoes. The unidentified man was fully dressed except for his overcoat, which lay on the floor under him. Mrs. Dennis wore her undershirt, her skirts, shoes and stockings.

When it was possible to examine the bodies it was found that all of them had been slashed on the left sides of their throats and on their faces. They had been stabbed again and again.

It was a pointed, sharp-edge weapon that did the work, and it was used both to stab and to rip.

Joseph Savia had a cut which started on the left side of his chin, went slanting backward across his jawbone, plunged deep into his neck, crossed and severed the jugular vein, skipped a little and then ended on his shoulder. He was also stabbed in the back of the neck—a wound not more than half an inch in length, but so deep that it seemed to penetrate the spinal marrow.

The left side of his neck and right side of his face were laid open as if by a cleaver. Altogether he had more than 20 different wounds, none of them below his shoulders.

Stabbed Over and Over Again

Mrs. Savia was cut on the arms, her throat was cut [illegible] on the left side and she was stabbed.

The unidentified man was stabbed over and over again in the throat and a terrific cut had laid his side open.

In Savia's pockets there was not a single penny; only three or four keys and a pocket knife.

Across the passage from the Savia tenement lived a Hebrew family named Muskin. The father heard no noise last night, although the [illegible] the Savia tenement and [illegible] complained bitterly that there had been a screaming night [illegible] on in the Savia house all last night.

Miss Ida Muskin, 18 years old, was awakened during the night. She thought she heard a [illegible].

When she was [illegible] she heard moans and [illegible]. Then she heard a [illegible] somewhere in the building.

[illegible] between the Muskin and the Savia tenement. Miss Muskin [illegible] of her own kitchen window [illegible] the alley and saw a man [illegible] the alley.

Thursday [illegible] night [illegible] covered with snow [illegible]. She saw [illegible].

Miss Muskin [illegible] something [illegible].

[illegible] It was [illegible] in the morning.

Heard a Tremendous Racket

On the ground floor of the tenement house lived a family by the name of Bergen. The father [illegible] were both awakened by [illegible] and shrieking [illegible] went back to bed [illegible] the boy, about 14 years old, also looked out into the alley [illegible] had done.

Bergen said [illegible].

The other family [illegible] Belis. [illegible] strike meeting [illegible] home [illegible] to bed. They said they [illegible] whatever during the night.

Few people [illegible] tenement house last night [illegible] the four [illegible] one man. [illegible] possible. [illegible].

There had been [illegible] the tenement [illegible] again. [illegible]

[illegible] was [illegible] standing about [illegible] with the contents [illegible] a pint of whiskey, which [illegible]. There was no trace of any [illegible] that could have been used by the murderer or [illegible] to defend himself.

Unknown Received 25 Wounds

The [illegible] Evelyn [illegible] was stabbed [illegible] in bed, and [illegible] several [illegible] box.

[illegible] attacked [illegible].

[illegible] was [illegible] stabbed [illegible].

[illegible] that [illegible] party, or to [illegible]. Mrs. Savia eventually went to bed and Mrs. Dennis also went to her bedroom, though she did not [illegible] unknown was preparing to go.

They were in a little nest of light in a darkened house. Outside, under the moon, the city slept, soldiers on guard. Then something happened, something so terrible that it drove that fifth man to deeds that were nothing short of insane. He sprang upon one after another of those four people; this one had no time for even a cry, that one uttered a shriek that roused sleepers in the house. One after another he cut and slashed and stabbed.

He must have struck more than 100 blows with his knife. He must have worked swiftly or he would not have been able to slay four before a single one of them could burst out of the door or leap out of the window to escape him. He must have struck with almost superhuman strength, as the effects of his blows show.

And then—he must have calmed from the hot insanity to a coolness which carried him safely out of the house, which gave him the thought and craftiness to lock the door of the tenement from the outside, to carry away the keys and his weapon, alike and to pass the guards all about him to safety—for the present.

One wound, the stab in the back of the husband's neck, is regarded as significant. It is made by a slender double-edged blade and is the only wound of all the 100 or more which does indicate clearly the nature of the weapon which made them.

There are plenty of indications that all the killing was done by one man.

The police have called two men and one woman to headquarters; there have been no arrests, but these three are being questioned. The police are believed to be after one party, a man who has not yet been found.

There was $3 in Mrs. Savia's possession.

THE STATE POLICE

HAVE A CLEW ON WHICH THEY ARE WORKING

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—The state and local police who are investigating the murder of four persons whose bodies were found last night in a tenement house at 127 Valley street, near the heart of the city, obtained a probable clew this morning when they learned that Shese Marroon, one of the victims, had recently drawn about $700 from a local bank and had the money on his person when he went to the house in which the crime was committed. The police in their search of the man's clothing and the premises did not find any money. It was also reported that the slayer of the four persons may have been a former lover of one of those killed, Mrs. Annie Dennis, but nothing definite had been ascertained by the police early this forenoon. A member of the police went to Providence today to see a brother of Marroon in the belief that he might know something of value.

The body of one of the victims of the tragedy was not identified until early today when Rev. Fr. Bastany, pastor of the local Syrian church, after viewing the remains at the morgue said that the fourth person was Shese Marroon, aged about 25, of 290 Oak street. It was believed that Marroon met his death while attempting to prevent the murder of the other occupants of the tenement.

State and other detectives divided their attention today between the strike and the quadruple murder. The military patrol of Valley street, near the vicinity of the house where the crime was committed, was continued today.

In their investigations today the police at work on the case had to guide them in running down the quadruple murder besides the theory that a former lover of Mrs. Annie Dennis might have been responsible, the fact of Marroon's having drawn $700 from the bank Thursday, which with other money that may have been in the house is missing, and the story of Miss Ida Muskin, who lives in a tenement across the passage from that of two of the victims, Mr. and Mrs. John Savia, in which the murder was committed.

Miss Muskin's story of being awakened early yesterday morning by cries and moans in the Savia apartments, of hearing some one run down stairs shortly after and the description she gives of the man whom she saw leaving the house when she looked out of her kitchen window might agree with either of the two prime suppositions upon which the police are working.

Marroon was not seen after drawing the money from the bank Thursday morning until his body was found last night. It is supposed that he ended up a spree with a visit to the Savia house and that the four persons who later met their death had been drinking freely. The bottle of Syrian whiskey was found in the room. It may be that the murderer was a fifth person present. That the murderer robbed Marroon of his money was indicated to the police by the discovery in one of Marroon's trousers pockets of bloody finger-marks.

The weapon with which the murders were accomplished in such a shocking manner has not been found. It is believed to have been a knife with a long thin blade and a [illegible] point. While the bodies were covered with wounds nearly all the slashes were in vital places, indicating that the murderer had some knowledge of anatomy. The [illegible] of the bodies, particularly that of Mrs. Dennis, were badly stabbed [illegible] the knife [illegible] used to pick the locks.

LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

REV. F. M. CROUCH

NEW YORK MINISTER INTERESTED IN LAWRENCE STRIKE

LAWRENCE, Feb. [illegible] Among [illegible] New [illegible] With [illegible] strikers [illegible] Several pastors [illegible] with a view of [illegible] and [illegible]

[illegible]

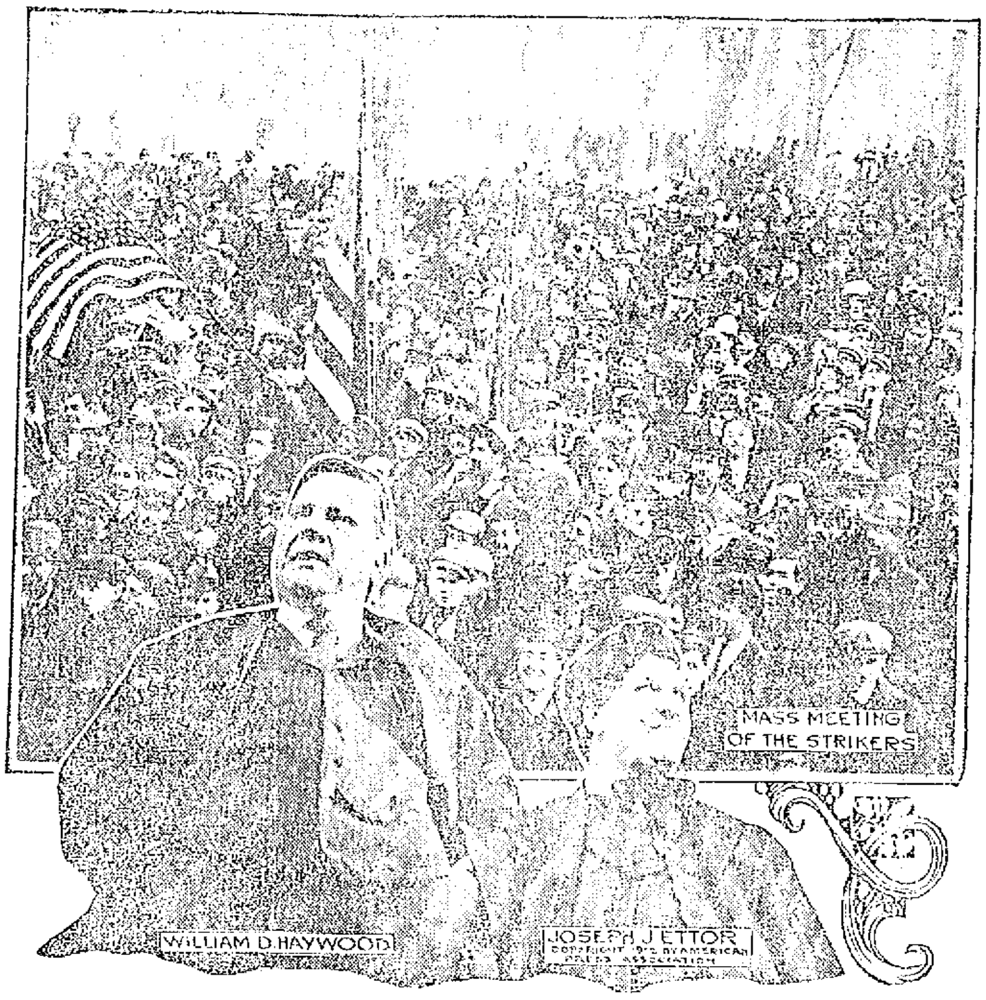
TEXTILE WORKERS

EXPRESS POSITION IN RELATION TO LAWRENCE STRIKE

[illegible] Workers of America [illegible] Workers of the World [illegible]

[illegible] strikers [illegible] also actively engaged today in [illegible] the death of [illegible] the mill hand whose [illegible] of the two [illegible].

[illegible] today [illegible] wage [illegible] operatives was reported [illegible] It was [illegible] many [illegible] until Monday [illegible] in view of the [illegible] the militia [illegible] to be [illegible] Industrial [illegible] continued [illegible] food and supplies were distributed at [illegible] commissaries and soup kitchens.



MASS MEETING OF THE STRIKERS

WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD

JOSEPH J. ETTOR

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upon this point the objection of the strikers to the intervention of any third parties in the dispute were found to be as strong as ever.

"A direct meeting," one of the strike committee said, "between the mill owners and their men is the only thing we will accept."

The following questions were put by the two delegates of the social service committee and answered by Mr. Yates or another of the committee.

"Is the demand of a 15 per cent raise all round based upon a contention that the workers are now actually underpaid to that extent?"

"No, but it is the first attempt to lift wages generally to a living standard."

"What, in your opinion, is a fair living wage for a family of father, mother and say, five young children?"

"Twenty to $25. [illegible] calculations are based not on what money is paid, but on how much it buys today."

"Can you give an instance where as little as $6 or $7 was the sole support of a family of this size?"

"A family in Andover, the head of which is employed in the [illegible] room of one of the mills, has been living on $6.75 for the last two years. The father is an intelligent Englishman, who has been in the states six years.

On full time his wages would have been $9, but full time has not been worked in his department for two years. There were four young children, one of whom has lately died."

"What was the cause of death?"

"Malnutrition."

"On how little do you consider a family of five could live in Lawrence, preserve their health and provide for unavoidable sickness?"

Mr. Yates replied by quoting Frank [illegible] figures for New York, of $15 a week, and said that $2 should be deducted to allow for the smaller cost of living in the textile towns.

"To what is short time mainly due?"

"To overstocking and tariff uncertainty. The mills are carried on without regard to the welfare of the workers. In the Wood mill's nothing is thought of starting down 1000 out of 1500 looms suddenly."

"Was there an honest expectation that wages would not be reduced by the 54-hour law?"

"Yes, especially among the foreigners. This has been the case before when hours were shortened."

"What is the sentiment among the people here as to [illegible]?"

"Indignation. [illegible] deliberate move to break the back of the strike."

In answer to a further inquiry the committee said [illegible] was absolutely no prospect for a settlement based on a previous return to work. They declared that the strikers had no confidence in any promises made by the mills, and that more [illegible] actually being [illegible]

and endorsed today in the following statement by the executive committee:

"The executive committee of the United Textile Workers of America, at its session last night, discussed at length the situation at Lawrence and the action of President John Golden in exposing the standing of the Industrial Workers of the World and its attempt under the mask of industrial unionism to carry its propaganda of social revolution and armed coercion was approved.

"The committee endorsed the action of the Central labor union of Lawrence and the Co-operative Women's Trade union of Boston in establishing relief stations for the support of the textile workers not in alliance with the Industrial Workers of the World.

"The committee asks cooperation with the work of these two organizations by legitimate trade unions that any assistance may be directed toward the proper channels of relief."

ETTOR'S COUNSEL

FAILED TO HAVE NOTICE OF HABEAS CORPUS HEARING SERVED

BOSTON, Feb. [illegible]—Failure of counsel for Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, in jail at Lawrence on charges of being accessories to the murder of Anna Lopizzo, to have the notice of the habeas corpus hearing served on the jailer at Lawrence resulted in the hearing being postponed by the supreme court today until 2 p. m. on Tuesday next.

A number of strike leaders left the court expressing disappointment over the delay.

When the matter of a hearing on the petition for habeas corpus [illegible] came before Judge [illegible] action [illegible] today [illegible] visions for [illegible] at Lawrence [illegible]. A court official [illegible] to the attorney general [illegible] house and [illegible] counsel for [illegible] the jailer [illegible] Roewer appeared [illegible] District Attorney Atwill [illegible] county [illegible] state. Judge [illegible] notice [illegible] Mr. Roewer [illegible] gotten it. [illegible] ordered [illegible] and [illegible] possible for [illegible] Tuesday afternoon.

The counsel [illegible] witnesses [illegible].

As soon as court adjourned [illegible] Ettor's [illegible] strikers [illegible] Lawrence [illegible] to the state house and [illegible] of five strikers [illegible] appointed [illegible] night to see Governor Foss [illegible] to Ettor's release.

The [illegible] was to [illegible] members of the state police [illegible] there were [illegible] of all except the five members of the committee.

It was after [illegible] o'clock when the [illegible] was some delay while the governor transacted [illegible] business.

MANY OPERATIVES

WILL NOT WAIT UNTIL MONDAY BEFORE RESUMING WORK

LAWRENCE, [illegible] the strike [illegible] in the [illegible] judicial [illegible] Arturo Gio[illegible] jail, on [illegible] with [illegible]

A considerable number of strikers went to Boston to visit Gov. Foss at the state house and protest against the arrest of their two leaders.

CAVALRY CHARGE

DISPERSED THE STRIKERS IN LAWRENCE

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Street fighting in the big textile strike here was resumed yesterday afternoon.

Several hundred strikers, gathered near the Washington mills, were dispersed by squads which came charging down upon them at a gallop after the few soldiers who had been posted as guard found themselves in a critical position.

No one was seriously hurt, but the incident served to freshen the vigilance of the military officials who had withdrawn many of the guards as a result of the apparent quiet.

Urge Peace Tactics

The strike leaders are [illegible] upon [illegible] disturbances by the strikers. They are concentrating their efforts toward the liberation of Ettor and Giovannitti, the search for evidence showing that the contract labor laws have been violated by the mill representatives, and a full expose of the dynamite "plant."

The position of the strikers has been strengthened materially by the action of the socialist party, which is aiding the cause of the Textile Workers, not only by contributions of money, but by sending its leaders [illegible] carry on the struggle.

One of the most prominent of these is S. A. Stodel of Brooklyn, well known both as an editor and as an investigator of social conditions. For the last [illegible] days he has been conferring with the strike committee, assuring its members of socialist support and arranging for an investigation of alleged violations by mill owners of the alien contract labor law.

Get Sworn Depositions

Mr. Stodel proposes to show that thousands of foreigners have been brought to Lawrence to work in the mills under conditions prohibited by the immigration statutes. Already he has appointed two committees, which are getting sworn depositions to be presented to the proper authorities in support of his assertions.

[illegible] Mr. Stodel will [illegible] Inspector Gerber and present to him such evidence as he already [illegible].

In addition to this investigation in Lawrence, Mr. Stodel is planning to [illegible] a free speech campaign in Manchester, N. H., where a strike [illegible] speaker was arrested Tuesday night for urging a walkout. Such procedure has been followed by I. W. W. organizations in the west. It consists of a systematic effort on the part of the strikers to fill up the jails in a town where free speech is denied by insisting on public speeches until the prisons will hold no more, as the result of the many arrests.

If Manchester is made the object of such an attack, it is expected that hundreds of I. W. W. members from over the entire country will flock to that city.

[illegible] strikers who had gathered outside the mill gates at 5 o'clock to [illegible] the working operatives leave, got beyond the control of infantrymen, and a message was sent for the cavalry. [illegible] troop charged down from [illegible] street, scattering the strikers. [illegible] are patrolled for more than an [illegible] the workers to go home [illegible].

[illegible] to mill agents, the number [illegible] at work is [illegible]. It is reported that [illegible] are willing to treat with their own employes and will give them an increase if they return to work peacefully.

Protest Against Harvard

Morrison I. Swift of Boston, who is investigating conditions here, has prepared a protest against allowing Harvard students to serve as militiamen, and at a strikers' meeting in Needham hall yesterday afternoon it was indorsed unanimously. It reads:

"President A. Lawrence Lowell and the Harvard Board of Overseers:

"Gentlemen—Sixteen Harvard students have gone out as soldiers against the Lawrence strikers. Nothing could be done that would intensify class hatred more than this. For permitting it the Harvard authorities are, of course, responsible. In view of the grave public effect of such an act it is not improper to ask several questions.

"Do you, President Lowell, or any member of the board of overseers, or of the Harvard faculty, own stock in any of the mills which the students are assisting to protect from the necessity of paying living wages?

"Are Harvard university funds invested in any of these mills?

"If so, would it not be well for Harvard to send a committee to investigate Lawrence conditions and to ascertain whether a man or institution can receive money by degrading the working people who earn it for him and still be morally clean?

"And is it not desirable for Harvard to consider whether it will promote social harmony and the higher purposes of education to permit students to serve in the militia when one of the leading functions of the militia is to shoot workingmen who make trouble because they are not given enough pay to provide bread for their children.

"Morrison I. Swift."

CALL ON GOVERNOR

REPRESENTATIVES OF STRIKERS PRESENT THEIR CASE

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The committee of the Lawrence strikers which appeared before the governor today consisted of Gilbert Smith, Samuel Lipshitz, Archibald Adamson, Louis Riches and Miss Harriet Hannan. Leone Mucci, as the counsel and Mr. Smith, who was the chairman of the committee, made the following statement to the governor:

"Previous to the strike, at a regular meeting of local 20, I. W. W., held on January 3rd, a committee of two was appointed to interview the mill owners as to what pay we were to receive under the 54 hour law, which had just gone into effect. At the Ayer mill a committee was ordered out, under threat of being thrown down the steps. At the Wood mill they were refused an interview and at the Washington mill they were referred to the Boston office.

"The committee returned and a letter was drawn up and typewritten and sent to President Wood of the American Woolen company by special delivery. No answer was received nor was any received to a second letter sent on Jan. 10th, three days before pay day.

"During this time meetings of employes of different nationalities were being held and while local 20 was holding its meeting on January 10th a telephone message was received asking what action we intended to take as the different nationalities had voted to strike. We replied that we should take no action until we found out how all the employes stood.

"We left the mills at 10 a. m. on January 12th and two hours later a committee visited the homes of the strikers and called a meeting for 2 p. m. Just as the meeting was about to be held copies of a Boston paper appeared on the streets announcing that threats had been made to dynamite the mills. This was before the strike was four hours old. We drew up a protest against the publication of any such article and denounced it.

"We sent a telegram to Joseph J. Ettor in New York, the organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, asking him to come to Lawrence, but he refused until he was officially requested to appear. We realized that it would be difficult to organize because of the hardship put upon us through the publication of the dynamite story.

"We were not surprised, therefore, when the dynamite was found 'planted' by the mill owners and when Ettor was arrested, yet on the day before Ettor's arrest Mayor Scanlon was quoted as saying that it would be a good thing if he was arrested and that Haywood should also be taken into custody.

"So you see from the beginning all the forces of society, the police, militia and the city authorities have been working against us and have been doing all they can to suppress the strikers and prevent them from receiving a fair show."

Just before their interview with the governor, the committee was asked what it expected to accomplish.

"We came here," was the reply, "to lay our grievances before the governor; to show him that all the forces of society are arrayed against us and to see if we could not find in him one friend."

The conference between the governor and the strikers' committee broke up shortly after noon. The committee came out of the governor's room with expressionless faces and the only remark of Mr. Smith was that the governor had taken the matter under advisement. It was intimated at the state house that the governor might issue some statement later in the day.

Members of the committee said that they expected to return immediately to Lawrence.

CAUSED BY GERM

Important Discovery Relative to Pneumonia

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Rockefeller Institute announced yesterday that it had succeeded at last in producing pneumonia experimentally—thereby proving, so the experts of the institute say, that pneumonia is caused by a germ, the pneumococcus. While that has long been a theory there has not been direct proof of it until now.

The institute experiments, made by Dr. R. V. Lamar and Dr. S. J. Meltzer of the Rockefeller laboratories, are described in the Journal of Experimental Medicine, out yesterday.

All the experiments were made upon dogs. The method consisted in injecting pure cultures of the organisms taken from human patients into the lungs of the dogs. Forty-eight animals were used. In 42 of the animals pneumonia was produced by the pneumococcus injections. Ten of the dogs died, 34 were killed within from one to twelve days, and four several weeks after the injection.

"The fatal cases," say the experimenters, "resembled closely lobar pneumonia in man. In the non-fatal cases the pathological and bacteriological findings were again in accord with the findings in man. Clinically, however, the cases of non-fatal experimental pneumonia ran a milder and shorter course than in man."

The dog's lungs were clogged just like pneumonia-stricken human lungs. The symptoms and autopsy findings were identical with those of human pneumonia.

FIRE IN EVERETT

BOSTON FIRE BOAT EXTINGUISHED THE BLAZE

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Fire which started in a tar still in the plant of the Barrett Manufacturing company at the foot of Mill street, South Everett, yesterday, brought out the whole of the Everett fire department and fireboat engine 31 of Boston to fight the flames which damaged the plant to an extent of $1000.

The firemen were handicapped by frozen hydrants and low pressure and in order to prevent the flames making headway to the waterfront and spreading to the extensive plant of the New England Gas & Coke company adjoining the tar works help was asked from Boston and the fire boat was sent.

The building on fire contained 12 stills used in refining tar. Explosions of hot tar shot flames high in the air and drew a large crowd to the scene of the fire.

Powerful streams from the fire boat brought the fire under control after an hour and a half of work.

UNKNOWN STEAMER

Is on Fire Near Bodies Island

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—A wireless despatch from the steamer Texas today reports an unknown steamer on fire twenty miles northeast of Bodies island off the Virginia coast.

The revenue cutter Onondaga in response to wireless appeals for aid was hastening to the burning vessel. The Texas passed the burning craft at 10 a. m. An unknown vessel was standing by.

SIXTEEN KILLED

By the Explosion of a Bomb

TABRIZ, Feb. 3.—A Russian officer and 15 men belonging to the Russian guard stationed here were killed today and seven persons were wounded by the explosion of a shell which a Persian citizen was delivering at the citadel, in pursuance with the recent order that the inhabitants of the city were to surrender all arms and ammunition in their possession.

5,000 TROOPS

TO CONCENTRATE AT BELFAST ON FEBRUARY 3

BELFAST, Ire., Feb. 3.—The lord mayor of this city has sent a resolution to the park commission for accommodation for 5000 troops who are to concentrate here on Feb. 8, the day of the Home Rule demonstration at which Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, and John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, are to speak.

BILL ABOLISHES PENSION AGENCIES

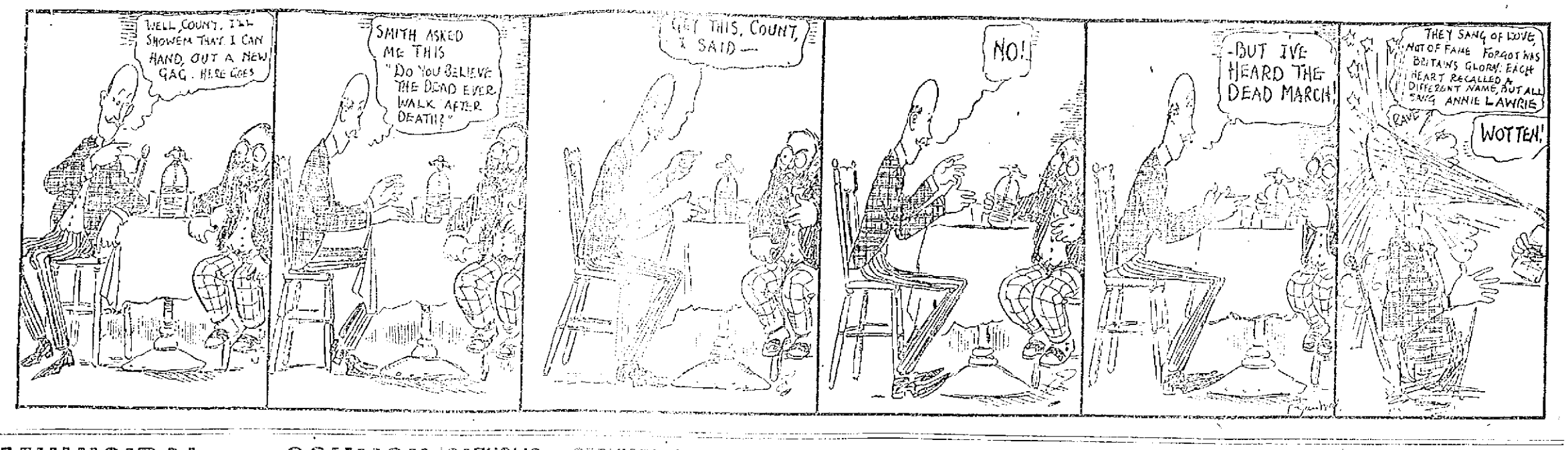
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—With the passage of the pension appropriation bill by the house yesterday, the question of abolishing the pension agencies in 17 cities goes to the senate. The bill carries about $152,000,000.

Provision for abolishing the pension agencies has been included in the annual bill several times, but has always been struck out before final passage.

PHYSICIAN KILLED

CUERNAVACA, Mexico, Feb. 3.—The Zapatistas fired on a White Cross automobile here yesterday, killing one physician and wounding another in the car. The automobile belonged to President Madero and had been lent to the White Cross society.

MR. I. L. SHOWEM SPRINGS A GAG ON THE COUNT



MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Will Meet Monday Afternoon to Consider Department Estimates

All of the city departments have their estimates ready for the committee on appropriations and the council, which includes the mayor, members of the city council will meet Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock to take a peek at the estimates. The work of cutting estimates and cutting in the right place is more or less difficult and in view of the fact that the men who will pass upon the estimates are the men who made them and the men responsible for their greater interest will be added.

The phenomena of this year's committee is understood that those municipals are to be pulled and big alterations are looked for.

Heretofore the appropriations committee was made up of aldermen and councilmen and their way of doing it was to summon the heads of departments to appear for the purpose of answering questions and to show why their estimates should not be reduced. The work of this joint committee was not always satisfactory for it sometimes happened that there were members on the committee who wanted to be for some days absent, perhaps on account of courting work for their friends.

The ordinance relating to appropriations, and we take it that the ordinance has not been changed, requires the appropriations committee to report not later than Feb. 15, but committees of longer years, as a rule, did not report their reports on that. While it was generally expected that a committee should be able to get through its work in three or four meetings it often happens that a dozen or more meetings were held.

Committees on appropriations in former years were wont to make long introductions to their reports. It is understood that the present municipal council will present the bare figures and dispense with the introductions.

Collection of Taxes

There has been some criticism, it appears, of the action of the commissioner of finance in making extensive collections of back taxes and speaking of the matter today Mr. Donnelly, the commissioner of finance, called the writer's attention to section 5, chapter 59 of the acts of 1909. The section shows that this section answers the critics. It reads as follows:

"The collector is authorized to collect any tax upon personal property, or any portion of said tax, committed to him for the year of his predecessor in office for collection, cannot be collected by reason of the death, absence, poverty, insolvency, bankruptcy or other inability of the person assessed to pay, he shall return the same to the city in writing, under oath, stating the reason why such tax cannot be collected. The assessors, after due notice to pay, may abate such tax or any part thereof, and shall certify such abatement in writing to the collector, and such certificates shall discharge the collector from further collection of such tax so abated. But no poll tax shall be abated, nor the provisions of this section, within the collector's year in which it is assessed."

Bids Called For

Purchasing Agent Edwards will, in a few days, call for bids on a car of coal for the health department and about 200 reams of paper for city departments. Mr. Edwards purchased a car of coal for the street department a few days ago and got in the lowest bid, it is said, from 30 to 40 cents a ton. The purchase price was 20 cents a bushel and the price quoted today is 65 cents a bushel. There were about 1,000 bushels in the car. The contract for 500 yards of drilling, 500 yards of crash, 500 yards of sheeting, and 500 yards of dickens for the Thelmsford Street hospital, was awarded the Bon Marche Co.

Smallpox Suspect

The board of health is pretty well satisfied that the woman who was believed to have smallpox and for whom the pesthouse in Chelmsford street was made ready, had chickenpox, not smallpox. The woman and her family are quarantined in her home in Little Canada and the other cases have recovered since. The pesthouse, however, will be kept in readiness in case of an emergency call.

Plans for Sun Building

The plans for the ten-story building to be known as The Sun building, Merrimack square, were filed in the office of the inspector of buildings this forenoon. The building will be of steel, concrete and brick. A detailed description of the building has already appeared in the papers.

CATHOLIC SERVICES

Feast of St. Blase Observed Today

[illegible]

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Man Gets Four Months for Larceny

[illegible] St. Louis pleaded guilty to a [illegible] charge him with larceny [illegible] Judge Pelman [illegible] morning. After hearing the evidence of [illegible] guilty sentence of four months in jail was imposed.

[illegible] was employed by Harold [illegible] Street in Dracut, last March [illegible] the third of that month he [illegible] with him were a pair [illegible] and a number of [illegible] of clothing. The matter was reported to the police but it appears that St. Louis has been able to keep under cover almost a year for it was only last night he was arrested.

Case Dismissed

The case of Nicholas P. Vasotte, charged with assault and battery on Mary Duggan was dismissed owing to the failure of the complainant to put in an appearance. The girl claimed that Vasotte assaulted her in a back street near the railroad crossing a week or more ago, but when the case was called during the early part of the week the government started out that the girl said she was going to New York and would not appear in court. The case was then continued until this morning and when the girl failed to put in an appearance the case was dismissed.

Drunken Offenders

[illegible] Mullen, charged with being drunk, was sentenced to two months in jail. James Cortland was sent to the state farm. Louis C. Gagnon and Thomas Sullivan were fined $6 each and two simple drunks were released.

METCALF'S WILL

To be Contested by His Nieces

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Declaring that the late Charles George P. Metcalf of South Braintree, a former treasurer of [illegible] and well known business man, had been unduly influenced by his housekeeper, Ella F. Lancaster, to alter his will, the bulk of his estate, she was of unsound mind when he made the will, his two nieces, Misses [illegible] S. and Elizabeth H. Metcalf, [illegible] of Elm street, Worcester, have filed papers at the probate court office in Cambridge, announcing their intention of contesting the document.

In his will Mr. Metcalf cut off all his relatives but one and gave his entire estate to his housekeeper, with the exception of a few private bequests to servants in his household.

The estimate of the estate is given at $[illegible], of which $30,000 is in personal property. The private bequests were $2,000 to Miss Anna Louise Johnson, $1,000 to Miss Marie Rude, servants in his house on Lexington street, South Braintree. The only relative he remembered was a cousin, Gordon Clarke, to whom he gave $1000.

[illegible] that the remainder of the estate, by designating a certain sum to be equally given to his housekeeper, Mrs. Ella Lancaster, and in the event of her not making a will, [illegible] for her sister, Mrs. Catherine Gallian.

Mr. Metcalf, his nieces, returned from the Philippines about a year ago, after having there five years [illegible] the welfare of the islands.

MEXICAN TROUBLES

Are Still Rife Near the Texan Border

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 3.—[illegible]

MATRIMONIAL

[illegible] Grady and Miss [illegible] were married at Lawrence Wednesday afternoon by Rev. George F. [illegible] at his residence, 299 Lake [illegible]

FIRE NAVY YARD

[illegible]

PRAYER INTERRUPTED

[illegible] Feb. 3.—During a prayer meeting [illegible] was participating [illegible] today. The storm [illegible] northwest a [illegible] suffered [illegible]

WANTS PROPERTY

Boston Lawyer Brings Suit Against Partners

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Timothy W. Coakley of this city has brought suit against his wife and the partners, Daniel H. Coakley and Roland H. Sherman, in both of which he charges that property rightfully his is being wrongfully withheld.

Judge Pierce has set as the time for the preliminary hearing involving the granting of a temporary injunction, against the parties mentioned, next Wednesday in the equity session.

In his bill of complaint Mr. Coakley alleges that during his stay in Los Angeles he decided, while mentally irresponsible, real estate to the value of $3,000 and after Mrs. Coakley secured the deed she returned to her father's home in Boston.

Mr. Coakley says in his bill of complaint that his condition of mental irresponsibility was caused by astigmatism and hyperopia, but that, through wearing proper glasses, he became "entirely rational and sane."

In the bill of complaint against his brother, Daniel H. Coakley, his wife, Elizabeth J. Coakley, Roland H. Sherman and John Sullivan, he alleges that he had an unwritten agreement with his law partners as to the profits of the firm.

He then goes on to tell of the length of his practice of law and that of his partners and says that no division or adjustment of profits has ever been made.

Later in the document of complaint he mentions a certain piece of real estate, located in Buzzard's Bay, valued at $2,000, which he claims his wife, joining with Daniel H. Coakley, gave him power of attorney to dispose of.

He then describes a certain mortgage that was placed upon the property for the purpose of procuring $600 from Sullivan to be forwarded to Coakley, that the mortgage was not recorded, and that the $600 was forwarded to the plaintiff on account of moneys due the plaintiff from the defendant.

Then Mr. Coakley says that he telegraphed his brother to record the deed to protect him, but that there was deceit on Sullivan's under claim deed of the Buzzard's Bay property.

Mr. Coakley asks for a number of things, including the dissolution of the partnership, that his brother be made to pay him what is due on the partnership, and that Sullivan shall be ordered to convey to him the real estate in question.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Wannalancit Lodge, Knights of Pythias, was held last night. There was a large attendance of members and much routine business was transacted. Word was received that the grand officers will hold a convention with Wannalancit lodge on Friday, April 26. The entertainment committee will hold a series of whist parties beginning next Friday evening. The committee on uniforms reported, and turned a good sum into the treasury. The relief committee reported Brothers Dr. Finkleton, Taylor, Courser and Farnes, who are on the sick list, in about the same condition. The rank staff was entertained and held a drill after the meeting.

Electrical Workers

The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers held its regular meeting of the journeymen in Runels building last night, outside of the regular business, the local appointed a committee to make arrangements for the first anniversary to be held on Feb. 23. An appeal for financial aid was received from the Lawrence strike committee and a contribution was voted. Grandgeorge.

THE MONTAUKS

HELD ENJOYABLE DANCING PARTY LAST EVENING

The second social dancing party of the Montauks was held in Associate Hall last evening and proved a successful entertainment. This organization is composed of popular Belvidere young men, who in the summer have been in social camp on the banks of Lake Pearl. At their camp they have entertained many friends and that their hospitality was appreciated was demonstrated last evening, about 200 people attending the party. The affair opened at about o'clock with an excellent concert by Gilmore's orchestra. At 8:30 dancing was started and continued until 11:30 when a short intermission was held. Dancing was resumed and continued till midnight. During the dancing many beautiful numbers were rendered, including the Montauks' specialty and the Loop the Loop dance. Both were very enjoyable, not only to the participants, but to those who viewed the dancers from the gallery. The souvenir dance order was by the children of a very pretty design. On the cover was the embossed head of a girl, which formed an interrogation point.

Those responsible for the success of the affair were: General manager, Walter F. Donahue; assistant general manager, William L. Hollowood; floor director, Herbert Kelley; assistant floor director, Charles Gorman; chief aid, Isidore Radcot; aids, Michael J. Kelley, James Graham, John Graham, Walter Mullin; treasurer, Daniel Bourke.

HAS TWO HEADS

DOCTOR THINKS CAMBRIDGE BABY WILL LIVE

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The embryological department of the Harvard Medical school is greatly interested in the birth of a baby with two distinct heads, to Mrs. William Sargent of 4 Harvard place, Cambridge.

The baby was born Thursday. So far both mother and child are doing well. Dr. Thomas H. Heaton, who attended the mother and child, believes that the baby will live.

Both heads are well formed, although the normal head has better defined features than the extra one. They face in opposite directions, the extra head facing backward, back to back with the normal one.

The hair on the extra head is already grown and is very fine, like mine, but covers part of the features. The heads are on the one neck, although the extra head is lower toward the shoulders than the normal one.

Except for the two heads, the baby is normal and well developed, and not as deformity or such unusual children usually are.

Mr. and Mrs. Sargent have had four other children, two of them boys. The other children have been normal healthy and in no way remarkable.

NAVIGATION SUSPENDED

[illegible] Feb. 3.—For the second time this winter navigation on the canal between Kingston and Pembroke has been suspended because of [illegible] Steamers [illegible] that now [illegible] will be brought [illegible] the canal for a number of days.

REPORT OF DEATHS

With Causes Assigned for Past Week

The report of deaths for the week ending February 2, 1912, with causes as furnished to the board of health, follows:

Jan. 26—Louis Howard, 6, cerebro meningitis.
Carl A. Clark, 5, disease of heart.
Mary M. Knight, 50, obst. of bile duct.
27—Elizabeth Rogers, 71, cer. hem.
Florence Howard, 28, diabetes.
Vincenzo Lanotte, 12, cancer.
Carl M. Hoch, 36, pneumonia.
Anna Wanka, 3 mos. bronchitis.
28—John F. Thiessen, 72, pneumonia.
Catherine N. Sheehan, 56, heart disease.
29—Anthony Grow, 6 days, prem. birth.
30—Hera [illegible], 60, abscess.
Maria A. McGregor, 65, uraemia.
Mary E. Ryan, 60, pneumonia.
Philomene Plante, 58, ch. bronchitis.
Joseph Ayotte, 11, bronchitis.
Maria Gouliou, 23, peritonitis.
Alfred Gordon, 16, pulm. tuber.
Delia Conn, 3 mos. convulsions.
Anthony Avilio, 2 mos. bro. pneumonia.
31—Sabra Tarbette, 69, heart disease.
Betsy A. Haley, 82, disease of heart.
Arthur Souza, 2 mos. cap. bronchitis.
Mary E. Dooley, 1 day, patent ovale.
Feb. 1—Stanislaw Zarnoskowski, 1, burns.
Barbara Jedrzew, 21 days, patent ovale.
Annie White, 52, pulm. tuber.
Joseph T. Chevalier, 1 days, cong. debility.
Henry P. Woodworth, 11, cardiac dilatation.
Stephen Flynn, City Clerk.

FORTUNE FOUND

IN AN OLD SHACK IN WILMINGTON, DEL.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 3.—Wilmington firemen were so excited when they found several thousand dollars in a frame shack yesterday that they temporarily stopped fighting a blaze. Fire started in the stable of George Alder. Next door was the shed owned by William Aster, and the firemen entered the shack with a hose. Suddenly they came across several old stockings tied in rags and containing coins of all kinds.

Chief Moran took the money to Aster, who claimed ownership. He grasped the treasure, which exceeded $1000, and then told the firemen there was an old trunk in the shanty containing a lot more, just how much he refused to say. Aster declared the money was safer in the shed than in a bank.

After the firemen had recovered all the money they returned to the stable to fight the fire there.

MONTE CROSS SIGNS

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—Monte Cross, formerly shortstop of the Philadelphia Americans, has signed with the St. Louis Americans as a scout.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1911 was

15,442

[illegible] JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

[illegible]

The city of Manchester will take kindly to the socialistic proposition to start a national dockyard for the benefit of those who want to go back to work if the trades would only let them. The time has arrived when public discussion should be counted the freedom accorded them at the past.

THE IRISH HOME RULE BILL

The outline of the Irish home rule bill for Ireland as given out by a London paper is probably [illegible] the measure will be vastly superior to the Gladstone bill. The Irish government is to have control of canals and excise and will contribute a sum of $50,000,000 for the first five years, after which Ireland will contribute to the imperial expenditure in proportion to her revenues. A feature of the new parliament is the novel method of dealing about [illegible] such bills. The upper house will be a Senatorial Assembly and in the event of disagreement between the two houses after the second reading of a bill, the question will be decided by both houses voting jointly as one body. As the lower house will have 103 members and the upper 40, the result of any such vote will, of course, depend upon the will of the lower house. The new parliament will have no power to deal with matters which are vitally imperial, such, for example, as are reserved for congress in the United States. The Irish constabulary, a semi-military institution, will be retained for twelve years. After which the local parliament can provide a police department of its own. The Irish people will accept this measure as a satisfactory legislative independence same as enjoyed by Canada. This concession of Ireland will help to strengthen the British empire by [illegible] a great measure the feeling of resentment which Irishmen have carried to the ends of the earth.

CARDINAL O'CONNELL'S FAITH

The reply of Cardinal O'Connell to the greetings of his people in the cathedral in Boston on Thursday will stand as a classic of its kind, especially in the [illegible] with which he harmonized as one living force his spiritual devotion to the Seat of Peter and his undying patriotic devotion as an American citizen to his native land. There was a time when in some quarters loyalty to the Holy See was held to be inconsistent with loyalty to the Stars and Stripes, but if any proof of the falsity of such a claim were needed it is found in the patriotism of Cardinal Gibbons and in the forceful utterance of Cardinal O'Connell on this very point. Such an utterance on his home-coming after receiving the highest honor the Vatican can confer could not be made if it were in the slightest degree inconsistent with the duties of the cardinal's sacred office. The words of His Eminence on this point are likely to become historic. They were as follows:

> "My American patriotism I prize as one of God's choicest gifts to mankind in [illegible] that is in me and to control it to the last breath. As a Roman prelate, the dignity of Irish-American cardinal, my Roman [illegible] demand my devoted attachment while life lasts to Peter's See, to Holy Rome and America, both have been [illegible] in their inheritance, and I in turn am Roman to the core in strictness of obedience and attachment, as I love and ever shall be American in freedom and through its patriotic devotion to my own native land."
>
> "And of these [illegible] would quibble about divided allegiance, I would ask, which was it forbidden the good son to love according to their words, with all the fullness of his heart's love, both mother and father?"

His discourse in [illegible] was strong, fervent and characteristically eloquent. Every act of Cardinal O'Connell proves him to be a man of great intellectual and spiritual power and second to none in his devotion and loyalty to his native land.

ANOTHER SHOCK FOR LAWRENCE

[illegible] murders in the dead of the night brings a new shock to the people of Lawrence and [illegible] consternation throughout the other mill cities of New England. When such a foul crime is deliberately perpetrated, perhaps to avenge some real or fancied grievance, the whole community must [illegible] and insecurity. This dastardly quadruple murder will [illegible] the strikers who unmistakably have just reason [illegible] with a view to a better [illegible] wage [illegible] some of the Lawrence mills.

The crime [illegible] reported should that there are in Lawrence at the present time people who would murder on the slightest provocation, people who have no [illegible] law, our government or our institutions. Our ordinary mill operatives [illegible] birth would not resort to such foul crimes unless goaded [illegible] anarchistic leaders, men who have come to Lawrence from other parts of the country to lead the strikers in [illegible] they are driven to such a state of frenzy that they are liable to [illegible] anybody they believe to be opposed to them.

The situation in Lawrence [illegible] on a new aspect and one which calls for the most [illegible] methods on the part of the police authorities.

It is quite possible [illegible] the revolutionary aspect of the strike, but it will lead to a [illegible] laws, looking to some provision against the importation of the [illegible] dangerous characters of every kind. The [illegible] must be investigated in their own land [illegible] rather than on their arrival in this country where [illegible] as well as the most desirable [illegible] that seeks our shores.

What the motive [illegible] murder in Lawrence may have been is not known [illegible] due to some ill feeling arising from the present strike. [illegible] the character of at least [illegible] Lawrence authorities have to deal with and it [illegible] and justly [illegible]

SEEN AND HEARD

[illegible]

"Well, [illegible] said our young friend, take her up [illegible] this hamper is from [illegible] who sent the other [illegible]"

PAST REMEDIES

Better it were [illegible] still
Better it were [illegible] on the [illegible]
Looking [illegible] satisfied,
[illegible] wonder and wonder in all their [illegible]
Loud [illegible]

[illegible]
We [illegible] her
[illegible] in their ways
[illegible] The [illegible]
The home.
The [illegible] Love and to hold [illegible] your hearts,
Drive [illegible] spell
Share your delicacies [illegible] your [illegible]
Love and to love [illegible] way,
[illegible] come to [illegible]
From the west to [illegible] and the whole world wide
When they lived where their fathers lived and died
Lived and [illegible] years.

Better it were for the world, [illegible]
Better, [illegible] good—
That he should stay [illegible] where he was born.

Be it land of [illegible] and corn,
Valley of poppies or [illegible] northland,
White [illegible] of street [illegible] wood,
Or [illegible] white winter or [illegible] May,
Or city of smoke or [illegible] stream,
Than wander the [illegible] done.

—Heart Throbs, Vol. II.

A census bulletin shows that the average price of [illegible] horses in Vermont is $108.79; in New Hampshire, $115.20; in Connecticut, $124.66; in Massachusetts, $155.52; in Maine, $120, and in Rhode Island, $123.52. While Vermont has most cated for its horses in the past it is at the foot of the list in New England, says the Londonderry Signal. At the same time Vermont farmers are paying more than twice the average price for the kind of horses they want from the west. But we will not preach to them because the progressive farmer will see before we could tell him what should be done and the progressive farmer is beyond the efforts of preaching. St. Johnsbury Caledonian.

We fail to see the logic in the contemporary's reasoning. Because horses are cheaper in Vermont than in any other New England state does not place her at the foot of the list in being noted for her horses. On the contrary it goes to show that this state produces more of the animals than does any other state, for articles are always the cheapest where they are produced. But [illegible] cheaper in Texas than here, corn sells for less in Illinois, cotton is lower in Mississippi, and watermelons in Georgia and oranges in California [illegible] than the same in Vermont. And [illegible] following the same line of thought we find horses in Vermont sell for less than elsewhere in New England because more of them are raised there and are [illegible]

[illegible]

ONE OUR DOG

[illegible] called Ann Baby
[illegible] very tall
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] the many is [illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible] the [illegible]
[illegible] would sleep [illegible]

[illegible]
[illegible] would come when
[illegible]
He [illegible]
[illegible]
And [illegible] at all
Sometimes [illegible] grown just [illegible]
But [illegible] would bite, and his [illegible]
Was to [illegible] of the postman one day.
But the [illegible] to barked at him first.

He [illegible]
For that was just only in fun;
And a cat was as [illegible] as could be—
Unless it should start out to run;
Sometimes he'd cause children and [illegible]
Down, just while running [illegible]
And then lick their [illegible] to show
He didn't mean any thing wrong.

He was chasing an [illegible]
When the wheel hit him right in the side,
So he just gave a queer little squeal
And curled up and stretched out and died.
His tail [illegible] was not very long,
He was [illegible] and not very tall;
But he never did anything wrong—
He was just our dog, mister—that's all.

—Atlanta Journal.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

New Bedford Times: "There is a long-[illegible] accepted that a little learning is a dangerous thing." But the case of the high school graduate seems to indicate that too much education may lead to the same consequences.

A college professor in the middle west declared the incubators responsible for the decrease in the number of eggs. Thereby high prices and another explanation of the high cost of living.

As this pedagogue has turned it out, the employment of the incubator as a substitute for "cackling" destroys the maternal instinct of the hen, for unless the feathered [illegible] bird artificially loses its power of reproducing its kind.

Hence we find that science is in conflict with true economy. The only way out of the difficulty, the professor maintains, is by a return to the old-fashioned method of raising chicks by means of setting hens. So the incubator must go. The maternal instincts of hens must be preserved and developed, or we will have no eggs, and finally no hens.

PLAYGROUNDS FOR CHILDREN

Fitchburg News: From an investigation recently made by a play expert of the National Recreation association it has been proved that 50 per cent. of the children are doing absolutely nothing. The study was made in the city of Milwaukee where it was found that 10 per cent. are working, 31 per cent. playing, and the rest idling away their time. It is claimed by the expert that the facts gathered in the Wisconsin city are fairly typical of the rest of the country, and that most of the mischief is due to the lack of proper playgrounds. How far that assumption may be true matters little, but the earnest efforts of frittering youthful lives in idleness ought to spur every community to make full and careful preparation for juvenile pleasures.

LABOR WANTS REPEAL

New Bedford Mercury: Perhaps the most surprising thing in the investigation of the National Civic federation [illegible] into the origin of the sentiment regarding the Sherman anti-trust law is the fact that the leaders of organized labor, representing three million [illegible] practically [illegible] rather the repeal of a law which, if the law, which [illegible] and still [illegible] commercial organizations [illegible] membership [illegible] to the people [illegible] strongly [illegible] in favor of [illegible] that will permit [illegible] an interstate [illegible]

WHO DIS TO LEDO WILSON?

Nashville [illegible] Mr. Bryan [illegible] his Commoner [illegible] it is [illegible] heard for [illegible] to talk about [illegible] Wilson [illegible] as a [illegible] presidential nomination, [illegible] correspondent of the New York Sun says Mr. Bryan's [illegible] that Col. Harvey [illegible] Wilson for president of the United States in a speech at a dinner [illegible] Feb. 3, 1906, at the Lotos club in New York to Dr. Wilson, then president of Princeton university, [illegible] hundred [illegible] since that time Mr. Bryan has not ceased to advocate Mr. Wilson as a candidate [illegible] stopped by the doctor's blunt declaration that the colonel was hurting his cause.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Maeterlinck, the composer, is perfecting plans to establish a literary prize with the proceeds of his Nobel award. To this, amounting to $37,550, he proposes to add a sum sufficient to make the income yield $8200 biennially, which will be awarded every two years for the best work in the French language, whether literary, artistic or scientific.

The first Hindu scholarships in an American college have been provided for at the University of California by Sirdar Jawala Dinsh, a wealthy Hindu farmer of Moreland, Cal. Students, both men and women, will be brought to the university from India on condition that they return to their native country on graduation. No religious or racial limitations will be placed on the scholarships, which are competitive.

William Ordway Partridge has completed two bronze busts of ex-Dean F. Howard Van Amringe for the alumni of Columbia university. One of the busts will be presented by the graduates to the university on Feb. 12, next alumni day. It will be placed in Hartley hall. The other will be given to the Columbia university club. It is proposed to buy the two Partridge busts with funds contributed by the alumni.

WESTFORD

At the meeting of the Westford grange held Thursday evening, Chas. M. Gardner, master of the state grange gave a very interesting address. He took as his subject "The Grange at Work," and divided his subject as follows: "The benefit of the grange to the community, the service of the grange to the young people, and the good the grange can do for broad, helpful legislation." Mr. Gardner impressed upon his audience that the enthusiasm of organization had passed and for the next 15 years the life of the organization would be based upon its usefulness and helpfulness the organization would be to the people and communities in which these granges are located. In speaking of the benefits derived from the orders in the communities, Mr. Gardner cited the grange at Marthas Vineyard, where the grange at that place invested $25 out of the $26 in the treasury in street lights. In a town where street lighting had never been known to exist and how the work had spread until now, about all of the streets in that town have lights. In other places water fountains had been installed; street cleaning day is known in other places where all members of the order turn out and clean the streets and unsightly places on the highways. New horse sheds have been erected in other towns; all the work of the members of the order. At the town of Mason, a fund was raised by the members which gave five young men a 10 weeks' course at Amherst, M. A. C. He also spoke of the grange work for the rural free delivery mail service which is practically established in every town in New England, the good roads movement and the parcels post bill now pending before congress with a good chance of passing the house and becoming a law. The speaker advocated the spending of the grange funds for the betterment of the people in the communities and thereby making the organization one of the strongest in the rural districts. There are now 251 granges organized with a membership of 20,000 people in the state of Massachusetts.

The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Fifield on Wednesday next, February 7, at 2:30 o'clock.

On Friday evening, February 16, at the Orthodox church, there will be an interesting meeting for the cause of temperance. Mrs. Katherine [illegible] Gibson, state president of the W. C. T. U., will lecture.

REAL ESTATE SALES

Transactions Recorded for the Past Week

The following are certain sales of Lowell and suburban town real estate recorded at the registry of deeds office during the past week:

LOWELL

Jennie S. Brinck et al. to [illegible] H. K. land and buildings on Moore and Howard streets, $1.

Olive S. Bennett to Ann E. [illegible] court, land and buildings on Barrett street, $1.

E. Irvin Jones et al. to [illegible] Trust Co., land and building on Merrimack street, $1.

Central Savings Bank to Oliver W. Sheridan, et al., land and buildings on Crosby street, $1.

Mary F. O'Grady et al. to [illegible] Donohoe, land and buildings on Bartlett and Warren streets, $1.

Annie E. Hizzie to Commonwealth Real Estate Trust, land at Spring park, $1.

Andrew L. Neely to Philip Cohen et al., land and buildings at corner of Broadway and Willie street, $1.

BILLERICA

Marion T. Blodgett et al. by gdn. to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $1a.

Arthur L. Blodgett to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $1.

Jay T. Prideritt to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Charles Boughey, land at Pinehurst station, $1.

George H. Shields, tr. to Anthony Stankard et al., land at Shawsheen River park, $1.

Aaron Adelman to Robert J. Farrell, land on Dyke street, $1.

Aaron Adelman to Percy J. Love, land on Crystal street, $1.

George H. Shields, tr. to Lillie Rae Hornby, land at Nutting's Lake park annex, $1.

CARLISLE

Horace W. Wilson to Vernon L. A. Lassen et ux., land and buildings, $1.

CHELMSFORD

Lewis A. Young to Alfred A. Jodoin, land on Acton street, $1.

DRACUT

Thomas A. Walsh et al. to [illegible] Recreation Library and Social club, land and buildings at corner Lakeview avenue and Mammoth road, $1.

Trustee of Fred C. Noyes Land Co. to Marian H. Adams, land at Lakeview gardens, $1.

TEWKSBURY

George H. Shields, tr. to Anthony Stankevich et ux., land at Shawsheen River park, $1.

Grace V. Nickerson to Margaret Sagar, jr., land on Temple street, $1.

George E. Crosby's assnt. to Isabel A. Parsons et ux., land on Whipple road, $1.

WESTFORD

Frederick A. Higgins to Harry G. Johnson, land at Brookside park, $1.

WILMINGTON

George H. Shields, tr. to Thomas W. McCabe, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Galesburg Sod. Bell, land at Wilmington station, $1.

George H. Shields, tr. to Harry P. Grover, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

Sylvester Carter to Gertrude H. Barnes, land, $1.

George H. Shields, tr. to William H. Roberts, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

MISS MAY WHITELEY

SCORED A GREAT SUCCESS IN AMESBURY

Miss May Whiteley, soprano soloist of this city, took a prominent part in the concert held in connection with the dedication of the new headquarters of the Knights of Columbus in Amesbury, Tuesday evening, and that she rendered her solos with her usual ability is quite evident by the following clipping from Wednesday's Amesbury News:

"Miss May Whiteley of Lowell made a deep impression by a solo sung with great expression and in an encore responded with an Irish ballad, familiar but never tiresome, especially as sung by her since her voice characteristics, its great clearness, flexibility and richness, showed remarkable control."

GRANITEVILLE

Court Graniteville, No. 6, F. of A., held an interesting meeting in its rooms Thursday evening. Chief Ranger P. C. Sullivan presided. It was voted to give Joseph Wall authority to provide an entertainment for the purpose of raising funds to provide new uniforms for the degree staff.

This afternoon on the Forge park special trials for horses were held. The speedway is in good condition and some good races are expected to be run off. The entries for the event included the following horses owned by well known horsemen from the different towns: "Col. Patch," owned by George Tapp of Littleton; "Sister Patch," owned by the Gilmore stables in Acton; "Lady Wilkes," with a 2.30 trotter from Acton, owned by Michael McDonald with another fast one from Littleton; "Daisy C.," owned by Claudin Bailey of Graniteville; "Dorothy Dale," owned by Henry Hardiman of Graniteville; "Knox Gelatine Boy," owned by Dr. C. A. Bigelow of West Groton; "Nakomis," owned by A. A. Heald of Graniteville and many other fine horses from Acton, Groton, Pepperell and Lowell. All the races are open seconds. Everything is free and all are welcome.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT

Says That He Believes in Women's Rights

NEW YORK, Feb. 3. Theodore Roosevelt discusses "Women's Rights" in the February Outlook under the caption "Men and Women," and is interested at the current issue of The Outlook. He says in part:

[illegible] Indeed, for America need to [illegible] men, [illegible] and children, though they did not in their rights, were, even more concerned with duties.

I believe in women's rights. I believe very more earnestly in the performance of duty by both men and women. For unless the average man and the average woman live lives of virtue, not only our democracy but civilization itself will perish. I heartily believe in equality of rights as between man and woman, but also in full and complete recognition of the fact that normally there cannot be identity of function. Into it there must normally be complete dissimilarity of function between them, and the effort to ignore this patent fact is silly. I believe in woman's suffrage wherever the women want it. Where they do not want it, the suffrage should not be forced upon them. I think that it would be well to let the women themselves, and only the women, vote at some special election as to whether they do or do not wish the vote as a permanent possession. In other words, this is primarily a case for the referendum to those most directly affected—that is, the women themselves. I should be entirely content to abide the decision, either way, for, though I do not think that the dismal prophecies about women voting would come true, I do think that very much less effect would be produced, one way or the other, than the enthusiasts believe. In other words, I do not regard the movement as anything like as important either for extreme friends or extreme opponents think. It is so much less important, at any rate, than other reforms that I have never been able to feel any lively interest in it.

If the woman's suffrage movement were to be judged only by those advocates of it who disgrace themselves and their cause by absolutely useless or worse conduct, such as the foundling of private and public morality in the endeavor, not to raise the sense of moral duty in man, but to lower the sense of moral duty in woman, I should certainly oppose the movement. But I do not believe these undesirable women are in the way to be accepted as exponents of the cause, and I call attention to the fact that they are prominent, and in the region where women suffrage does exist, but in regards where it does not exist.

I pin my faith to woman suffragists of the type of the late Julia Ward Howe. Julia Ward Howe was one of my honored witnesses in this republic. She [illegible] to the people which she took, in my generation, leaders and yet [illegible] first of all, not full duty in the intimate home against her last night.

[illegible] Theodore Roosevelt [illegible] because of all other rights.

[illegible] Women's Rights [illegible] Men and Women [illegible] Outlook. He says in part:

[illegible] Indeed, for America need to [illegible] men, women and children, though they did not in their rights, were, even more concerned with duties.

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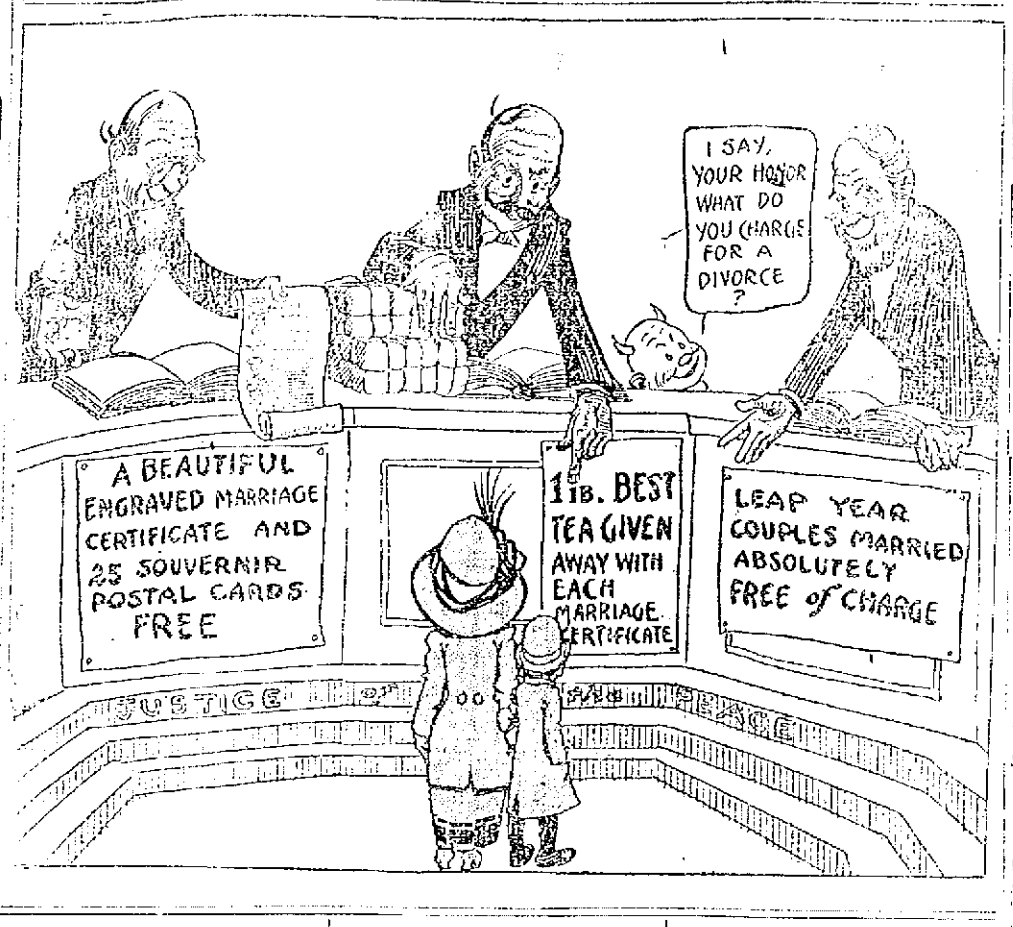
LEAP YEAR INDUCEMENTS



HUSBAND STABBED

Wife is Blamed for the Crime

EVERETT, Feb. 3.—Henry Haynes, aged 27, of 25 Mystic street, South Everett, it is alleged, was stabbed twice last night with a paper cutter by his wife, Susan, aged 20, during a dispute in their home.

The couple have been married about a year, and it is understood that they quarreled over domestic matters shortly after last evening. Mrs. Haynes, it is said, seized a paper cutter and struck at her husband.

The weapon pierced him in the back under the left arm and again in the right kidney. He was attended by Drs. Theodore W. Clark and Peter Conroy, and, according to the police, his injuries are considered serious.

Neighbors, who learned of the quarrel, telephoned to the police and Patrolman John O'Neil was sent to the house. He took Mrs. Haynes to the station, where she is held to await developments, but no charge was formally filed against her last night.

TEXTILE SCHOOL NOTES

The faculty and students of the school are much interested in the bill now before the general court of Massachusetts to allow the school to bestow the degrees of Bachelor of Textile Engineering and Bachelor of Textile Chemistry to the members of the engineering and chemistry courses respectively, who have satisfactorily completed a four year course in these departments.

The board of education, to which the bill was referred, reported in favor of granting the degrees on account of the high standing which was accorded the school in the collegiate and industrial world. The Lowell Textile school, the board reports, is a technical, rather than a trade school, and should therefore receive the same recognition as the other technical schools of Massachusetts. The requirements for admission are similar to those of many other colleges and the equipment of the school places it on a par with those institutions now granting degrees.

Mr. James T. Smith, clerk of the trustees of the school, and Mr. Chas H. Eames, the principal, have been working diligently to have the bill pass the house and they feel confident that a satisfactory report will be made on it.

The ninth annual party of the Delta Kappa Phi fraternity of the school will take place Friday evening next in Colonial hall. The dance, which is considered as one of the leading events in Lowell social circles, is attended by guests from all over New England. The patrons include many of the leading society ladies of the city.

The second term of the school year began on Monday last.

Fifteen teachers from Simmons college of Boston visited the school on Thursday as guests of Principal Eames. They were conducted through the various departments and the ladies were ardent in their admiration of the school.

Mr. James T. Smith, clerk of the board of trustees, has returned to his duties at the school after a short absence due to sickness.

FIFTEEN CHURCHES

ASSOCIATE THEMSELVES WITH CHARITABLE WORK

At a meeting held in the Ministry-at-Large building, Thursday evening, representatives of fifteen churches met with the directors of the Ministry-at-Large and signed the by-laws of that organization and assisted in the election of officers for the ensuing year.

The officers and directors of last year were re-elected, and in addition to them, were elected Miss Edith Stott, Henry H. Harris, R. W. Clements, as delegates at large; H. H. Sumner, as secretary, and as directors representative of the churches Rev. George C. Wright of the Free church, Joseph W. Griffin of the First Congregational, Miss Grace N. Ward of the Eliot, Mrs. O. O. Greenwood of St. John's Episcopal, Mrs. Harriet H. Paul of Fifth Street Baptist, Miss Julia Williams of Centralville Methodist, Rev. C. R. Skinner of Grace Universalist, Clarence H. Nelson of High Street Congregational, Henry O. Brooks of Central Methodist, Rev. George F. Kenngott of Trinitarian Congregational, John A. Tayler of First Presbyterian, Mrs. A. M. Jows of Calvary Baptist, Miss L. Adelaide Wallingford of Highland Congregational, A. J. Hayes of Chelmsford Street Baptist church.

Rev. George C. Wright made a report of the purposes and the work of the Ministry-at-Large for the year.

Harvey B. Greene made his report as treasurer, which was adopted. Edward T. Wilder was requested to act again as auditor and thanked for past services. Rev. Benjamin A. Willkett, D. D., Page, Rev. George F. Kenngott and Harvey B. Greene spoke words of praise for the Ministry-at-Large work as they had observed it at close range for years; of their desire to enlarge its resources and usefulness.

A committee was appointed to endeavor to bring the other charities of the city into closer relation with the Ministry-at-Large, to their mutual advantage. This committee is: Rev. George F. Kenngott, Miss Harriet Coburn, Miss Polly M. Skilton, William N. Osgood, Esq. and Rev. George C. Wright.

The chair was directed to appoint a committee to increase the membership of the Ministry-at-Large corporation and also to appoint a finance committee.

EDWARD CAWLEY

To Enlarge Building in Church Street

Edward Cawley, the well known coal dealer, intends to enlarge the wooden building in Church street on the bank of the Concord river and men are now engaged in driving piles into the bed of the river in order to form a foundation for the extension. The building was formerly used as a laundry but has been vacant for some time. It is said it will be fitted up for manufacturing purposes.

A SHAKE-UP

OF MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS EXPECTED SOON

As a result of a change in running time on some of the lines of the local division of the Bay State Street Railway company, the motormen and conductors will bid for cars and incidentally will in a short time there will be another shake-up of the men. Because of an agreement between the employes and the officials of the road every time there is a change in the running time of the cars the cars are to be bid on. The oldest employes are given the preference.

Mr. F. S. Pearson of North Easton, Mass., is a proud father of another son born Wednesday, Jan. 31. This makes seven children born to Mr. Pearson. The oldest can object to [illegible] two and a half years ago in [illegible] Mr. Pearson is employed as [illegible] conductor on the N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.

THE O. M. I. CADETS

GREATLY PLEASED OVER NOMINATION OF MAJ. HAGGERTY

Last evening at the meeting of the O. M. I. cadets in the Immaculate Conception school hall there was a large attendance. When Major Francis Haggerty entered the hall his fellow comrades tendered him an ovation. So enthusiastic were the members on the choice of their popular major as an alternate to a scholarship at West Point that their cheers could be heard at a great distance from the hall. All congratulated the young soldier and wished him the best of success. He responded in a fitting manner and thanked all for their good words and said that he hoped he would merit the felicitations showered upon him.

NEW CITY HALL

PLANS FOR A GREAT BUILDING IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Plans for the eventual extension of the new city hall annex nearly to School st., and thus provide the city with a monster new city hall were submitted to Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday by Edward T. P. Graham, the architect of the annex.

Architect Graham's plans include the tearing down of the present city hall and the making of Court square into two separate streets, which would extend through to School street.

Under Architect Graham's suggestion, the city would have an 11-story city hall, with floor space of 11 acres and costing, with the annex, approximately $2,000,000. Architect Graham would have the annex and city hall a complete unit.

He plans to construct the new city hall annex so that whenever the city gets ready to complete the proposed building, it can do so, whether it be immediately after the annex is completed or in a number of years.

The idea has captivated the mayor and he said yesterday that he was considering the advisability of applying to the legislature for the necessary authority for the city to construct the new city hall.

Like the annex, the proposed city hall, if completed according to the plans of Architect Graham, which it would be of the modern office building type, would be constructed so as to retain the dignity of appearance characteristic of municipal buildings.

THE MYSTERIES LOST TEAMS SPLIT EVEN

Were Defeated by Holy Name Juniors

Lively Game Played in City League

At the St. Patrick's school hall last night the Junior Holy Name team defeated the Mysteries second team in one of the best basketball games ever seen in the hall. The score was 14 to 10. The game was the first that the Mysteries have lost this season. In the early stages of the contest the Juniors had it all their own way, but the lads from Centralville came strong in the final period. At the end of the second period the score stood 12 to 2 in favor of the Holy Name team. With 2 minutes to play in the last period the score was 12 to 10 and Cap. Foley of the North common quintet threw a basket just before the whistle blew, making the final score 14 to 10.

The floor work of Martin and the shooting by Foley were the features of the Juniors' playing. Captain Welch and McCarty starred for the Mysteries second team.

The following is the lineup and summary:

Junior Holy Name—Foley rf, Finnerty lf, Martin c, Smith lg, and Martindale, Powers and Copley rb.

Mysteries Second team—Bradbury rf, Welch lf, Jordan and Toohey c, Lorman lg, McCarty rg.

Baskets—Foley 4, Martin 1, Smith 1, McCarty 2, Welch 1, Bradbury 1.

Points on fouls—J. H. N. 2; Mysteries second team, 2.

Officials—Referee, Maguire, C. Y. M. L.; scorer, Nelson; timer, Brunelle.

Time—Three ten-minute periods.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Candlemas day, as well as the first Friday of the month, was observed yesterday in St. John's church North Chelmsford. At the 7.30 mass the candles were blessed by Rev. Fr. Doherty. In the morning at 7.30 a large congregation was present at the devotions. Rosary, instructions and benediction of the most blessed sacrament were given.

Rev. Fr. Schofield, pastor of St. John's church, announced the mass of thanksgiving, in honor of Cardinal O'Connell in the Cathedral in Boston, Thursday.

Last evening in St. John's hall the second of a series of whist parties was held. There was a very large attendance during the evening and all had an enjoyable time. Many were present from Lowell and Graniteville. From 8 to 8.30 a delightful piano recital was given by Master Walter O'Neil, a talented member of the Boys' club, and it was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Promptly at 8.30 whist was commenced and continued until 10.30. During the totaling of the scores refreshments were served, after which dancing was started and continued until midnight. At the close of the affair all voted it a great success. The accompanist for dancing was Master Walter O'Neil. The winners of the prizes were as follows: Ladies' prizes—Mrs. Lavelle and Dr. Emma Slaughter of Lowell were tied for first honors and they were obliged to cut the book and Mrs. Lavelle was the winner of the first prize, a ladies' umbrella. The second prize, a set of gold pins, was awarded to Dr. Emma Slaughter. The ladies' consolation prize was given to Miss Nellie Ward. The gentlemen's first prize, a set of cuff links, was won by James Potter; the second prize, a watch fob, was won by Dan Herrington; the gentleman's consolation was given to M. B. Ledwith of Graniteville. The scorers were Misses Mary Cox, Rena Welch and James P. Quigley. The committee in charge was Misses Charlotte Lowe, Jennie Lavelle and Loretta Ward.

The members of the Dramatic circle of the Catholic club are progressing with their rehearsals for the presentation of the drama to be held in the town hall on February 16th.

The many friends of Mrs. Nellie Prince will be pleased to learn that she is convalescent after a very serious operation in the Lowell hospital.

OTIS KIMBALL DEAD

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The death of Otis Kimball, well known financier in this city, occurred today. He was 66 years old and had been ill several weeks. He is survived by his wife, the daughter of the late W. T. Hart, former president of the New York & New England railroad, and one daughter.

The Olympics and Crescents split even in a game in the City League Friday last night, each team winning two points, but the Crescents won the total by nearly half a hundred plus. The first game was well contested, but the Crescents had everything their own way in the second stanza and in the third stanza the Crescents lost by one point. J. J. Donohoe of the Crescents was high in scoring, having a total of [illegible], while Lorman of the Olympics put up a good game.

The First Congregational church team of the Moody league made the St. Paul's team of the Saraga league trounce on the school hall floor, the former team winning by four points. J. Houston and Capt. of the winning team were high men.

The game between the Pawtucket Blues and Mt. Groves resulted in a victory for the Mt. Groves, which won by four points. The scores, however, were unusually low.

The scores:

CITY LEAGUE

Olympics

	1	2	3	T'ls
Carpenter	91	85	80	264
Perrin	93	95	103	291
Kempton	104	95	96	285
McCarthy	96	100	97	287
Lorman	123	101	98	325
Totals	559	476	482	1457

Crescents

	1	2	3	T'ls
Connolloy	97	97	98	292
Gordon	97	93	92	282
Singleton	104	120	87	311
Savage	84	93	94	279
J. F. Donohoe	105	121	107	333
Totals	537	521	478	1506

SARAGA LEAGUE

First Congregational

	1	2	3	T'ls
W. Houston	96	96	98	290
Dalton	85	86	75	246
J. Houston	122	107	88	316
Chapin	115	101	101	329
C. Marter	94	87	80	261
Totals	512	477	447	1436

St. Paul's

	1	2	3	T'ls
Gray	83	90	84	257
B. Richardson	102	111	78	291
Brown	87	65	75	227
Barns	96	88	98	282
J. Richardson	94	97	98	289
Totals	465	451	430	1346

MOODY BRIDGE LEAGUE

Pawtucket Blues

	1	2	3	T'ls
Kenworthy	81	86	69	236
S. Sikox	77	98	89	264
Chouinard	88	85	82	255
Sanborn	95	97	83	275
Swift	80	82	83	245
Totals	421	440	406	1267

Mt. Groves

	1	2	3	T'ls
W. Sikox	92	91	97	280
Stack	91	86	99	276
Grantfield	93	92	96	279
A. Sikox	95	91	85	271
Sub.	77	82	69	228
Totals	449	442	446	1337

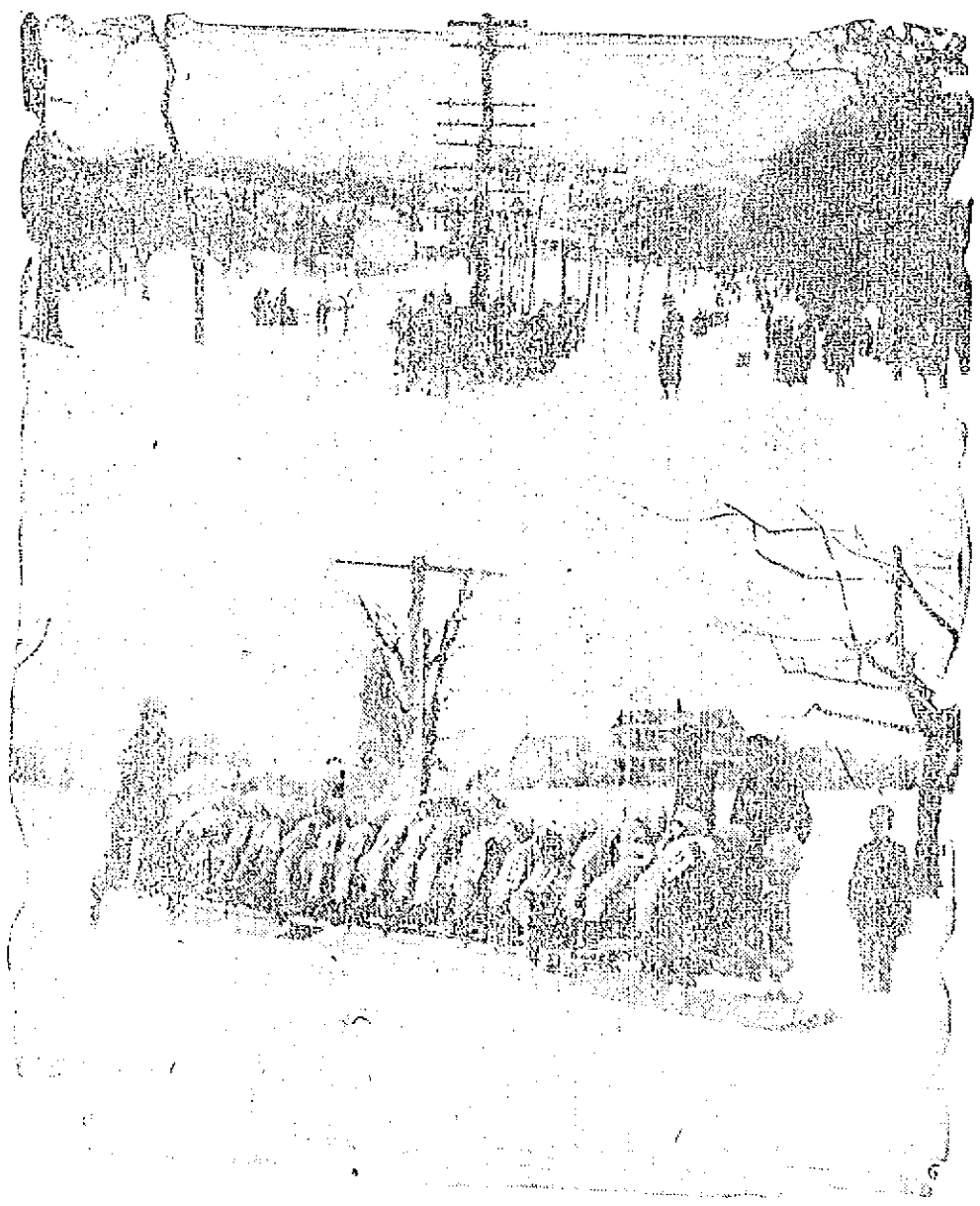
HORSFALL TRIAL

Defendant Was Principal Witness Yesterday

The trial of James H. Horsfall of Lowell on a charge of manslaughter in causing the death of Mrs. Ruth Kittredge, aged 31, of Tewksbury, in an automobile accident in Wilmington, Nov. 11, was resumed in the East Cambridge superior court yesterday.

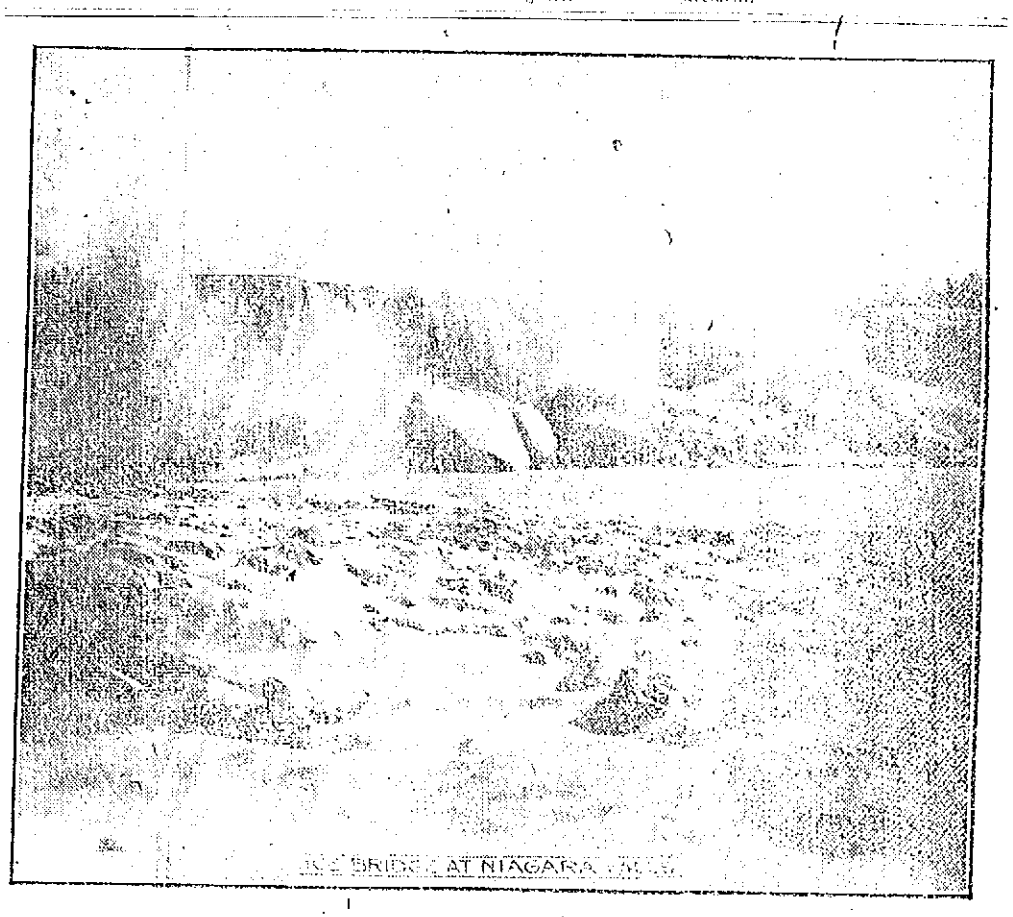
Horsfall testified that he had four drinks in Boston before starting to run the automobile from Boston to Lowell, this testimony will be continued Monday.

Charles Brooks and Thomas Thomas, occupants of the machine, testified that Horsfall handled the car well. Others who testified were Howard Parker, M. Foley, Harry Adams, William C. Brown and Forecaster J. W. Smith of the Boston Weather Bureau, who told of the weather conditions the day of the accident.



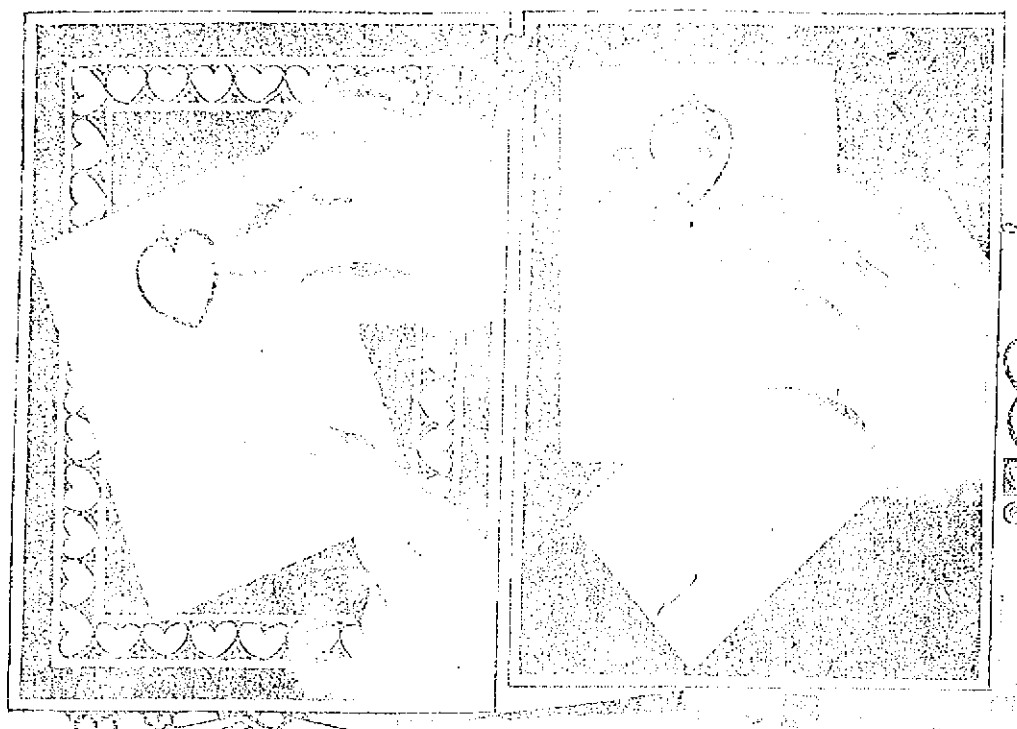
SCENES IN HUNTINGTON, N. Y., WHERE BIG BOBSLEIGHING RACES WILL BE HELD

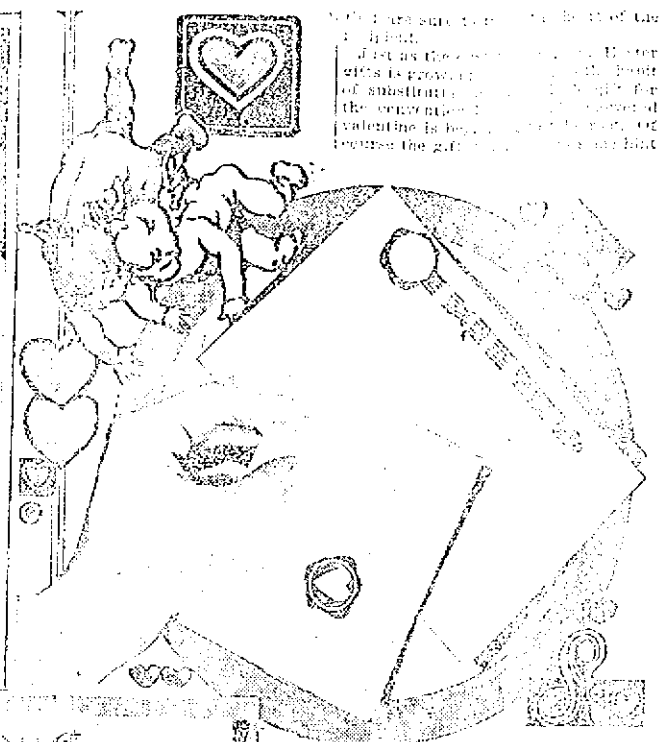
HUNTINGTON, N. Y., Feb. 3. The [illegible] voyages of the iceboats, the swift flights of the toboggans and the marvelous [illegible] sleigh [illegible] [illegible] Feb. [illegible] weeks has been made. The recent cold snap and the accompanying snow gave the devotees of this fascinating and exhilarating sport an opportunity to enjoy themselves. The [illegible] course is a [illegible] half long and [illegible] greatly went the distance in 1 minute and 10 seconds. It is planned to hold the annual championship races February [illegible] the middle of February. Upper [illegible] Lady and winner of several races.

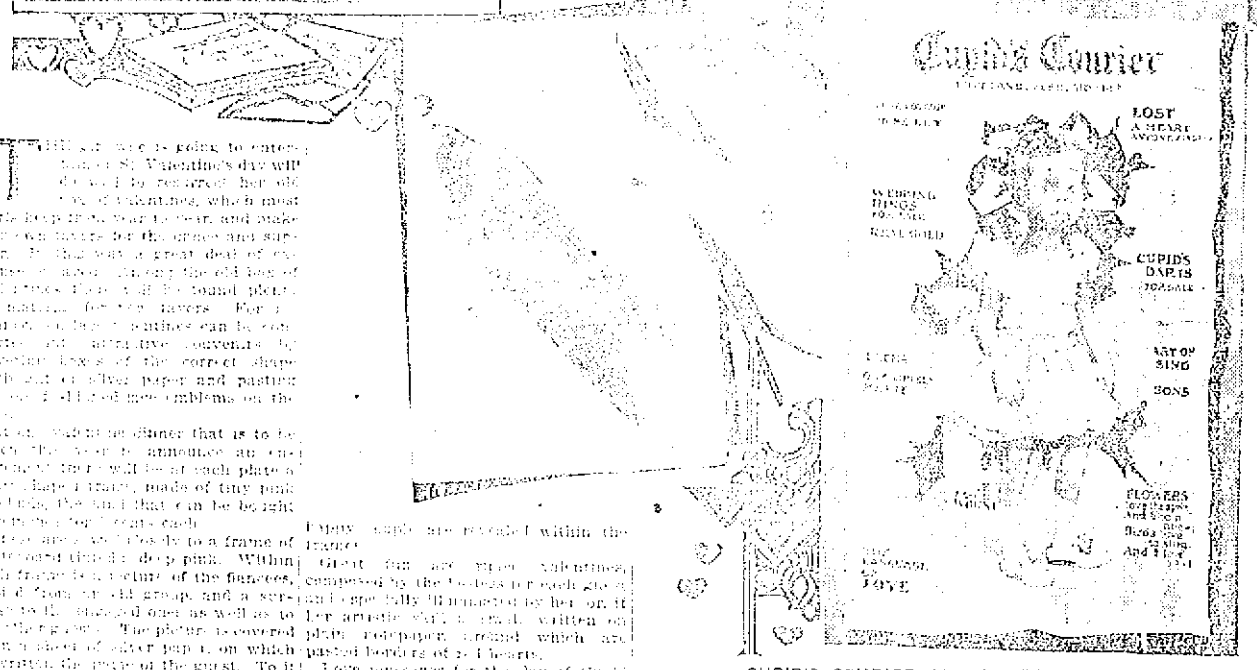


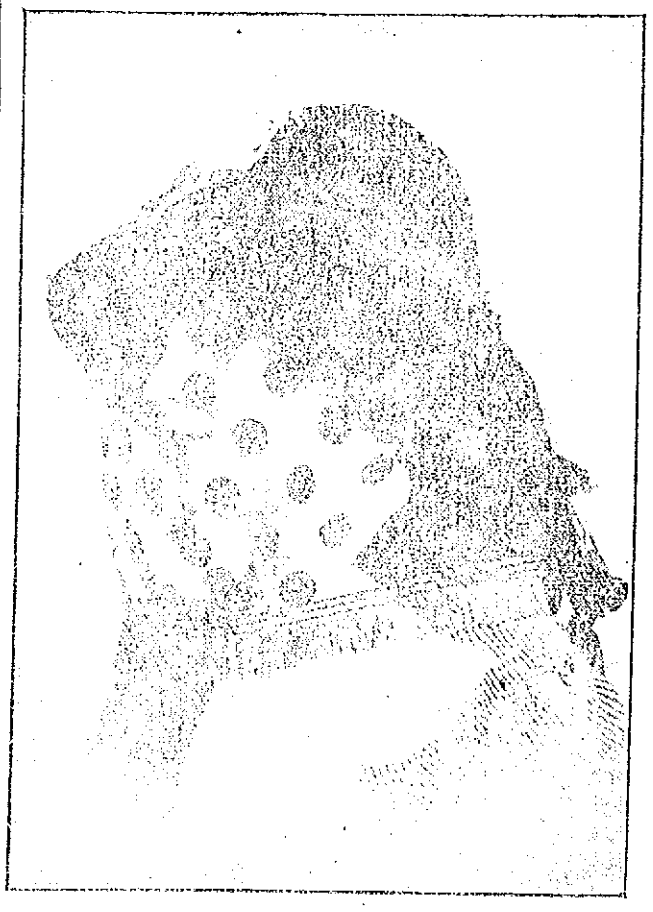
ICE BRIDGE AT NIAGARA THIS YEAR IS DECLARED TO BE THE FINEST EVER FORMED

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Feb. 3.—[illegible] Fisher and broader than usual. The ice bridge at Niagara falls this year is declared by old attendants to be the finest ever seen. The extreme cold weather [illegible] several weeks has made the crystal [illegible] Thousands of visitors have been on hand [illegible] time. Below the falls the river is a [illegible] mass of ice on which [illegible] ice merchants have erected [illegible] They can [illegible] the [illegible] and [illegible] dispose of the [illegible] in the summer [illegible].









FAVORS AND GIFTS FOR ST. VALENTINE BIRTHDAY SUPPERS

CUPID'S COURIER AND LOVERS' NOTE PAPER.

THE girl who is going to entertain on St. Valentine's day will do well to resurrect her old box of valentines, which most girls keep from year to year, and make her own favors for the dinner and supper. [illegible] a great deal of expense [illegible] the old box of valentines there will be found plenty of material for the favors. For instance, [illegible] valentines can be converted into attractive souvenirs by covering boxes of the correct shape with gilt or silver paper and pasting the [illegible] of these emblems on the top.

At a valentine dinner that is to be given [illegible] to announce an engagement there will be at each plate a heart shaped frame, made of tiny pink rosebuds, the kind that can be bought [illegible] for [illegible] cents each.

These are [illegible] to a frame of pasteboard tinted a deep pink. Within each frame is a picture of the fiancees, copied from an old group, and a surprise to the engaged ones as well as to the other guests. The picture is covered with a sheet of silver paper, on which is written the name of the guest. To it is attached an end of pink ribbon, which at a signal given later by the hostess is pulled and the faces of the happy couple are revealed within the frames.

Great fun are paper valentines composed by the hostess for each guest and especially illuminated by her, or, if her artistic skill is small, written on plain notepaper, around which are pasted borders of red hearts.

Love messages for the day of Cupid are not difficult of home manufacture. The "Cupid's Courier" to be seen among the cuts is quite within the scope of amateur talent. As you may see the little messenger is just emerging from the Loveland News, and she is carrying half a score of tender messages

[illegible] are sure [illegible] of the [illegible].

Just as the [illegible] Easter gifts is growing [illegible] of substitute [illegible] for the conventional [illegible] valentine is [illegible] of course the gift [illegible] hint of its sentimental [illegible]. Any love poems, Mrs. Browning's "Sonnets From the Portugese" or some of Whitcomb Riley's "Love Lyrics" or love stories attractively bound are very suitable offerings on Feb. 14. The books may be sent by a man or a girl.

In the picture is seen, too, one of the "pretty follies" of lovers of which Shakespeare speaks. It is the use of notepaper made especially for sweethearts' correspondence. On it are marked the hearts and the portraits and the curlycues and the Cupid's arrows, which represent undying affection, sometimes with the name or initial of the beloved one.

A variation of this fad or fancy is the use of notepaper cut into heart shape. The double sheet is so made that the recipient of the much longed for missive may know at a glance that the writer's whole heart, represented in paper, goes with the letter. This is an English fad that has not yet received widespread notice on this side of the water, but it is as sure as anything can be, of course, that American lovers of both sexes are just dying to send their love on heart shaped paper or on paper marked with hearts. Only, they mustn't be absentminded, as lovers are apt to be, and use the lovers' notepaper in writing to the butcher, the baker or the candlestick maker. It must be put aside carefully for writing only to one's really, truly sweetheart.

CATHERINE TALBOT.

Delicious Creole Candies

PECAN Pralines.—Put a pound of brown cane sugar in a porcelain lined saucepan with enough water, about four tablespoonfuls, to melt the sugar and stir until liquid. As it begins to boil add half a pound of freshly shelled pecans. Cut some in fine shreds and some in halves and quarters. Stir constantly until the sirup thickens and turns to sugar, then remove from the fire and drop on a slab. A pound of the unshelled pecans will give [illegible] half a pound of the nut meats. [illegible] may be substituted for the pecan meats.

La Colle.—The old negro candy venders of New Orleans [illegible] made this candy famous [illegible] visitors to the Crescent City. [illegible] makes it take two pounds of brown sugar [illegible] a quart of black molasses and boil it down to almost a pint of sirup. To this dark sirup add almost a pint of pecan nuts cut up in [illegible] sizes and a portion of them [illegible]. When it has boiled long enough to pass like a thread between the thumb and finger pour into little fluted paper cases oblong in shape, making a cake about four inches long, two inches wide and about quarter or half an inch thick. Let them dry. The cases may be made of stiff writing paper if you cannot get other paper of the proper size and shape.

Mais Tac-Tac.—Take a pint of molasses and put it on to boil. When it reaches the boiling point throw into it about three-quarters of a pound of parched Indian corn or maize, parched to a blossom (popped snow white). Stir until well mixed and pour into paper cases about six inches long and three inches wide, making a cake about one and a half inches deep. Do not handle them until they are cool. There should be just enough of the sirup to coat the corn nicely and bind together.

Cream Pecans.—These dainty bonbons are the thing to serve at afternoon tea. Take a pound of the finest pecans and shell them carefully, keeping them in perfect halves. Take the white of a very fresh egg and its weight in water, beat together until it is creamy, then work into it with finger tips a quarter of a pound of the finest confectioner's sugar, forming a smooth paste. Pinch off a bit of the paste about the size of a small marble and roll it into a ball, place it between two halves of pecan meats, press lightly, then roll lightly in the paste, flattening the pecan slightly. The brown of the nut meat must show through the thin coating of the paste.

Orange Pastilles.—First make the orange sugar by rubbing the rind of the orange on loaf or coarse cane sugar and dry. Take three and a half ounces of coarse white sugar and add to the orange sugar the strained juice of two oranges. As soon as it begins to dissolve stir it with a wooden paddle for a few minutes, then remove from the fire, stirring continuously and drop on a sheet of paper, cutting off in drops about the size of a pea, using a curved wire. When they are not entirely dry turn the paper upside down, brush the underside with a small bristle brush moistened slightly and carefully scrape off the pastilles with a pointed knife upon a fine dry sieve. Move the sieve slowly over a very slow fire until the pastilles are dry, so they will not stick together. Put them into a jar and they will keep a long time. If you use any quantity of these little bonbons or candy drops it is worth while to make your own, using various colors and flavors.

FROCK FOR VALENTINE PARTY

SOMETHING new in a little girl's white frock is shown in this modish model of embroidery combined with plain hand embroidered lawn and lace insertions. The chevron effect of the embroidery is unusual and striking, and the skirt trimming accentuates this effect.

IN EMBROIDERY WITH CHEVRON EFFECT.

MILADY'S VEIL IS BIZARRE

THE LATEST VEIL FOR SPRING WEAR.

NOT so pretty as the mystery veil, but ten times more distinguished is this new veil designed for wear with a spring suit of brown and white mixture and a hat of brown taffeta. Huge spots the size of a quarter of a dollar are sprinkled all over the net, and a border of three inch silk fringe finishes the edge. Brown costumes are extremely chic, and the woman who wants to be dressed up to the minute and does not mind extreme effects would do well to copy the outfit. With this costume is worn a pair of buttoned boots with cream kid uppers and russet vamps.

Smocking Revived For Children's Clothes

SMOCKING, that simple yet decorative fashion of trimming, is once more [illegible] into popularity. [illegible] the [illegible] children and the growing girl [illegible] of ornamentation [illegible] plain portions of the [illegible] are otherwise [illegible] in their plainness unless by a [illegible] have short panels of [illegible] from the neck [illegible] front [illegible] dress is enhanced with [illegible] sleeves and waist [illegible] the cuffs of the [illegible] in a light color silk [illegible] yoke and cuff [illegible] velvet top [illegible] silk coat for the small girl [illegible] absence of [illegible] pretty substitute [illegible] form of smocking at neck, the [illegible] colored silk [illegible] the [illegible] sleeves [illegible] at wrists with the [illegible] trimming, and again at the waist [illegible] forms the girdle width. The [illegible] with the [illegible] are made of the material and [illegible] adorned with the same [illegible]. A delightful quaint Kate Greenaway hood of [illegible] velvet is framed to the face with smocking, which [illegible] off the graceful fullness at the back of the hood. The silk [illegible] with the [illegible] character [illegible] for them.

[illegible] the fashion [illegible] with the [illegible] styles are [illegible] with smocking [illegible] of a more elaborate [illegible] than [illegible] by the [illegible] and the entire length of the [illegible]. Indeed, the [illegible] which [illegible] effect with the attractive [illegible] and the smocking [illegible] the various [illegible] with the point at center front, midway and at the [illegible] sleeves and [illegible] at the waist, as in the younger children. The dainty [illegible], overdress had a [illegible] band at the bottom of the skirt and was worn over [illegible] silk to complete the artistic effect.

Tools in the Home

A TACK in time is sometimes as necessary as the proverbial stitch.

Tools are necessary to make the small repairs about the house, and a box of them should be ever ready at the housekeeper's hand.

A hammer, chisel, small hand saw, screwdriver and pliers are usually sufficient.

Tacks, nails and screws of assorted sizes [illegible] in the box.

Sandpaper, a tube of furniture glue and [illegible] will [illegible] be needed.

A large pair of shears will be found useful in many cases.

With these tools at hand a woman can [illegible] simple [illegible]. Chairs and [illegible] that have become [illegible] may be recovered with fresh [illegible].

The Discontented Girl

AN Englishwoman of wide experience and one whose work has brought her into close contact with many girls and older women of an astonishing variety of natures and desires has written a little sermon to the discontented girl:

A real evil is far easier to remedy than an imaginary one. Most people will disagree with me—at first.

"Oh," they will exclaim unbelievingly, "how ridiculous! An imaginary evil is—well, it's only imaginary, while a real evil does a definite amount of harm."

Exactly. Strange as it may seem, that is my very point.

A real evil does do a definite amount of harm—of course it does—but the harm is certain, material, calculable, something which may be arrested and killed.

With an imaginary evil there is nothing solid to grasp or to fight; it is a vague, misty something which envelops and blinds us, in which we wander dazedly, knowing neither its origin, its power nor its purpose.

There is a dark cloud of the imagination which envelops and spoils the lives of many women today and seems as though it would grow into even greater darkness tomorrow and after. It is the twentieth century woman's curse—a very fever of unrest and vague discontent.

Let me look into it, analyze it, try to suggest some remedies, for I am sure that many who are reading this article either suffer from it or through it.

First, then, what is it? When a girl is growing into womanhood she begins to understand the world, its ways and all there is, or may be, in it for her. She experiences her first discontents, and let us carefully follow her progress.

The beginnings are generally at home, for it is not only charity that starts there. The cause is something small and altogether insignificant. She may want to do her hair up, go to a theater or see a play with friends of her own, [illegible] to a [illegible] party, [illegible] the stage, or to read some very [illegible] novel.

Possibly the parental foot descends [illegible], stamping her [illegible], or perhaps Miss Nineteen-hundred-and-twelve is allowed to do as she wishes, which is more probable and [illegible].

[illegible] what happens next? She had [illegible] desires—vain, perhaps, and [illegible] unimportant, but definite, clear desires, after all. They were gratified; she was allowed to have her way, and then no longer wanted it—or, at least, no longer cared for having it.

So off she goes again, her imagination [illegible] wildly after some new fancy [illegible] she broods over some other grievance. Her self will rides [illegible] over reason, happiness, love; she is never happy unless discontented.

She goes through the whole list of definite discontents—money, dress, company, [illegible], amusement—she wants them all and the lack of any creates a harsh feeling, which she vents on those who are nearest and probably dearest to her.

In fact, Miss Nineteen-hundred-and-twelve goes through the entire list of possible discontents until by the time she is twenty or twenty-two she has exhausted her practical definite outcries.

Everything she can think of is hers—everything over which she has made trouble for years past.

Then she reaches the state of vague, imaginative discontent. She aches with mad, unknown, formless desires. She wanders blindly, crying in a black fog of imaginary wretchedness; she struggles in a deep sea of depression, while the fiend of unrest sits on her shoulder trying to push her head beneath the waves.

She is dreadfully unhappy, but does not know why. If she could only fix on some reason; if she could only once say, "I am unhappy because of so-and-so," she could fight it. But she cannot settle on anything in particular, so her mind feeds on all the dark, "unhappy, faroff things" she can think of.

By the time, no matter what she has gained, her heart will be [illegible] for something else.

Weirdness of Feathers

FEATHERS are weird and wonderful objects in the winter millinery. No extravagance is too great to be acceptable to those who favor the [illegible] in hat trimmings.

The Gouraland plume has [illegible]. Its specialty is to wave [illegible] hat as if it were a detached [illegible]. Then if the feather is not set at [illegible] and angle it sticks out at the back of a hat or rises abruptly from a [illegible] plumes. A toque made of velvet carries out this branching out [illegible] "donkey's ear loops," which are made of velvet and stick out from either side like large ears.

This is one among the many trimmings of [illegible] effect, [illegible] the knitted quill, composed of [illegible] and set at a dangerous angle to the eyes of the passersby and the [illegible]. Turbans made of gold and silver tissues, with upstanding [illegible] rising from handsome ornaments, recall the durbar and the fashions brought by that ceremonial.

LITTLE THINGS HURT.

IT is the little things of life that irk and fret—the tiny stabs that are not too little to hurt, but too little to shock us out of ourselves into a calm acceptance. The big things we brace up somehow to bear, but the little things that prick and sting and chafe are the things that make life hard.

The cold look of some one we love, the thoughtless act and unfeeling word—such little things as these can overcast our sky, darken a whole world and utterly incapacitate us, when we could perhaps stand up and smile like a hero in the face of fire and flood.

RIBBON TRIMMED HATS FOR SPRING

STUNNING DEMI-SAISON MODELS FROM THE [illegible]

THE [illegible] their wear [illegible] which [illegible] are made [illegible] already [illegible] are [illegible] that [illegible] the shape. [illegible] women's [illegible] the spring [illegible] straw hats this [illegible] of pearled [illegible] with scarlet [illegible] very favorite [illegible] the coming [illegible] illustrate [illegible] carry out [illegible] models [illegible] spring and [illegible].

Needlework Pictures

THE woman who loves to embroider will take advantage of the present craze of making needlework pictures, either for the decoration of her own home or as a gift for a friend. Our great-grandmothers were taught to make a "sampler" as proof of their proficiency in needlework. These were [illegible] with pride by the young [illegible] mothers. Many of them were framed to preserve them from the ravages of time and today are valued as antiques.

Samplers were really needlework pictures, some of them very wonderful in design and execution.

[illegible] now it is the fashion to copy the designs of a hundred years ago [illegible] an original picture on silk [illegible].

[illegible] of birds, for example, embroidered on heavy cream colored satin in the natural colors makes a picture that is quite Japanese in effect, beautiful enough to be mounted and framed in an expensive frame.

A cherry branch laden with snowy bloom, with butterflies hovering about, when done on Chinese blue silk and framed in dull gold, is worthy of a place in a handsomely furnished drawing room.

Little landscape pictures worked out in multicolored silks, clusters of fruit and flowers are all favorite designs.

The designs can be sketched on the satin with a hard lead pencil or stamped by a professional.

The work is always done with soft silks on satin or lusterless silk.

It is necessary to have the material stretched over an embroidery frame while working, so that there will not be the slightest pucker about the edges.

After the work is completed it is carefully pressed on the wrong side, mounted over cardboard that has been slightly padded with a layer of cotton batting and then framed under glass to preserve it from dust. In this way they can be kept for years and finally handed down to future generations as samples of art needlework done by the women of the twentieth century.

STARVING CHILDREN

Were Found in Room in House in Somerville

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Six children ragged and pale, ranged in needy S before Judge L. Roger Wentworth in the Somerville district court yesterday, a testimonial to poverty and neglect. They were the children of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Merrill of 10 Waverley street, East Somerville. They ranged from 2 years to 12 years old. Their faces bore the marks of suffering and hunger. They had been mercifully removed by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and had been brought in for police proceedings.

Behind their arraignment is a long story of poverty and disease. The father of the children is a tanner, who he works which is not often; the mother struggled to provide for them save when sickness prevented which was very often—and between the two the children were going to the dogs.

The oldest is Ethel, aged 13, a girl weak and sickly, and, after her, come Lucile, aged 10, Bertha 8, Melvin 6, Ida 4, and Marion 2 years old.

The rooms where this family lived could hardly be called a home—it was rather a shelter from the storm. It kept out the rain and the wind, but it was without food and the cold penetrated there. How long the mother had been sick or how long the father had been out of work, no one seemed to know yesterday; but, when the police went in the house at the order of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, they found these six children huddled in a corner of their barren room like a pack of sheep, the heat of one warming another; no food in the pantry, the stove black at the stings; morning air blowing through cracks in the windows. The mother lay on a cot, too ill to rise, and the father was away. Even the children themselves could not tell when last they had had a full meal, with all they wished to eat.

One by one the children were carried out to the patrol wagon. The older ones were frightened and cried, but the four younger ones were too dazed and unknowing to care what happened. The police did not set them down in the street lest their bare feet touch the snow—for but two of them had shoes.

Arraigned in court they made a pitiful spectacle. Many a callous court officer brushed away a tear or gulped down something hard in his throat. Even the court sighed deep and looked about upon he forlorn sextet with compassion. When the facts in the case were duly set forth, the judge ordered that the children be cared for by the state board of charity.

BIG SUM FOR ROYAL ARCANUM

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The sum of $5,902,100, held for several years by the state treasurer as an emergency fund under an old statute, will be returned to the supreme court of the Royal Arcanum as a result of a ruling of Judge Braley in the supreme court today. When the statute in question was reenacted by the legislature in 1901 it was changed so as to omit the clause requiring such an emergency fund to be deposited with the state treasurer. Judge Braley today directed that a writ of mandamus be issued ordering State Treasurer Elmer Stevens to turn over the fund to the supreme council.

BLEW UP TRAIN ON BRIDGE

LONDON, Feb. 3.—A railroad bridge was blown up to the east of Mukden, Manchuria, this morning at three o'clock and a train was wrecked, several passengers being killed.

According to a news agency despatch from Tien Tsin received here today the outrage was committed at Chintzulin, where the railroad from Shanhaihwan to Mukden passes over a river. The affair had been carefully prepared, the viaduct being undermined and charges of dynamite placed in position. When the train was in the center of the bridge the fuse was fired and the whole structure blew up.

It is not known whether reds or bandits are responsible for the outrage.

SENATOR GRADY DEAD

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—State Senator Thomas F. Grady, long identified with Tammany Hall as one of its leaders and known as the "Silver Tongued" orator of that organization, died at his home in this city early today. Senator Grady had long served in the legislature at Albany and has been the leader of his party on the floor of the senate. Mr. Grady, who lived on East Thirtieth street, had been suffering from a complication of diseases for some time.

ABDICATION OF CHINESE THRONE

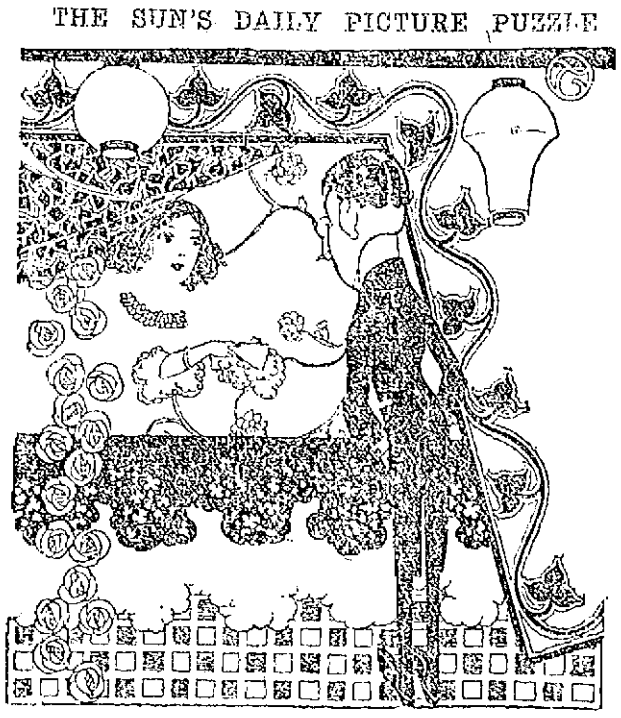
PEKING, Feb. 3.—Premier Yuan Shi Kai is still engaged in negotiating the minor details of the abdication of the throne with the revolutionary leaders. He was received in audience today by the empress dowager whom he informed that he was hopeful of an expeditious settlement.

SERVIAN CABINET

RESIGNED BECAUSE OF "BLACK HAND" CONSPIRACY

BELGRADE, Feb. 3.—The Servian cabinet has resigned. The ministers took this step partly on account of the recent discovery of what is known as the "Black hand" conspiracy in the army to force King Peter to dismiss the radical cabinet or to abdicate in favor of the crown prince. Another reason given for the resignation is that the support afforded by the parliament to the government has declined considerably.

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



MAUD'S RAKE-OFF.

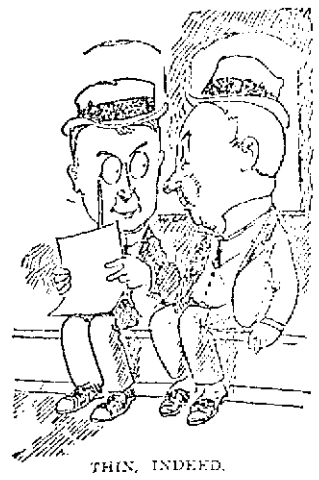
Maud Muller, on a winter's eve,
Raked in more coin than you'd believe.
Maud had a booth at our church fair,
And was the prettiest maiden there.

Find another victim.

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE.

Upside down between two.

A LITTLE NONSENSE



THIN, INDEED.

First Flat Dweller—The people in the next flat to our's are deaf and dumb.

Second Flat Dweller—How do you know?

First Flat Dweller—The walls are so thin that I can hear their joints crack when they're talking.

PERHAPS.

Old Boarder—What makes you think the new boarder is in love with you? Has he made any advances?

Landlady—No; but he says he will as soon as his father remits.

VERY LIKELY.

"Here's a story which says the heroine thanked him with a look."

"I s'pose her gown was so tight that she couldn't trust herself to speak, eh?"

WHAT SHE THOUGHT.

Floor Walker—Is anyone waiting on you, Miss?

Miss Haytop (from the country, blushingly)—Yes, sir; but he ain't proposed yet.

SEEMED LIKE IT.

Mr. Borem—Why, it's nearly half-past eleven. It's time to go.

Miss Knitting—Oh! It's surely later than that.

ANYTHING TO PLEASE.

Jackson—I'm going to a dentist and have this tooth out.

Christian Scientist—Hush! Your tooth doesn't ache. It's your imagination.

Jackson—Then I'll get the dentist to yank out my imagination.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 2, 1912. The Committee on Taxation will give a hearing to parties interested in the following proposed legislation: Senate No. 1, the Governor's message on reform of state tax system; Senate No. 117, for more power to General Court to tax incomes, and Senate No. 255, message from Governor on tax laws, at room No. 176, State House, on Tuesday, February 6, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. George L. Barnes, Chairman. V. F. Jewell, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 1, 1912. The Committee on Harbors and Public Lands will give a hearing to parties interested in the petition House Bill No. 752, of John W. Ayres for legislation to provide for an examination of the coal supply of the commonwealth, at room No. 437, State House, on Tuesday, Feb. 6, at 11 o'clock a. m. John H. Coggeshall, Chairman. John G. Stevens, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court. To all persons interested in the estate of Ella A. Simonds, of Carlisle, in said County.

Whereas, Emma Allard, conservator of the property of said Ella A. Simonds, has presented for allowance, her account as such conservator.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County, on the twentieth day of February, A. D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have why the same should not be allowed.

And said conservator is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to all persons interested in the estate fourteen days at least before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this thirty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

WANTED

CASH PAID FOR SECOND HAND furniture of all kinds, large or small lots. Send postal or call. T. F. Muldoon, 506 Central st.

Grind Stone FOR SALE

One high grade Power Grind Stone, W. & B. Douglas make, 30 inches in diameter, 4½ inch face. Inquire at The Sun Office.

FREE TO THE SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many Physicians you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged. DR. TEMPLE'S TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU.

All Blood, Nerve and Rectal Diseases, Acute and Chronic Blood Diseases of Men and Women, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Stricture, Prostatitis, Piles, Fistula, Fissure, Ulcers and all Rectal Distases Without the Use of the Knife. Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Bowels, Rectum, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.

Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Office, 97 Central street, Museum Block. Wednesdays, 2 to 4; 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12. Other days by appointment only.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SPECIAL NOTICES

REMOVAL NOTICE—DR. SAWYER has removed his office from 19 John st. to 93 Merrimack st., over King Dental Parlors.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY cleaned and repaired. English watch repairing a specialty. 25 years' experience, 8 years with the Waltham Watch Co. J. H. Collett, 101 Middlesex st.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES SHARPENED; cut like new; 2½c each. Carter & Sherburne's drug store.

WE WILL COLLECT YOUR RENTS for 5 per cent. By our system we keep your tenements rented. Address H. M., Lowell, Mass.

SKATES HOLLOW GROUND; knives and scissors sharpened, saw filing and saw fitting at Harry Gonzales, the Cutler, 128 Gorham st. Tel. 952-2.

TREES AND VINES PRUNED—Brown tail and gypsy moths removed from fruit and shade trees. Mr. Henry E. Reed, 50 Jacques st. Tel. 3818-2.

DENT'S NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for brewers' mash mixing, fly poison, lives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Rocklinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1128 Bridge st. Tel. 953.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

TWO TENEMENTS OF 5 ROOMS each for sale; $1200, $200 cash. Four tenements of 4 rooms each, $1100, $250 cash. W. W. Knapp, 53 Central st.

TWO TENEMENT HOUSE NEAR Moers st. for sale. 7 rooms each tenement. 5500 feet of land. Assessed for $3800. Will sell for less. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

TWO STORY, 8-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Fair Grounds for sale. Bath and furnace, set tubs, cemented cellar, cupboards in cellar, 5200 feet of land, two houses, $2100. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

TWO TENEMENT HOUSE NEAR Whipple st., for sale. 5 rooms and bath each tenement. Rents $708 yearly. $1500. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE or to let; reception hall, back hall, bath, pantry, all hardwood floors downstairs, furnace heat and 1207 ft. of land, situated near St. Margaret's Church and Washington school, will sell cheap if sold at once. Inquire A. A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 2857.

MERRIMACK STREET INVESTment property for sale at a bargain. Pawtucketville, 7-room house, 5 minutes' walk from Pawtucket bridge, $950. Centralville, two tenements, 3 rooms each, $2200. W. B. Dodge, 22 Central street.

TYNGSBORO, MASS.

On the car line, an income from the start, overlooking new 50 acre poultry and fruit farm, 7-room cottage with furnace heat, water in the house, good barn, poultry houses for 500 poultry with yards and runs, over 500 young poultry, 2 incubators and all farming tools, a real bargain at $3200. No information by telephone about this place.

DO NOT FORGET

That New Hampshire farms will advance in price May first. We have several left at 1911 prices, also a large list of summer homes and city property.

C. W. JOHNSON & SON

Houghton, Finis and Parker Sts. Phone 3030

STOVE REPAIRS

STOVE REPAIRS—WE CARRY IN stock and furnish fitings, grates, covers, centers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of stoves and ranges. Work done at lowest prices. Bring size and name of stove, or telephone 1077-4. Quinn Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

J. H. ROGERS, Optician

EYES EXAMINED

7 Merrimack st., over Transfer station. Glasses made and repaired. All work guaranteed. Lowest prices.

HELP WANTED

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED. $900 first year, promotion to $1800. Examinations May 11 in every state. Common education sufficient with my coaching. Full information free. Write for Schedule J 193, Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

SALESMEN WANTED—HIGH CLASS real estate proposition; 33 per cent commission. Royal Oil & Gas Development Co., Fort Worth, Texas, 919 First National Bank Bldg.

A WELL KNOWN MANUFACTURING company desires the services of one intelligent lady in each town; work is light and pleasant and very profitable; experience not necessary. Almes Mfg. Co., 1005 Chestnut st., Phila, Pa.

CAPABLE SPECIALTY SALESMAN wanted, on commission part or all time. One who can present a successful proposition to best class of trade (banks, trust companies, insurance agents, real estate firms, etc. Will consider only the but responsible experienced specialty salesmen with good references. Write Shedd & Wright Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS about over 250,000 protected positions in U. S. service. More than 10,000 vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay, lifetime employment. Easy to get. Just ask for booklet C 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

MAN WANTED TO TRAVEL IN Massachusetts for 1912. Soaps, groceries specialties, candies, etc. Good pay and fallo made suit in 30 days. Experience unnecessary. J. E. McBrady & Co., Chicago.

LADIES—HONEST HOME WORK addressing envelopes, etc. Good pay. Particular 6c stamps. Horlson Mailing Agency, Dept. 196, Chicago, Ill.

MEN—HONEST HOME WORK copying addresses, etc. Good pay. Particular 6c stamps. Horlson Mailing Agency, Dept. 296, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES MAKE SUPPORTERS. $12 per hundred; no canvassing; material furnished. Stamped envelope for particulars. Wabash Supply Co., Dept. T 236, Chicago.

WE HAVE WORK FOR A FEW more machinists. Apply Davis & Farber Co., North Andover, Mass.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED. $80 month. No layoffs. Lowell examinations May 4th. Thousands of appointments coming. Common education sufficient. Full information necessary. Candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 156 M., Rochester, N. Y.

PEDDLERS WANTED TO HANDLE a nice line of pop corn. Inquire at 73 Church st., downstairs.

GENTEAL SECOND HAND WANTED for women's room in fancy cotton goods, for peasts, etc., $21 per week. Charles T. Raymond, 291 Washington st., Boston.

SMART YOUNG MAN WANTED TO work in a fish market; one who understands waiting on customers. Inquire at once at Tarpon Fish Market, 124 Central st.

BACK STAYER, VAMPERS AND all round stitchers wanted. Stover & Drew Co., Hard Side.

HONEST MEN WANTED TO SELL fruit trees; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address McGinty Advertising Agency, Moiburn, N. J.

TWO CLOSERS ON TWO TOP stitchers, two 2 fox vampers, two closers, two stayers wanted, all on ladies' work. Also girls for table work such as counting and matching uppers and linings. Plenty of work and the best of prices until July 1st. Apply to Mr. Joyce at Dodge Bros., Newburyport, Mass.

MEN WANTED TO LEARN THE automobile business; road driving and repairing. Send stamp for particulars. New England Auto School, 509 Tremont st., Boston.

MALE AND FEMALE ROLLER grainers for sale. John Hesson, 670 Pleasant st., Dracut Centre.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLE-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 159 Middlesex st., Lowell, Mass.

TOBACCO TAG OFFER

Under American Tobacco Co. will expire MARCH 1, 1912. You cannot mix all of your tags after March 1. Some tags will have to be sent to P. Lorillard & Co., American Tobacco Co., Liggett & Myers, St. Louis, Mo. We will buy tobacco tags until March 1, 1912, 30 cents per 100. After this date some tags will not be worth so much. Full information about tobacco tags at Curtis Pool Parlor, 98 Gorham street, near post office. Telephone 2183-3.

TO LET

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO let; steam heat, bath, hot and cold water, gas free. J. C. Wood, 200 Merrimack st.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET; ALSO rooms to let for housekeeping; gas free; 357 Central st.

LARGE FRONT ROOM TO LET, furnished, modern conveniences; $2. Call 235 Fletcher st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; gas in kitchen, $1 per week up. 53 McMillan, Gallagher House, William Street.

COTTAGE AND BARN TO LET, 24 Burnside st. Inquire of J. J. Maguire, 28 Salem st., or 52 Butterfield st.

LODGING HOUSE TO LET, 452 Central st., 14 rooms; new plumbing; rent $25 month. Apply Henry Miller & Son, 200 Wyman's Exchange.

7-ROOM TENEMENT AT 8 PROSpect st. to let; 2-room cottage at 145 Parking st.; 3-room, one 4-room and one 5-room tenement at 145 Parking st.; four 4-room flats at 58 Elliot st. Cheapest rent. Inquire Joe Pizzo, 21 Chapel st.

NEAT HOUSEKEEPER, COME now and get a month's rent free; 2, 3 and 5-room tenements to let in Christian Square, 79 Chestnut st. George T. Brown.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS to let; steam heat; most desirable residential district of the city; one minute's walk from Westford st. car line. Inquire Mrs. Nettie Saunders, 88 Bates st. Tel. 2685.

PLEASANT 7-ROOM TENEMENT TO let; steam and all modern conveniences, No. 265 Westford st.

MODERN 6-ROOM FLAT TO LET; for South Loring and Shaw sts. Light, sunny rooms, hard wood floors; steam heat, attractive surroundings; rent reasonable. 265 Liberty st.

ROOMS TO LET AT 181 EAST MERrimack st. Hot and cold water, bath, gas and telephone. Inquire of Undertaker John A. Finnegan, 179 East Merrimack st.

MODERN 9-ROOM FLAT TO LET; near two car lines and normal school. Call at 33 Columbus ave. Tel. 2375.

3-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, PANtry, bath, hot water, $12, at 165 Grand st. Apply Schutz Furniture Co., 335 Middlesex st.

ROOMS TO LET IN THE HARRINGton Edge, 52 Central st. Hard wood floors steam heat, combination electric and gas lights. Inquire at The Sun Office.

7-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET AT 580 Princeton st. Call or telephone City Hall Garage.

13-ROOM STEAM HEATED HOUSE to let; bath; at 232 Appleton st. Inquire 112 Bridge st.

MODERN 6-ROOM FLAT IN TWO-tenement house on London st., near Gorham to let. Apply Mrs. H. E. Barnes, 59 Gorham st. Tel. 1058-2.

TENEMENTS To Rent

Small tenement, newly painted and papered, at 31 Winter st.

Warm 4-room tenement at 32 North st. Apply John J. Cole, 33 North st.

OFFICES FOR RENT

Splendid modern offices in the NEW HARRINGTON BUILDING, 52 Central street. Hardwood floors, steam heat, combination electric and gas lights. Inquire at THE SUN OFFICE.

MISCELLANEOUS

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL INstruction to backward pupils or to those who lack schooling. Teacher, 559 Central st.

BADGES MADE TO ORDER; razors honed and concaved; clippers sharpened at Harry Gonzales, 128 Gorham st. Tel. 952-2.

DRINK GLORIA FOR HEALTH. Sold everywhere.

LOST AND FOUND

PAIR OF AMETHYST ROSARY beads with gold cross lost Thursday night, Feb. 1st, between Andover st. and Merrimack square. Reward for return to 156 Andover st. Mrs. Miller.

ROLL OF BILLS LOST BETWEEN Quinn's Market and Worthen st., Saturday morning. Reward for return to W. W. Tilbedian, 718 Moody st.

COINS SET LOCKET AND CHAIN, greatly prized as an heirloom, lost between Dracut Centre and Page's restaurant, via Merrimack Square theatre, Kirby notify Walter W. Simmons, Prem National Bank.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH FOUND. Owner can have by proving property and paying for this adv. at 37 Lawrence st.

GOLD LOCKET AND CHAIN LOST at Andover's st., Sunday forenoon. Reward if returned to 506 Lawrence st.

BLACK AND WHITE FOX TERRIER lost Saturday eve., Jan. 6; wore collar and red sweater. Reward if returned to 23 Kirk st.

NEW FIRM

The Page Dining Rooms located at 18 Kirk st. have changed management and in the future will be carried on by Mrs. Prescott. It will be her aim to give the best service possible. She wishes the continuance of the former patronage and solicits new ones as well. Mrs. Prescott is an expert in this line of business and will open Sunday, February 4th with a lunch chowder with fixins for 15c.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE

Separate room $1 per month for storage of household. The dryest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Perries, 325 Bridge st.

F. W. Cragin & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order

Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.

46 Fletcher Street Telephone

LOWELL, MASS.

THE SUN

Is On Sale

At Both News Stands

In the Union Station

BOSTON

FOR SALE

RANGE NO. 7, PARLOR STOVE, FOR sale cheap; also chiffonier, $5; and kitchen range, 17 yards heating, 2 ovens, 2 boilers, 2 circulators, single and double range table, at 12 Cambridge st.

SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, ETC. for sale; also iron and wood shelving, bins, drawers and tools. E. Dolan, 104 Middlesex st.

25 WHITE LEGHORN COCKERELS for sale; pure stock; Cockle strain; $1 each. Don't wait if earlier is best for you. Robert Scott, 362 Stevens st., Westford.

BAKERS' OVENS ON EASY PAYments; also in the best of condition; cheap. Write for catalogue and terms. Dean A. Morse Oven Co., 177 Sudbury st., Boston, Mass.

RESTAURANT AND LUNCH FOR sale; best location; trade old and new. For particulars apply to make money. Adams Co., Box 1, Sun Office.

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE. 16 rooms, steam heat, not regretted was let, cheap. Address L., Sun Office.

POOL TABLE FOR SALE, INQUIRE 31 Lowell st., top floor.

TWO BRAND NEW HIGH GRADE Sohmer pianos; must be sold at cost; cash or time to responsible party. Terms each. Apply Sohmer, Box 1, Sun Office.

SLEIGHS AND SLEDS FOR SALE. Sleigh and double sleigh, 2 springs and 2 cushions, 2 horse sleds. E. A. Chamberlin, carriage works, 502 Broadway.

SQUARE PIANO FOR SALE, HAND for Lemuel Gilbert, Boston, Mass. Six octaves, all in good shape with stool. Price $75. Call 88 Third st., Centralville.

SECOND HAND PARLOR STOVES and ranges for sale, in good condition; prices low; also dining tables, chamber sets, etc. H. B. Lambert Co., 334 Bridge st.

HORSES FOR SALE, FROM 800 TO 1400 pounds. A. B. Humphrey, 557 Dutton st. Tel. 513-4.

FOR SALE

The best money making boarding house in Lowell. Centrally located 65 boarders. A bargain on easy terms.

W. E. DODGE

22 Central Street

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE—Women keeping house and others, advanced (loan) without security, easy payments, cheapest rates, don't worry or annoy friends about money, keep your credit good by paying as you agree. I will furnish you money in 30 H. D. H. Tolman, Room 403, 45 Merrimack st.

LOANS of $10 and Upwards

Can be secured at less than the legal rate of interest by obtaining our indorsement of your note.

American Credit Co

45 MERRIMACK STREET.

ROOMS 319-320

Open 8 a. m. to 6.30 p. m.; Mon. Wed. and Sat. 9 p. m.

Housekeepers

WHO DESIRE A LITTLE EXTRA

MONEY

To keep your credit good, to meet your obligations promptly. You no doubt find this impossible at times. Perhaps you have gotten behind with your accounts because of sickness or other misfortune. In all such cases be independent, come to us, and we will arrange to obtain a loan for you that will both please and pay you the best.

Household Guarantee Co

Wyman's Exchange, cor. Merrimack and Central Streets

Fifth Floor Rooms 503-505

Open 8 a. m. to 6.30 p. m. Monday and Saturday, 9 p. m.

THIS MEANS YOU

Every working man and woman. Loans made while you wait. No delay. No charge for application.

Interest i Per Cent Per Month

The size of your salary or wages have no bearing. Working person from getting money on credit here. We loan to All.

LOWELL LOAN CO.

22 Central Street

Fourth Floor Take Elevator

Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m. Fridays until 8 p. m., and Mondays and Saturdays until 9 p. m.

15 DOLLARS

New drop head sewing machine with all attachments, well worth $40. We have sold all our machines except the sample machines, will have more in two weeks. If you are going to buy a sewing machine it will pay you to see our sample machines. We can give their port on the machine. Call early to-morrow. We have been in business on Gorham st. the past eight years and it would not be good business to sell a poor article. Think of our ladies, $15 for a new drop head Singer machine. Can be seen at Curtis, 8 Gorham st. or 12 Blandford st. Tel. 2064-12 or 2183-3.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV. | WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.	To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
5.11	6.50	[illegible]	7.[illegible]	6.48	7.55	20.55	8.30
5.26	7.41	7.27	8.27	8.08	9.15	9.28	10.[illegible]
6.4[illegible]	7.[illegible]	7.58	8.[illegible]	10.30	11.14	10.35	11.5[illegible]
[illegible]	7.52	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	12.[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.0[illegible]	8.0[illegible]	9.00	[illegible]	12.02	1.10	2.14	[illegible]
7.21	8.[illegible]	10.[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	3.55	4.45
7.31	8.47	11.3[illegible]	12.[illegible]	5.27	6.25	5.24	[illegible]
7.38	8.55	12.[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	6.23	7.[illegible]
8.33	9.35	1.30	[illegible]	9.45	11.12	6.35	7.48
12.[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]			9.30	10.[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]				

SUNDAY TRAINS

WESTERN DIVISION

8.[illegible]	9.[illegible]	8.4[illegible]	[illegible]
12.16	1.15	12.4[illegible]	1.[illegible]
7.[illegible]	8.[illegible]	2.14	3.[illegible]
5.45	7.[illegible]	3.30	4.45
[illegible]	[illegible]	6.21	7.[illegible]
		8.40	9.42

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION

[illegible]	7.[illegible]	9.[illegible]	[illegible]
7.21	8.[illegible]	10.[illegible]	[illegible]
7.35	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
8.48	9.40	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
7.23	11.[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
6.25	7.[illegible]	[illegible]	6.52
7.21	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]		

References:

x Runs to Lowell Saturdays only.
a Via Lawrence Junction.
b Via Bedford.
s Via Salem Jct.
y Via Wilmington Junction.

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printing, Tobin's.

Try Lawler's for Printing, 13 Prescott.

Interest begins Saturday, Feb. 3, at the Central Savings bank.

When you have any real estate to sell, consult J. F. Donohoe, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

Mr. and Mrs. William [illegible] of [illegible] street are home from New York on [illegible] to the Bermudas.

[illegible] Paper Hangers [illegible] Gorham st.

The [illegible] of the Grace Universalist [illegible] met yesterday at the home of Mrs. [illegible] Fuller of Liberty street.

Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] of Springfield [illegible] are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. Wallace [illegible].

Rev. [illegible] will speak on "[illegible] Life in [illegible] Work," at the [illegible] club on Tuesday.

Mrs. [illegible] Parker and Miss [illegible] are staying at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible]. Mrs. Parker at present resides in Auburn, Maine.

Miss Margaret Harrington, formerly with Rose Jordan Hartford, is now with the Fashion Millinery and Fur Store, [illegible] Merrimack street, where she will be pleased to meet her friends.

Rev. Clarence R. Skinner of Grace Universalist church has recently moved into the beautiful new apartment house on [illegible] street. Mr. John W. [illegible] and family are to occupy the other apartment.

The Lowell Y. M. C. A. basketball team went to Springvale, Maine, today, where the Lowell boys will meet the fast team representing that town [illegible] Manager Gumb of the Lowell team will present his strongest lineup and he is confident that the local quintet will carry off the honors.

The Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., held a special meeting last night at which arrangements were made for several social events. Dr. John F. Boyle, physician of the order, awarded a $5 gold piece to Miss M. Walsh as a prize for bringing in the largest number of members in the recent contest.

The executive committee of the United Irish League will hold a meeting in A. O. H. reception room Sunday evening to arrange for a concert and lecture in the near future. The [illegible] interest [illegible] home rule movement at the present time will assure the success of anything undertaken.

The [illegible] meeting of the Jolly Seven was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William [illegible] in [illegible] street Wednesday evening. Games were played and piano and mandolin duets and [illegible] rendered. Dainty refreshments were served by the hostess. The guests [illegible] a [illegible] pleasant evening.

A linen shower was tendered to Miss [illegible] Sheridan, a well known young lady of this city, last evening when about 40 girl friends gathered at the home of Miss Margaret Kennedy, [illegible] Concord street. Miss Sheridan will shortly become the bride of [illegible] of Woburn and will reside in that city, where Mr. [illegible] has a [illegible] position.

The [illegible] M. A. C. [illegible] for the base ball [illegible] organized in the early spring. The [illegible] on Feb. [illegible] and [illegible] following committee [illegible] Joseph [illegible].

United Irish League

[illegible]

VISITING AGITATOR

Continued

[illegible] against them were [illegible] on [illegible]

[illegible] present [illegible] majority of the [illegible] week and [illegible] less than [illegible]

Demand Made For Increase

[illegible] representatives of the [illegible] that the employees [illegible] per week [illegible] was unable to grant the demand. [illegible] that if the [illegible] would be [illegible] that the matter [illegible] but it is said that they refused [illegible] deals. They insisted upon [illegible] granting of the [illegible] or the alternative [illegible] strike.

Men Quit Work

Yesterday [illegible] practically every [illegible] the plant left work and [illegible] that they would not return to work until the demand was granted.

Some of the [illegible] evidently feeling that [illegible] their fellow employes [illegible] an attempt to return to work this morning, made their way to the plant [illegible] today. [illegible] about the [illegible] as early as [illegible] and any person who attempted to enter the different buildings was [illegible] and persuaded not to go back to work and those who persisted in returning to the plant were assaulted.

Cordon of Strikers

The strikers had [illegible] a strong cordon around the entrance of the [illegible] company that it was almost impossible for anybody to break through [illegible] on the ranks of the strikers were [illegible] but many who had signified their intention of returning to work until the strike was settled tried to enter the plant only to be assaulted.

Rioting Started

[illegible] o'clock that the ranks of the strikers and those who wished to return to work began to swell. [illegible] and a [illegible] of the people who wanted to go back to work were unsuccessful [illegible] to the building. A number of people who wanted to go to work gathered in a crowd and decided to rush through one particular part of the lines. [illegible] was where the [illegible] came.

In less than five minutes after the [illegible] was made, clubs and blackjacks were being wielded over their heads. Stones, [illegible] sticks and other missiles were used and the battle waged in this manner for about ten or fifteen minutes.

Forty of the employes who wanted to return to work succeeded in getting into the plant and the strikers threatened to destroy the building.

Billerica Police Notified

Matters were getting so warm that the Billerica police were notified and in a very short space of time Officers Mac[illegible], Conway, Bartlett, Livingston and Costello were on the scene, but they were unable to cope with the infuriated strikers and word was sent to Lowell and Patrolmen Edward Connors, John Maher, John Heafey and John Leighton were sent out on the [illegible] train.

Five Arrests Made

During the main battle and subsequently five of the strikers were arrested and sent to the Lowell police station where they were booked for assault and battery.

When taken to the station they gave their names and ages as follows:

[illegible], aged 18 years.
[illegible], aged 2[illegible] years.
[illegible] Dedich, aged 2[illegible] years.
Moustafa Aheim, aged 2[illegible] years.
[illegible], aged 20 years.

Yesterday when the determination [illegible] was reached, those who decided to go out spread the report that [illegible] who would attempt to go to work this morning would get a knife stuck into him. It was further stated that if they could not get what they wanted dynamite would be used. Seven of the houses were detailed to watch [illegible] during the night but they were not able to control the strikers [illegible]. The company [illegible] the strikers waited until the demand [illegible] discussed by the company.

Superintendent Interviewed

Supt. [illegible] of the [illegible] with representatives of the press this [illegible] are [illegible] laborers [illegible] week. [illegible] increase [illegible] per week [illegible] able.

Yesterday [illegible] on Friday [illegible] was [illegible] that [illegible] into the [illegible] that the [illegible] might be [illegible] the employes [illegible]

An investigation showed that all of the [illegible] were gathered in a room, the door of which was locked with a [illegible] the [illegible] was an [illegible] [illegible] that [illegible] per week [illegible] refused the [illegible]

BRITISH CABINET

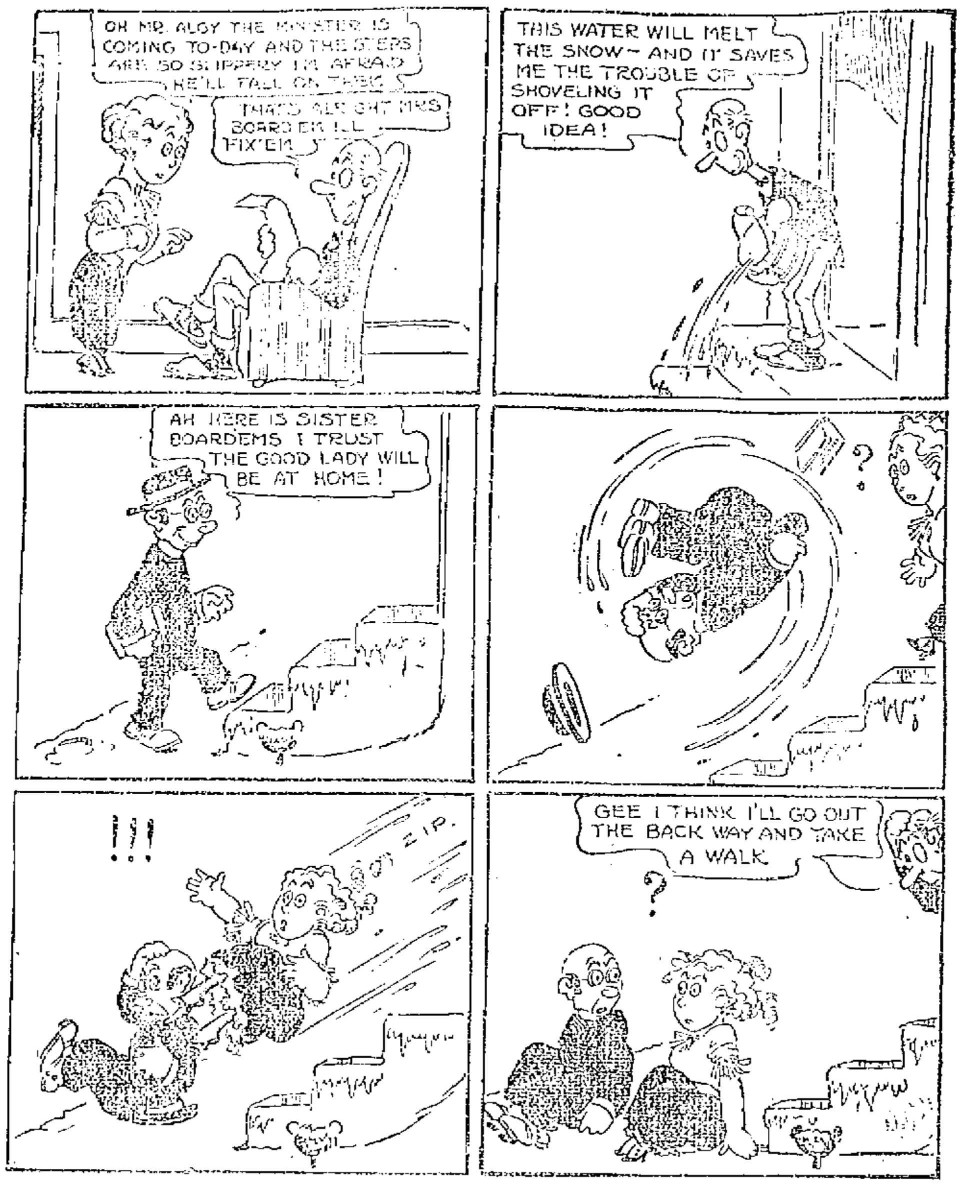
CHANCELLOR GEORGE SAYS THERE IS NO SPLIT

LONDON, Feb. 3.—David Lloyd George, chancellor of the exchequer, [illegible] he was making [illegible] London Liberal [illegible] the reports [illegible] cabinet were [illegible] He also assured [illegible] Premier Asquith [illegible]

NEW ENGLAND RIFLE LEAGUE

PORTLAND, [illegible], Feb. 3.—The [illegible] Rifle club of this city [illegible] Bridgeport, [illegible] the third [illegible] New England [illegible] The [illegible] possible [illegible]

A PAIR OF SLIPPERS



FUNERALS

WHITE—All that was mortal of the late Mrs. Annie White was tenderly consigned to its final resting place in the Catholic cemetery this morning. The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place from her late home, No. 37 Albion street, at [illegible] o'clock and proceeded to St. Michael's church, where at [illegible] o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Bernard Rourke, a brother of the deceased, assisted by Rev. John J. [illegible] deacon, and Rev. Fr. Queenan, subdeacon. Seated in the sanctuary were Rev. Fr. Curtin of St. Patrick's, Rev. Fr. McDermott, O. M. I., of the Sacred Heart church, Rev. Fr. Mullin and Rev. Fr. Murphy of St. Michael's. The choir, directed by Mr. Thomas P. Rourke, sang the Gregorian mass. Miss Cecilyn White presided at the organ. The solos of the mass were sustained by Mr. James A. Murphy and Miss Griffin. In attendance at the funeral from out-of-town were Mr. Daniel F. O'Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gilmore of Worcester and many others.

The floral offerings consisted of a pillow of roses, lilies and ferns, inscribed "Mother," from the husband and children of the deceased; cross and anchor of roses and carnations, inscribed on base "Thy Will Be Done," from brothers and sisters of the deceased; cross of roses, lilies and ferns inscribed on base "At Rest," from the Misses Maguire and Miss McLaughlin; wreath of roses and ferns on base, from the employes of A. P. Rourke; wreath of roses and carnations on base from the [illegible] family; wreath of roses, from Mr. Frank Morrissey and Miss Genevieve Rourke; wreath of roses and galax leaves, from Mr. William J. Collins; spray of white roses with ribbon inscribed "At Rest," from John J. [illegible] and family; spray of white carnations, from Mr. and Mrs. Curtin and family; spray of lilies, from Miss [illegible]; spray of roses from Dr. [illegible]; spray of carnations, from Mr. and Mrs. Edward Campbell; spray of roses, from Mr. and Mrs. Hugh [illegible]; spray of carnations, from the Misses [illegible] and [illegible]; wreath of roses, from the Misses Catherine and Kelly [illegible]; spray of roses, from John J. [illegible], and a spray of white carnations from Mrs. [illegible].

The [illegible] of the mass and choir were Messrs. Conrad J. [illegible], [illegible] and [illegible] A. [illegible] students from Holy Cross college, Worcester. The bearers were Messrs. [illegible] Rourke, Terrence Rourke, James [illegible], Patrick Hannon, [illegible] and Charles [illegible] Rourke. Interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the last sad rites of the Catholic church were conducted by Rev. Fr. Rourke, assisted by Rev. Fr. Murphy and Rev. Fr. McDermott, O. M. I. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Funeral Director James W. McKenna.

WELCH—The funeral of the late [illegible] Welch took place this morning at [illegible] o'clock from her late home [illegible] [illegible] St. Andrew's church in North Billerica, where at [illegible] o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. [illegible], O. M. I. The [illegible] the Gregorian [illegible] Mrs. [illegible] Miss [illegible] O. M. I. [illegible] [illegible] down the steps [illegible]

Ben Kearney. The bearers were Messrs. James Kelley, Humphrey Coffey, Philip Riley, John Harrington, Ambrose Cooley and John Kearney. Burial took place in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read at the grave by the Rev. Edward Cornell, O. M. I. The funeral arrangements and burial were under the direction of Undertaker John J. O'Connell.

TURCOTTE—The funeral of the late Isidore Turcotte took place this morning from his late home, 32 Mammoth road. The long cortege wended its way to St. Jean Baptiste church, where at 9 o'clock high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Charles Denizot, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Mr. George E. Caisse rendered the Gregorian chant, Mr. Arthur J. Martel presiding at the organ. The bearers were J. P. Marchand, Henri Mayrand, Camille Boussin, Hilaire Dezois, Wilfred Bourbillette and Joseph Ducharme. The delegation from La Societe St. Joseph, of which deceased was a member, was as follows: Edouard Villeneuf, Theodule Lemire, Alfred LeBlanc and Pascal Hamelin. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I., officiating at the grave. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

CLOUGH—The funeral of Herschel P. G. Clough took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his residence, 758 Bridge street. The services were conducted by Rev. Forrester A. Macdonald, pastor of the Fifth Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. William H. Poole. Delegations were present from Lowell No. 8 and Highland No. 97 councils, Royal Arcanum. The bearers were Messrs. Fred C. [illegible], Linson H. DeVoe, Clarence E. Edwards and John F. Burrill. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HONEY—The funeral of Mrs. Betsy Honey took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her daughter, Mrs. George H. W[illegible], 358 Wilder street, Rev. [illegible] Bancroft officiating. The bearers were Messrs. William B. Foster, Robert N. Foster, A. Gordon Foster and Sherwood L. Foster. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. C. M. Young had charge of the funeral arrangements.

HOARE—The funeral of James J. Hoare, son of John B. and Ida Hoare, took place yesterday afternoon on the arrival of 1 o'clock train from Brockton. Rev. Selden W. Cummings officiated at the services in the Edson cemetery, where burial took place. Undertaker John A. Weinbeck had charge of the funeral arrangements.

OBERMEYER—The funeral of Jennie Obermeyer took place yesterday afternoon from the Middlesex street station, upon the arrival of the 1 o'clock train from Boston, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Peter H. Savage.

ELLIOTT—The funeral services of Miss Mary E. Elliott were held Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of Dr. Jesse A. Viles, 14 Coral street, where she had made her home, and were largely attended. Rev. Smith Baker officiated. There was singing by the Mendelssohn male quartet, who sang, "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "Gulstan's Good Night." There were many beautiful floral offerings. The body was taken Friday morning to Mt. Auburn cemetery, where burial took place in the family lot. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

ROURKE—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Rourke took place from the funeral parlors of Higgins Bros. this morning at 8.30 o'clock and wended its way to the Sacred Heart church, where at 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I.

The choir rendered the Gregorian mass. At the offertory "Pie Jesu" was sung and as the body was being borne from the church "De Profundis" was rendered by the sanctuary choir. Mr. John Kelly presided at the organ.

There were several beautiful floral tributes testifying to the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends and acquaintances and among them was a large pillow of roses, pinks, lilies and ferns with the inscription "Mother," from the family of the deceased.

The casket was borne from the church to the hearse by the following bearers: Messrs. John F. Rourke, Jr., of Boston, Mass., Joseph A. Rourke of Springfield, Mass., and Edward and Frank Sheehan of this city.

Among the many mourners from out of town were friends from Newton, Springfield, Revere and Boston, Mass.

After leaving the church the funeral cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's cemetery, burial being in the family lot where the last rites of the Catholic church were read at the grave by the Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The funeral was largely attended and under the direction of Undertakers Higgins Bros.

CUT PRICE MAYOR

IS OUT FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP OF ILLINOIS

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 3.—A new candidate in the republican ranks for governor came into the limelight yesterday. Mayor Shank of Indianapolis made formal announcement that he would seek the nomination and had high hopes that he could carry the state in the fall. At the 5th district convention this week at Rockville, Mr. Shank was indorsed by the republicans as the logical candidate.

Mayor Shanks has made many friends especially in the rural districts, in his fight on the high cost of living. The other candidates for governor are expected to be Hanly, Miller, Lockwood and Williams.

BUNCH OF KEYS LOST FRIDAY [illegible] Livingston grain yards. Reward on return to Sun Office.

THE FINAL ARGUMENT

Made in the Senator Stephenson Case Today

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Corruption in a senatorial primary alone does not corrupt a United States senator's election, according to argument presented to the senate committee on privileges and elections today in behalf of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin. Former Rep. Littlefield of Maine as counsel for Senator Stephenson in connection with that statement, however, denied that there had been any corruption in the Stephenson primary. He held that a corrupt influence by a senator or his responsible agent coupled with submission to it and participation in it, by members of a legislature were necessary to taint a senator's election with fraud.

The committee was hearing final argument on the charges of bribery and corruption in connection with Senator Stephenson's election. A sub committee had already exonerated him.

"Weren't there several members of the legislature who said they voted for Mr. Stephenson because of the primary vote?" asked Senator Lea.

"Yes."

"Yet you say the senate cannot investigate the primary?"

"Yes."

Senator Oliver announced that if there had been corruption in the primary he wouldn't be influenced in his vote by the legal proposition.

"So you had better get down to something else," concluded Senator Oliver.

Mr. Littlefield suggested it would be opening up a new field if the senate created a precedent of investigating senatorial primaries.

TOM LONGBOAT WON

EDINBORO, Scot., Feb. 3.—Tom Longboat, the Canadian Indian runner, today won a 15-mile race at the Powderhall Athletic grounds, defeating Kohlehmainen, the Finnish champion, who recently won the professional marathon foot race, and Hans Holmer, the American runner, by half a yard and 200 yards respectively. Tom's time for the distance was one hour, 20 minutes, 42 2-5 seconds. The prize was $250.

BURNETT APPOINTED RECEIVER

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 3.—To give him jurisdiction over the property of the Rhode Island Coal Co. in this state, John T. Burnett of Southboro, Mass., was appointed receiver in Rhode Island by Judge Brown in the United States court today. Mr. Burnett was made receiver of the company in Massachusetts a few days ago. The company's mines are located at Portsmouth.

EDWARD H. PACKARD

M. S. P. C. A. Agent is a Busy Man

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has 100 agents scattered through the state and it is desired through them to effectually extend the arm of protection to every living creature whether it walks, crawls, flies or swims.

"Will everybody please snug up the living quarters of their animals and birds through the winter securities now out?" asks Ed. H. Packard, traveling missionary for the society who has been commissioned to spend the winter visiting every nook and corner of the state to do all that he can by the spoken voice and through the public press to influence animal owners to give them warm winter quarters with plenty of dry bedding.

"Last winter," the agent says, "our society was obliged to prosecute quite a few who failed to properly protect their animals from the cold."

When you are snug and warm between blankets these cold nights consider what suffering unprotected animals and fowl must endure—give it your thought and care that these creatures may get necessary sleep in comfort. Hogs especially like the warmth, and it is necessary to their development.

"I hope," Mr. Packard says, "that every humane person and the Band of Mercy members will be constantly alert and report any cruelties either to the local agents or by letter or telephone to the M. S. P. C. A., 45 Milk street, Boston, whose offices are open day and night in behalf of the dumb animals."

The humane society in order to protect these suffering animals and give them medical care and rest is about to erect a modern animal hospital at Boston, where the sick and injured animals of the poor anywhere throughout the state can go and be restored to health and strength without charge to their owners.

The society through its president, Dr. Francis H. Rowley, asks for a million dollars to build and endow this hospital, create an auto ambulance service with several animal receiving stations through the state and establish a thoroughgoing publicity bureau to educate the masses in the care of animals and inculcate the principles of sympathy, kindness and mercy.

WANTS NEW TRIAL

Counsel for MacFarland Files Motion

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—Counsel for Allison MacFarland, who was found guilty Monday of the murder of his wife, Evelyn, applied today to Chief Justice Gummere to have the verdict set aside on the ground of newly discovered evidence. Next Wednesday was set as the date for a hearing on the motion.

CLARENCE DARROW

Entered a Plea of Not Guilty

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 3.—Clarence Darrow, former chief counsel for the McNamaras, pleaded not guilty today to the indictments charging him with jury bribery. The pleas were entered after Presiding Judge Hutton of the superior court had over-ruled a demurrer filed in behalf of Darrow and a motion to quash the indictment.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THE WEATHER
Snow late tonight and Sunday; cooler, increasing northwest to west winds.

THE LOWELL SUN

7 O'CLOCK

ESTABLISHED 1878 | LOWELL, MASS., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1912 | PRICE ONE CENT

Ettor Not Yet Released

1,000 IN CUSTODY

As Result of Recent General Strike in Lisbon

LISBON, Feb. 3.—The senate today expressed its agreement with the chamber of deputies in favor of an extension of the state of siege and trial by military courts of the men arrested in connection with the recent general strike. Over 1000 persons are still in custody.

The general confederation of labor is to be dissolved shortly by the government on the ground that its statutes have not been approved.

A number of abandoned bombs have been found in various places and three children who were playing with one of them were severely injured owing to its explosion.

LABOR TROUBLE

May Spread Throughout New England and New York

THE FIRE MARSHAL

Looking Into Cause of the Recent Fires in This City

Fire Marshal Rice of the state police, who makes a specialty of investigating mysterious fires, was in Lowell today and in company with Chief E. S. Hosmer, of the local fire department, visited Lawrence street and Broadway where two unexplainable fires have occurred during the past several days.

On the 28th of January, last Sunday, a fire broke out in the living room of W. Sternbaum which is in the rear of his shoe store in Lawrence street. The cause of the fire is unknown and for that reason the state police were called in.

Last Monday a fire broke out in the clothes cleansing establishment of Frank Gardelink in Noble's block, Broadway, between Fletcher and Willie streets. The cause of the fire is a mystery.

THE MONEY IS SAFE

$282,000,000 in Vaults Was Unharmed

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The security vaults of the Equitable Life Assurance society were opened today for the first time since the fire. The vaults contain securities and papers representing $282,000,000, all of which was unharmed. They will be transferred to the new vaults at the Mercantile Safe Deposit Co.

LOWELL HIGH WON

Track Team Defeated the Newton Boys

The Lowell High school track team opened its season this afternoon at the High school annex and defeated the Newton High team in an exciting meet, by a score of 43½ to 28½. The feature of the meet was the 1200 yard team race in which Lowell captured all the points.

TO OPEN RECRUITING STATION

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, Feb. 3.—Col. Antonio Rojaz, whose release from the penitentiary in this city was forced yesterday by mutinous rural guards and who later demanded the release of all political prisoners, has gone with his men to Santa Olalia, a rich mining camp, 16 miles from here. It is reported that he will there open a recruiting station. Gov. Gonzales has not agreed to the plans of Col. Rojaz. General Orozco has made preparations to defend the city.

FELL FROM A ROOF

Man Had Narrow Escape From Injury

Isidore Deziel, aged 26 years, narrowly escaped serious injury Thursday when he fell off a roof in Stevens street. Deziel, who is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Deziel of Montreal, Que., had just completed shingling a roof in Stevens street, and was walking along the staging when he lost his footing and fell to the ground, a distance of about 40 feet.

His companions thinking he was dead, rushed to his assistance, but before they reached him, he was on his feet again and was able to return to his home, 800 Merrimack street, where later a physician was called. After a close examination on the part of the doctor, it was found that the only injuries received was an abrasion of the left foot. He is none the worse today and he has resumed his work.

HORSE RAN AWAY

Child's Shoulder Was Badly Injured

At 4 o'clock this afternoon a horse ran away in Gorham street and caused considerable damage. The animal was hitched to a sleigh, which was occupied by a man who was doing the driving, two young women and a child. The horse dashed up Gorham street and when it reached the corner of Fay street, the sleigh was overturned and its occupants were thrown to the pavement. The child's shoulder was injured, while the other people were badly shaken up.

The injured people were removed to the home of Mr. Baker at the corner of Fay and Gorham streets and a hurried call for the ambulance was sent in. The names of the occupants of the sleigh could not be learned, but it was claimed they live in Manchester street.

Fred C. Church carried the insurance on the building of A. Gauthier, Cheever street, damaged by fire this afternoon.

LATEST FEATURES OF STRIKE

Labor leaders may extend strike to all American Woolen Co.'s mills.
Attempt to secure Leader Ettor's release postponed until Tuesday.
New strike leader says only 5000 operatives are at work.
Mill agents say they have nearly one-half of their regular force.

THE STRIKE MAY SPREAD

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—The expediency of extending the strike of textile workers in this city, which involves more than 15,000 persons, to all the mills of the American Woolen Co., will be decided on tomorrow at a conference in behalf of members of the executive committee of the Industrial Workers of the World, the union which has assumed responsibility for the organization of the strike in this city. This statement was made today by William Yates of New Bedford, who has stepped into the local leadership made vacant by the arrest of Joseph Ettor, a few days ago, the prime mover in the local strike. It is understood that should the general strike against the American Woolen Co., which has mills throughout New England and New York state, be decided on by the executive committee the sympathetic movement may affect many other mills, manufacturing both cotton and woolen goods in New England.

The movement to crystalize the general strike proposed against the American Woolen Co.'s mills has been taken up by the committee which directed the strike against that corporation in 1902 which centered in Olneyville, R. I. Much of the support for the present movement comes from that place, where the American Woolen Co. has several mills. Members of the executive council of the I. W. W. are now on the way to Boston from all parts of the country. It is expected that at least half a dozen members of the committee, including William Trautmann of Chicago, Speed of San Francisco, Koettgen of Paterson, N. J., Halcrow of St. Louis and possibly Warner C. Smith of Denver will attend the meeting. Ettor is a member of this committee and may send a message from the Essex county jail here where he is confined.

The news from Boston today that the attempt to secure Ettor's release together with that of Arturo Giovannitti, another strike leader, through habeas corpus proceedings, has been postponed until Tuesday, was very disappointing to the leaders and others interested in the success of the strike. It is still contended by them, however, that the cause of the strikers has been aided more than hurt by their leader's arrest.

The claim was made today by Mr. Yates that of the 37,000 persons which he estimates are employed in the textile industry in this city under normal conditions, not more than 5000 are now at work. Most of the mill agents assert that their plants are running with between 25 and 50 per cent. of the regular force. A medium between the two claims, which would place the number of operatives at work now at about 12,000 to 15,000, is regarded as a fair estimate. The remainder of the operatives are divided in the proportions of about two-thirds strikers and one-third persons who have been forced out of employment either through lack of work or for other reasons.

STRIKE COMMITTEE

ISSUES STATEMENT REGARDING THE ARREST OF ETTOR

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—A statement issued by the strikers' committee today follows in part:

"The arrest of Ettor and others is simply a proof of the desperation of the bosses. Instead of breaking the strike it has only strengthened the workers' determination to get what is due them. Workers the country over are aroused and support is pledged and given. Not only that but the textile workers in this state in the plants of the American Woolen Co. and in at least two other states will strike within two weeks if necessary."

The statement which is addressed to mill workers follows in full:

"This strike is won if you, the workers, stay out as you are doing.

"The arrest of Ettor and others is simply a proof of the desperation of the bosses. Instead of breaking the strike it has only strengthened the workers' determination to get what is due them.

"Various committees have investigated the strike. Their reports state that all or part of the demands of the strikers are justified.

"Gov. Foss, in a statement to the New York Journal of Commerce, says in effect the millmen are to blame.

"Workers the country over are aroused and support is pledged and given. Not only that but textile workers in this state and in plants of the American Woolen Co. in at least two states will strike within two weeks if necessary.

"Bring all cases of distress to the attention of the relief committee.

"See all who are still at work and induce them to stay out. Show them that their action means increased misery to themselves and children; and that scabs in this strike are traitors to their families and class.

"The strike cannot be lost, who will come here to replace strikers at $6 per week?

"Attend meetings. Don't be a scab.

"An injury to one is an injury to all."
(Signed) "Strike Committee."

STICK OF DYNAMITE

WAS THROWN AT THE MILITIA IN LAWRENCE

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Analysis today of the dynamite which was thrown in a stick at militia outposts on guard at the southern end of Canal street last night showed that the dynamite could not have caused very great damage had it exploded, having deteriorated considerably.

Continued to page four

THE O. M. I. CADETS

GREATLY PLEASED OVER NOMINATION OF MAJ. HAGGERTY

Last evening at the meeting of the O. M. I. cadets in the Immaculate Conception school hall there was a large attendance. When Major Francis Haggerty entered the hall his fellow comrades tendered him an ovation. So enthusiastic were the members on the choice of their popular major as an alternate to a scholarship at West Point that their cheers could be heard at a great distance from the hall. All congratulated the young soldier and wished him the best of success. He responded in a fitting manner and thanked all for their good words and said that he hoped he would merit the felicitations showered upon him.

PRESIDENT TAFT

RECEIVED COUNCIL OF JUNIOR ORDER OF A. M.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Taft today received the National Council of the Junior Order of United American Mechanics.

The council has asked the house immigration committee to recommend a provision in the new law barring illiterate immigrants.

EX-GOV. HERRICK

GUEST OF PRESIDENT TAFT AT LUNCHEON

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—President Taft had as a luncheon guest today, former Governor Herrick of Ohio, to whom it is believed has been offered the post of ambassador to France, succeeding Robert Bacon, who resigned to become a fellow of Harvard university.

It was said Mr. Herrick would give his answer to the president today. Reports that he might manage the Taft campaign are not credited here.

MGR. WM. O'BRIEN

CONGRATULATED BY MANY FRIENDS ON HIS NEW HONOR

The people of St. Patrick's parish are greatly elated over the elevation of their beloved pastor, Rev. William O'Brien to the rank of monsignor. That title could not be conferred upon a more zealous or more devoted priest. His parishioners and friends in this city will find a way to express their pleasure at this recognition of his worth by Cardinal O'Connell and the Holy Father at Rome. Father O'Brien is so humble and so retiring in his manner that he dislikes anything in the nature of public display; but already some societies are taking steps to express their gratification at his elevation. Since the announcement by Cardinal O'Connell Fr. O'Brien has been bestered by friends offering their felicitations.

TROOPS ARE ACTIVE

NANKING, Feb. 3.—The activity of the republican troops in this vicinity does not diminish, notwithstanding the confidence expressed in Peking in the approaching abdication of the throne. Huang Sing, the republican minister of war, asserts that the advance of the five republican columns on Peking will continue irrespective of abdication. The republican senate is busily engaged in perfecting plans for the future government of China.

THE CHINESE SITUATION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—An official announcement of the steps which the state department has taken to secure an agreement to act in concord with the powers concerned in the Chinese situation is expected very soon.

It was admitted today that there had been recent exchanges of views with the German foreign office.

SIXTY MEN KILLED

In Battle in Province of Kiang Su

SUTSIEN, China, Feb. 3.—The republican troops lost 60 men killed in an outpost engagement with the imperialists 15 miles to the north of this city in the province of Kiang Su today.

Reinforcements consisting of 2000 men of all arms are leaving here for the front and a battle is expected to take place on Feb. 5.

Chang Hsun, who is in command of the imperial forces at Su Chow, has made an offer to join the revolutionary army with his followers if his personal losses are reimbursed.

COLONEL STEEVER

Is Instructed to Prevent Firing

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Col. Edgar Z. Steever, commanding the Fourth United States cavalry at El Paso, has been instructed to prevent firing into American territory and the Mexican authorities have received a warning from the American government not to permit shooting across the border line. Colonel Steever has informed the department that there has been no firing as yet into American territory. Although representations have been made to the Mexican government by American Ambassador Wilson for the protection of the family of G. H. Robinson, manager of a mining company, who was captured by the rebels, advices to the state department expressed doubt as to the ability of the Mexican government to give this protection.

Casas Grandes is reported to have gone over to the insurrectionists without a shot being fired.

RAGS ON FIRE

AN ALARM WAS SOUNDED FROM BOX 14

An alarm from box 14 about four o'clock this afternoon was for a slight blaze in a pile of rags in a house in Concord place, off Concord street. The fire was extinguished before any material damage was done.

Mr. Humphrey O'Sullivan is a candidate for delegate from this district to the next democratic national convention.

The Massachusetts mills of this city have declared a dividend of four per cent. payable February 10th to stock of record January 25th.

VISITING AGITATOR

Caused Strike at Rendering Works—Five Rioters Arrested

Seventy employes of the Lowell Rendering Co.'s works in South Lowell went on strike yesterday noon and early this morning they gathered about the premises and besides threatening to destroy property they prevented scores of employes from going to work.

Clubs, blackjacks, stones and other missiles were used and the fight became so general that it was necessary to call on the Billerica and Lowell police to render assistance.

When the police officers arrived on the scene the mob was in an angry mood and was busily engaged in smashing people over the head with clubs and other weapons. Five men were placed under arrest, but they had not been long in the local police station before they received bail. The

Continued to last page

REV. GEO. VAN DEURSEN

Gives Interesting Talk on the Care of the House and Body

[illegible]

HERE IS A REAL DYSPEPSIA CURE

No Indigestion, Gas or Heartburn in Five Minutes

The question is [illegible] are going to continue a sufferer from Indigestion, Dyspepsia or Stomach Disorders [illegible] soon you begin taking some Dyspepsia.

If your Stomach is lacking in digestive power, why not help the stomach to do its work, not with drastic drugs but "a reconforcement of digestive agents, such as are naturally at work in the stomach.

People with weak Stomachs should take a little Dyspepsia Tablet [illegible] and there will be no more indigestion, no feeling like a lump of lead in the stomach, no heartburn, sour risings, gas on stomach or belching of undigested food, headaches, dizziness, sick stomach, and breath, what you eat will not ferment and poison your breath with nauseous odors. All these symptoms resulting from a sour, out-of-order stomach and dyspepsia are generally relieved in five minutes after taking a little Dyspepsia.

Go to your druggist and get a 50c case of Pape's Dyspepsia Tablets and you will always go to the table with a hearty appetite and what you eat will taste good, because your stomach and intestines will be clean and fresh, and you will know there are not going to be any more bad nights and miserable days for you. They freshen you and make you feel like life is worth living.

TO LET

All sufferers from piles, old sores and all skin diseases know that **ST. THOMAS' SALVE** has no equal. Try it. All leading druggists, 35c.

PROPERTY SOLD

Jos. F. Donohoe Bought Bowlaway Building

[illegible]

PERJURY CHARGED

NEWSPAPERMAN ENTERED A PLEA OF NOT GUILTY

[illegible]

LOWELL OPERA HOUSE

John Grey, the inimitable, was at the opera House last week appearing in the leading role of Richard B. Davis' drama, "The Single Man" and the house was literally packed with the admirers of this popular actor. The plot of the drama has to do with a literary man of [illegible], discovering age coming on, decides that he should get married in order to enjoy life. He selects a romping girl not more than half his age and the wedding day is fixed. Meantime he is called upon to take part in the sleigh pranks the [illegible] to seek means of his intended bride and of these he soon gets very weary. He realizes that he has made a mistake. Meantime he discovers that his secretary, a very winsome young lady, is secretly in love with him. Her determination to have Prince up the crisis and he realizes he made a mistake. He decides to break off the engagement but before he has time to do so, his intended bride comes to him to break it off as she also had discovered that she had made a mistake in agreeing to marry a man old enough to be her father. At other hand when his sister-in-law wanted to have him marry tried hard to win him but was repelled at every advance and the final scene presented him and his faithful secretary united in bonds of love.

The cast of the characters was as follows:

Robin Worthington ..... John Drew
Henry Worthington ..... Ivan Simpson
Dicky Cottrell ..... Edward Kelly
Lady Cottrell ..... Clara P. Bracy
Maggie Cottrell ..... Carol H. Mathews
Mrs. Hesseltine ..... Mary Boland
Isabella Worthington ..... Louise Drew
Louise Parker ..... Thais Lawton
Bertha Fine ..... Helen Holte
Gladys, a maid ..... Eva Condon
Mrs. Hipson, housekeeper, Cecelia Radcliffe

Mr. Drew's action was as usual, natural, graceful and artistic throughout. Miss Mary Boland, as secretary, proved to be an actress of rare ability, a good second for Mr. Drew in everything undertaken. Her modest expression, her stately figure and skilful conception of her role were all assets in her favor and she gave a presentation of her role that would be hard to equal.

Miss Carol H. Cowan as the intended bride, was briefly attractive and clever. Miss Louise Drew, daughter of the star, as Isabel Worthington, showed considerable cleverness, although her role did not call for any difficult emotional work.

As a spinster who tries to catch a husband and continue to keep him by the methods adopted, Miss Thais Lawton as Louise Parker "went the limit."

The remainder of the cast was good and the performance was highly enjoyed by the audience, which was one of the largest of the season. Incidentally [illegible] at the opera House for [illegible] day.

"THE FORTUNE HUNTER"

What a strange meaning and what a warning to young men of convivial natures is that scene in the first act of "The Fortune Hunter" when Willie Bartlett asks Ned Treacy to go out and make a night of it "for old times' sake." Willie says: "Do you remember the night you [illegible] and showed me how to play [illegible]?" Ned: "Yes, I remember what a sad evening it was. My associate was because I wouldn't come with us." Willie: "Associate! Why, you've been made junior partner in Ft. Wall street, haven't you?" Ned: "Yes, I have." It is with touches of real human interest like these and the [illegible] breathe more sunshine [illegible] wake "The Fortune Hunter" [illegible] in the memory [illegible] with [illegible] correct with [illegible] effect of tremendous value to the world at large.

Seats go on sale Monday morning.

MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE

Our stock [illegible] 12 people, will [illegible] at the Merrimack Square theatre next week, [illegible] "The Fortune Hunter." [illegible] Mr. Weston [illegible] Miss Grace Price. [illegible] will be heard in [illegible] in keeping with the [illegible] Mr. Weston will continue to be [illegible] of the production. The scenery of the piece will [illegible] elaborate [illegible] with [illegible] spared to make it [illegible] production fitting.

The [illegible] on Tuesday will be in keeping with the high [illegible] attained by the company [illegible] for the coming week. Miss Marie Lorens, leading lady, is [illegible] in comedy [illegible] Willie Bartlett, [illegible] "The Wearing of the Green." [illegible] and Andrews, known [illegible] Sisters and Dowers, [illegible] original [illegible] appeared [illegible] and Miss Moss [illegible] Willard, [illegible] artists, will appear [illegible] The photoplays for [illegible] week will [illegible] "Transformation of Mr. [illegible] Broadway," "The Edge of [illegible]," "The Trap in the Grass" [illegible] and others. [illegible] practice on Friday night [illegible] Square Theatre [illegible] will feature selections from [illegible] popular song, "The [illegible] Irish Rose."

For the [illegible] matinees Sunday afternoon [illegible] the "Bowling well-known [illegible] will appear. The Carney [illegible] Mr. Michael McCale, [illegible] the Heilborn Four, [illegible] and others. The [illegible] for the day will be new [illegible].

Patrons [illegible] of the fact that all seats, a total of 750, are sold at one price, [illegible] at the matinees with the [illegible] Saturdays, Sundays and holidays. The subscription list is still open and only requires a call at the box office to have one's name placed on it.

KEITH'S LOWELL THEATRE

Next week will be all nations week at Keith's, for acts will be given that have been called [illegible] within the boundless realms of vaudeville. "Theo" the balloon girl is the headline attraction at the [illegible] and she demonstrates the wonderful possibilities of the vaudeville form of entertainment. "Theo" circles around the theatre in her balloon as easily and gracefully as though she were in the open and will take you along with her if you desire, gently lifting you out of your seat and depositing you there again. She concludes her act with delightful singing and dancing. Haviland and Thornton present a funny sketch entitled "A Question of Policy" which should interest the army of insurance agents in Lowell, not to speak of the army of victims, for the sketch portrays the efforts of a persistent agent to wish a policy on a young woman who is averse to insurance. Alfredo, the boy violinist will charm all lovers of music by his wonderful talent. He does a straight act playing the best compositions of the greatest composers. Willard and Bond, two jolly comedians "have a most laughable sketch entitled "The Battle of Bunco Hill," one as a regular army captain and the other a German war correspondent. Hart and Dunlay have a fetching sketch known as "Sea Breezes." Rosalie and Doretta are comedy acrobats way above the ordinary level. Josh Dale the comedy juggler, mystifies you and then tells you as to how it is done. Frank and True Rice have a pleasing acrobatic act. Phil Ott, a big Lowell favorite heads the bill at tomorrow's concerts. Seven motion pictures all first run reels will be shown.

THEATRE VOYONS

Tonight is the last chance to see "His Mother," the phenomenally successful Irish picture at the Theatre Voyons. It is a most touching story of an Irish lad and his mother taken partly in Ireland and partly on American soil. It is a consistent and reasonable story reproduced in the lives of hundreds of Irish Americans. The musical program includes "Eileen Alannah," one of the best duets in the repertoire of James and Lillian Dale and "Where the River Kennare Flows," an Irish ballard with a pleasing swing to its melody. The balance of the program is exceptionally pleasing and the bill for tomorrow, Sunday, has several big features.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC

"Crowded Again," is the slogan at the Academy. The patrons of the laughing shop of Lowell are satisfied that the Academy is the place to go when they want cheering-up.

"A Lesson in Travesty," by the Jolly Fannie Hatfield Stock Co. is the funniest one-act sketch ever produced. It keeps the audience in throes of laughter from the rising of the curtain until the finish.

The Valee Bros., two rubes, with their own scenery have a very pleasing act. They are comedians of note and have a supply of mirth and music that cannot be excelled.

Phil Morrin, a comedy singer, has a batch of funny songs that make you feel as if this old world is a grand place after all. Don't fail to hear him sing "Hempck Club."

Miss McDonough, a Lowell girl, is singing some new and up-to-date songs. She has a voice to be proud of and is well liked by the Lowellites.

Six acts and four pictures, Sunday. Come early.

GIRL A HERO

SHE SAVED BOY'S LIFE IN LYNN FACTORY

LYNN, Feb. 3.—Miss Elizabeth Burns, a 17-year-old buttonhole operator in the stitching room of the Thompson & Crocker shoe factory, yesterday saved the life of Joseph Cheever, 18 years old, at 360 Summer street, by seizing his legs and holding them firmly as he was being drawn into the shafting of a rapidly revolving belt.

The girl's screams for help caused a panic among the 700 women operatives in the room, and their hysterical cries caused Edward Johnson to shut off the power.

Cheever was dragged from the shafting by Miss Burns and Miss Anna Mosan of 33 Flint street, in a partially unconscious condition, with every fragment of clothing from the waist up torn off.

OPERA HOUSE BURNED

CRANFORD, N. J., Feb. 3.—Fire broke out early today in a building occupied by the local opera house and rapidly spread to adjoining buildings containing the postoffice and six stores. Before the flames were extinguished damage to the amount of $10,000 entailed.

LABORER FOUND $30,000

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—If "finders were keepers" an Italian laborer, employed by the contractors who are clearing away the ruins of the Equitable building, would be taking a passage for "Sunny It" today. Unfortunately for him the owners of the building are careful to see that the workmen give up whatever they find there.

Steel workers were cutting away the girders which buried one of the vaults when suddenly the laborer saw a roll of bills and as quickly grasped the money. He slid out of the crowd of workmen and was hurrying off when a detective snatched the roll from his hand. It contained exactly $30,000.

TOOK PARIS GREEN

Man Attempted to End His Life

John Costello, aged 55 years of West Everett, attempted to end his life by taking a big dose of paris green. The man is now at St. John's hospital and although he is in a critical condition the physicians entertain strong hopes for his recovery.

The man was found in Canal street in the rear of Evans' beach room by Patrolman John Sullivan. The latter thought at first that the man was in an intoxicated condition but the strange actions of the man aroused the suspicion of the officer and he sent a hurry call to the police station.

At the station Costello was searched and on him was found a package containing the poison, and one end of it had been torn away and part of the contents was missing. The man was at this time quite weak to talk and Capt. Atkinson sent him to St. John's hospital, where the stomach pump was applied and the man partly regained consciousness. A large quantity of the poison was found in the man's stomach, by the hospital physicians, and prompt treatment was given him.

PRINCIPAL DOOLEY

INVITED TO ADDRESS TRADES & LABOR COUNCIL

The regular meeting of the Trades & Labor council was held Thursday night at 32 Middle street, President Welch occupying the chair. There were delegates present from [illegible] organizations and reports showed that all of the local unions are in a flourishing condition.

The legislative committee reported on the different bills before the legislature and other matters of interest to the council. Rev. Arthur H. Grigg spoke briefly on the bill providing for one day's rest in seven, which was unanimously endorsed by the council.

The Industrial school was discussed at length, and it was voted to extend an invitation to Principal W. H. Dooley to attend the next meeting of the council Feb. 15, to address the delegates on the same and all trade unionists were invited to attend. Several communications were received and referred to the proper committees. After transacting considerable routine business the council adjourned.

CHINESE TONG WAR

Trouble Has Broken Out On the Pacific Coast

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 3.—Pacific coast cities from San Diego, Cal., to Vancouver, B. C., found themselves today confronted with a Chinese tong war. With three men already shot and an armistice flagrantly violated mercenaries and leaders of the great Chinese family societies made ready to defend themselves and avenge their friends. While tong wars are strictly Chinese affairs they interrupt all business done with Orientals. Two distinct feuds must be wiped out before the clans in Portland, Ore., San Jose, Cal., San Francisco and other points may lay down their strictly modern automatic dreams which have replaced the hatchet of former days and turn over to Occidentals the Orientals in which they pursue and escape. At San Jose, Lee Kee, a member of the Hip Sing tong is dead and Wah Gep, a Hop Sing tong man, is under arrest. This feud, starting in the beatings of a Hop Sing man who was collecting a gambling fund, has swept over the efforts at pacification of the Six Companies, the supervising body of all the tongs. In San Francisco when Lee Kee's death became known, allies of the Hip Sings shot two Hop Sing men, Luis Song and Wong Yuk Sun. The news reaching Portland led to a rush for quantities of arms purchased early in the day. In Portland the situation is accentuated by the Hop Sings and the Bow Long tong over the recent order of Seid Bing, who was a Bow Long man. Finally the Suey Sing tong is lined up with the Hip Sings to fight the Hop Sings, although it is not generally known just where the Suey Sings come into the fray.

FOOTBALL RULES

SEVERAL CHANGES HAVE BEEN AGREED UPON

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Members of the football rules committee met again today to consider the readjustment of football rules to bring about a balancing of the defense and offense of the game. It is understood that the committee has practically agreed upon several changes and Walter Camp of Yale announced that today's session would be short. It is believed that the changes suggested by the National Collegiate Assn. at its meeting two months ago would be adopted. These changes were: To change the distance for downs from ten to eight yards outside the 25-yard line and to five yards within that mark; to abolish the onside kick; to retain the forward pass but to make it possible to make a touchdown by it and to change the wording of several rules so that only one interpretation can be made of them.

PATROLMAN D. W. LANE

Has Been in the Police Department 33 Years

Patrolman Daniel W. Lane, the second oldest member of the police department in point of service, has just rounded out his 33d year as a member of the department, and he is just as active today as when he joined the force. He is regarded by his superior officers as one of the most efficient men in the department.

Patrolman Lane was appointed a member of the police force in January, 1879, by Mayor J. A. G. Richardson and reported for duty on the first of February. His first assignment was to a beat in Centralville. At that time there was unlimited license in this city and liquor saloons in Centralville were very numerous. In fact in one building in Bridge street, near the Centralville bridge, there were four licensed saloons.

The beats were very large and the hours the officers had to work were long. There was no police telegraph system, neither was there a patrol wagon in those days. When an arrest was made the officer had to lead the prisoner at best he could to the police station. It was anything but an enviable task to escort an intoxicated person to the Market street building. And oftentimes was it hard to handle a person who wanted to fight from the time he was placed under arrest until he was landed in a cell.

While some persons refer to the olden days as happy days they were anything but happy ones for the overworked members of the police department.

Patrolman Lane has the proud distinction of being one of the three men who were appointed regular patrolmen without having to pass through a probationary period. The other two men were John Stevens, who was for a time a trustee of the public cemeteries in this city and John Furlong who at the present time is in the Soldiers' home.

The only member of the department at the present time who has been in the service longer than Patrolman Lane is Patrolman Alonzo Paige who does police work at city hall.

In 1884 when Capt. Michael E. McDonald of the city solicitor's office was city marshal Mr. Lane was appointed an inspector, but after performing those duties for some time he preferred a regular beat and when he made the request to City Marshal Jacob Favor he was returned to one of the beats.

PATROLMAN LANE

He was on duty in Merrimack square for nine years; spent 15 years patrolling Belvidere and for the past five years has been on duty at Tower's corner and Central street. He covered various other routes in different parts of the city for shorter periods of time.

On various occasions he has been commended for his bravery and arrests he made. He succeeded in capturing a notorious harness thief a number of years ago. It is only a little over a year ago he captured Bagas Mucksian, who is now serving a life sentence in state prison. Mucksian shot and killed one man and wounded another on the postoffice steps a year ago last August.

In 1882 while Patrolman Lane was doing night duty in Centralville he was shot by a man named McEnaney, who afterwards made his escape from Lowell and never since has been heard from. The bullet shattered the index finger of his left hand but the injury did not prove to be dangerous. McEnaney was arrested the day before the shooting by Patrolman Lane and after leaving the court room informed several of his friends that he was going to kill the officer who arrested him, but the men with whom he talked did not think he was serious. McEnaney purchased a revolver and while Patrolman Lane was passing through Coburn street, McEnaney drew the revolver and fired at the officer, the bullet lodging his finger.

Patrolman Lane for over 15 years was one of the inspectors of meat in this city and it was mainly through his vigilance that much bad meat and bob veal was seized and the proprietors of the stores where it was found prosecuted.

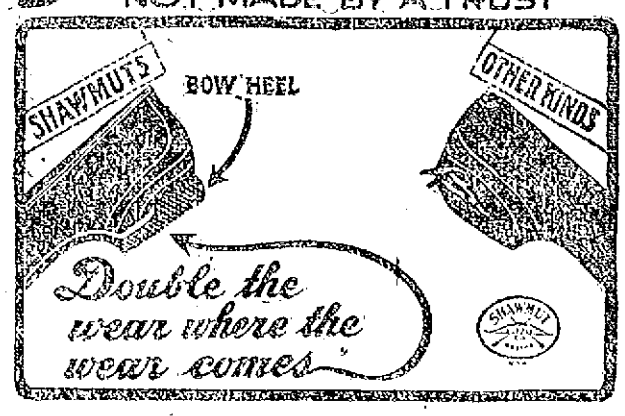
Mr. Lane well remembers the first night that he served as a patrolman. In company with an another patrolman, Thompson by name, he was patroling in the vicinity of Coburn street when he heard a woman calling for the police and hollering "watch."

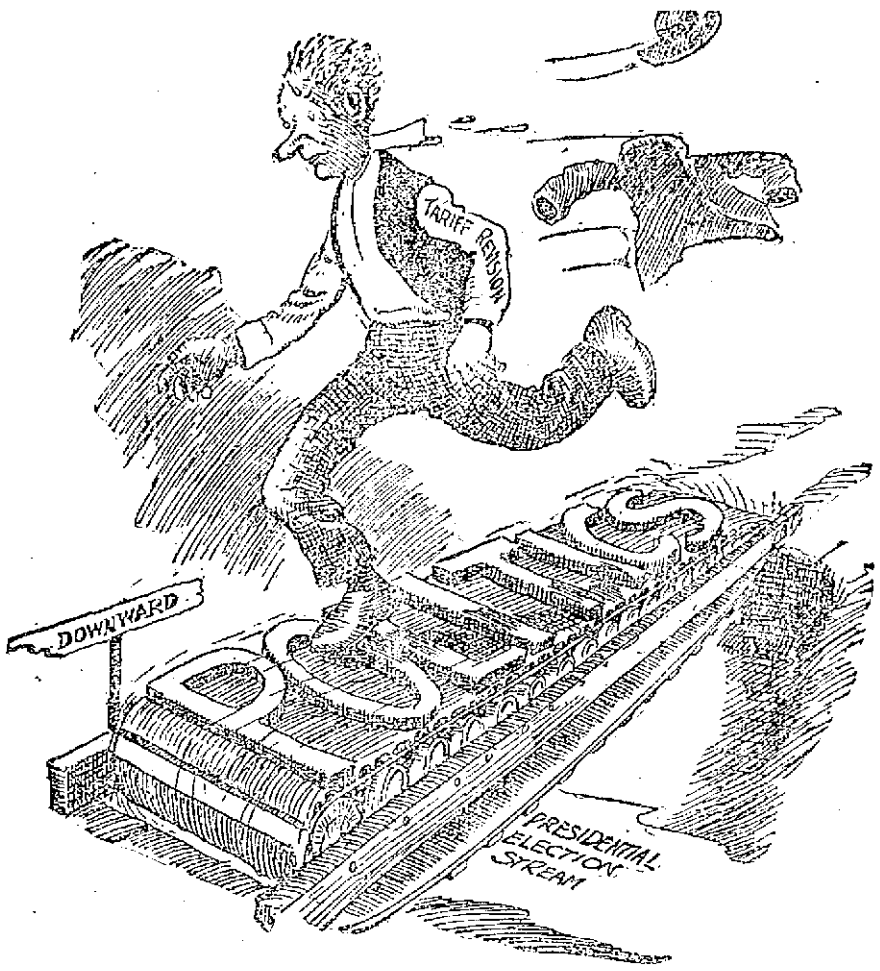
The officers hurried along Coburn street and succeeded in locating the house from which the cry for help had gone out. The officers went around to the back of the house, and there, seated beside the window and peacefully smoking his pipe, was an honest workman who had just finished his supper after a hard day's work.

"What's the matter here?" asked Mr. Lane.

"Not a thing in the world," piped a woman who stood a little way back from where the man was sitting. Mr. Lane noticed that the woman was a bit under the influence of liquor and he asked why she had hollered "police, watch."

"I was just trying to give the old man a bit of a scare, and sure if you were wanted for anything serious you wouldn't be 'round. Now go along about your business and don't be making a fool of yourself." Mr. Lane said there was nothing left for him to do but to obey orders and he walked away feeling that his first adventure as a police officer was a very tame and very discouraging one, to say nothing of the discomfiture that went with it.





NOT MAKING MUCH HEADWAY

MEAT PACKERS' TRIAL

Snyder Admits Margins May Have Been Obtained From Lowell

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—A telegram sent by Assistant Manager Kilp of the National Packing Co. to Manager Perkins of the Boston branch giving the average price to be asked for dressed beef in that market for the week of September 10, 1910, was introduced by Government Counsel James Sheehan in the packers' trial today. Joseph J. Riesch, former head of the distribution department for the G. H. Hammond Co. plant of the National Packing Co. identified the telegram as being in the same general form as those sent to the branch house managers at New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and other eastern cities each week.

The telegram follows:

"Chicago, Sept. 10, 1910.

"Perkins—Your beef for next week averages to cost $11.18 hundredweight.

("Signed) Kilp."

Isador Snyder, assistant manager of the National Packing Co. in New England states with headquarters at Boston, was the next witness called by the government.

"Did you ever obtain margins from Lowell, Mass., sales made by another packing company than the National Packing Co.?"

"I may have at some time or other," replied Snyder.

"What companies did you get margins from?"

"From Swift & Co. and Morris & Co., but not regularly."

"From whom did you get the margins?"

"Mr. Hennewell of Swift & Co. and Mr. Summerville of Morris & Co."

MORTALITY OF LOWELL

For the week ending Feb. 3, 1912: Population, 105,294; total deaths, 29; deaths under five, 8; infectious diseases, 2; acute lung diseases, 4; tuberculosis, 2. Death rate: 14.15 against 21.03 and 21.46 for previous two weeks. Infectious diseases reported: Scarlet fever, 1; diphtheria, 3; measles, 8; tuberculosis, 2.

Board of Health.

FLOOR BURNED

An alarm from box 28 at 2.11 o'clock this afternoon summoned a portion of the fire department to a slight blaze in a house at 290 Cheever street belonging to A. Gauthier. The fire started in the rear of a small stove in one of the rooms of the building and before the blaze was extinguished a hole was burned through the flooring. It is thought that the blaze was caused by an overheated stove setting the wood afire.

PANAMA EXPOSITION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3. President Taft today signed a proclamation inviting other nations to participate in the Panama-Pacific international exposition to celebrate the opening of the Panama canal at San Francisco in 1915.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

THEY ARE TO WED

Couple Came from the Azores

From the far off Azores, those isles
In the ocean,
Came fair Filomena and brave
Man-u-el;
They met over here and courted quite
freely—
The sequel to which is found here
in Low—ell.

Among the recent marriage intentions recorded at the city clerk's office at city hall, appear the names of Manuel Correia and Filomena Espinola. Both are young and both were born in Graciosa, one of the Azores islands. They were "sweethearts" at home and came to America where Manuel says a man can earn enough to support a wife.

A little study of the book of marriage intentions at city hall discloses the fact that more than two-thirds of the intentions registered there are by foreigners and they come from all over the world. It is necessary when registering a marriage intention to include the birthplace of both parties to the contract and although the book is large, one can turn back over its pages and find page after page where names of none but foreigners appear. They seem to be more industrious along the matrimonial line than are the natives.

SCARCITY OF HACKS

UNDERTAKERS HAD TO GET BUSY TODAY

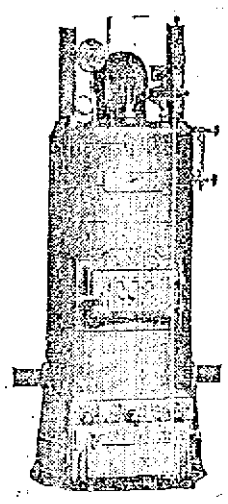
The scarcity of hacks in this city was shown today, when a local undertaker was short several carriages at a funeral which took place this morning.

There are about 85 or 90 hacks in the city, and although this is a large number, it is not sufficient at times to respond to all the calls. This was proven this morning when a local undertaker who wanted eight hacks for a funeral, could not get a single one outside of his own which numbered three. This man telephoned to every livery stable in town and in fact about everywhere he thought a hack was available, but his efforts were fruitless, for all carriages were engaged for other funerals. However, he managed to conduct his funeral by using a number of old carriages which were not any too comfortable.

This is the second time this undertaker has got caught, for about 10 years ago he conducted a funeral which required 40 hacks, and the only way he managed to satisfy his people was by hiring twelve hacks from Nashua and ten from Lawrence at an expense of $10 for each carriage.

FUNERAL NOTICE

RODDY—The funeral of Miss Rose Anna Roddy will take place Monday morning from the home of her mother, 107 Hampson street, Drucut, at 8 o'clock. Funeral high mass at St. Michael's church at 9 o'clock. Funeral Director James W. McKenna in charge.



BILL McKINNON

Got the Decision Over Kenneth Salisbury

The meeting of the Lowell Social and Athletic club in Matthew hall last evening was largely attended. The program given was one of the best presented. In the main bout Bill McKinnon of Boston appeared against Kenneth Salisbury of Somerville and the former carried off the honors. The bout was of 12 rounds and it went the entire distance.

The original card called for McKinnon and Polky, the Adams heavyweight, but the latter informed the management that he couldn't appear, and Bob Lafavor of Brockton was substituted. Lafavor didn't show up and in his place was substituted Kenneth Salisbury of Somerville, a heavyweight who has figured in many amateur tournaments and has met with much success. He was not in the best of condition last night, owing to the short notice he received, but nevertheless gave a very good exhibition. He had a weight advantage over the Boston boy and won favor with the crowd by his gameness. The decision in favor of McKinnon was a good one and satisfied the members.

Billy Mulvey and Young Stone appeared in the semi-final and the bout was a good one. The former was not in the best of condition but gave a very clever exhibition. Stone was in good trim and his clever work met the approval of all. The contest was called a draw, both men being on their feet at the end of the bout. Young Walsh of Lowell defeated Young Kearns of this city in the first round, in the opening bout. This was a hummer while it lasted. Walsh showed much improvement over his former bouts and is coming along at a fast clip. For the past three weeks he has shown at the club and can always be depended upon to give a good exhibition. Billy Gardner acted as referee and as usual gave general satisfaction.

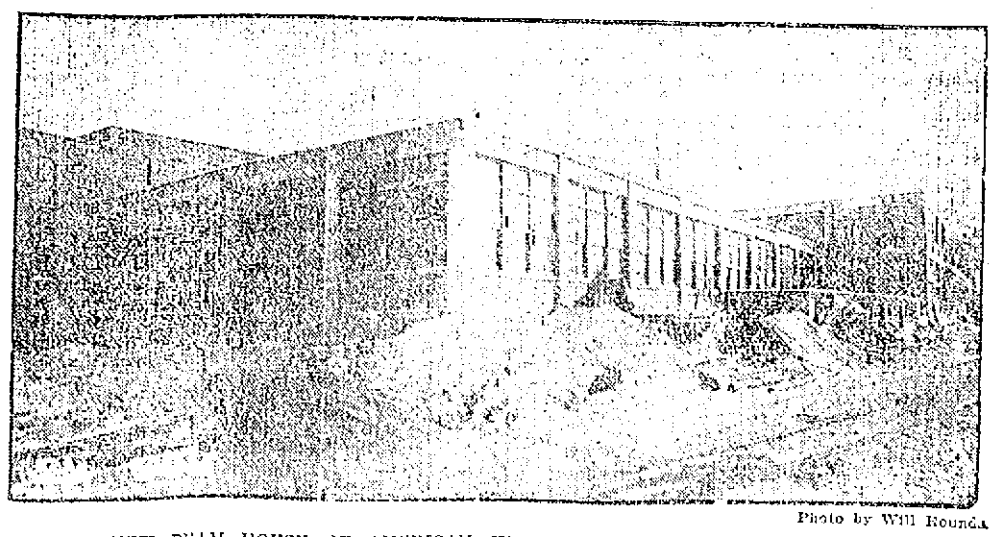


Photo by Will Rounds

THE NEW BEAM HOUSE OF AMERICAN HIDE & LEATHER CO. IN PERRY STREET THAT IS NEARING COMPLETION

FOUR WERE KILLED

Continued

guest, burst in the door, which was fastened by both a spring lock and a mortise lock. There was no key in the door, which meant that somebody had locked it from the outside and took away the key.

Horror Scene in Tenement

The tenement contains three rooms, the door from the hallway directly into the kitchen. In the rear of the kitchen a door in other corner opens into the two bedrooms.

When the police burst in by the light of their flash lamps they made out the bodies of a man and woman lying on the floor of the first room covered with blood. They had plenty of lamps at once and Patrolman Murphy went out to telephone to headquarters.

By this time a considerable crowd had collected and was growing every minute. It attracted the attention of Maj. Perry and Lieut. Waldo Pratt, and upon learning the cause they sent for Co. G of the 8th, of Gloucester, Capt. Elliott. The infantry quickly cleared the street entirely and thereafter handled the situation perfectly.

Capt. John J. Sullivan arrived from police headquarters and took charge until the medical examiner arrived.

As soon as the kitchen was looked up, it was seen that there were two dead men and a dead woman on the kitchen floor, as stated. His wife and the unknown. In the bedroom on the easterly side, with her body and head in the bed and her feet and legs hanging out of it, lay Mrs. Evelyn Dennis. In the case of only one, that of the unknown man, was there any sign of a struggle.

Until the undertakers had done their work it was impossible to tell what wounds were on the bodies.

Men who have gone through all sorts of experiences said that they never had seen bodies so fearfully slashed and hacked.

Stab Wounds in Each Case

All four had been killed. It was found, by gashes in and by slashes in their throats. Only the unidentified man had struggled, as shown by cuts on his hands and arms which he had thrust out at his assailant.

The empty bedroom, on the westerly side of the tenement, was upset. Apparently Mrs. Savia was wounded in this room, but was not killed. She was found in her night gown and stockings.

Blood points along the wall of the tiny room and on the door to the kitchen showed where she had left her way bloody out of her room and had gone across the kitchen to the table. There she had sat down by the table and leaned her head on her hands.

Finally, either from sheer weakness or because she was again attacked, she had fallen from her chair to the floor and died there.

Her husband lay on the floor of the kitchen, between the stove and a couch, on the westerly side of the room. The unknown man lay between Savia and his wife.

Man Fully Dressed

Mrs. Savia was the only one who had undressed. Her husband had on his trousers, which were held up by a belt. He wore a jersey undershirt and his shoes. The unidentified man was fully dressed, except for his overcoat, which lay on the floor under him. Mrs. Dennis wore her undershirt, her skirts, shoes and stockings.

When it was possible to examine the bodies it was found that all of them had been slashed on the left sides of their throats and on their faces. They had been stabbed again and again.

It was a pointed, sharp-edge weapon that did the work, and it was used both to stab and to rip.

Joseph Savia had a cut which started on the left side of his chin, went slanting backward across his jawbone, plunged deep into his neck, crossed and severed the jugular vein, skipped a little and then ended in his shoulder. He was also stabbed in the back of the neck—a wound not more than half an inch in length, but so deep that it seemed to penetrate the spinal narrow.

The left side of his neck and right side of his face were laid open as if by a cleaver. Altogether he had more than 20 different wounds, none of them below his shoulders.

Stabbed Over and Over Again

Mrs. Savia was cut on the arms, her throat was cut slantwise on the left side and she was stabbed.

The unidentified man was stabbed over and over again in the throat and a terrific cut had laid his side open.

In Savia's pockets there was not a single penny; only three or four keys and a pocket knife.

Across the passage from the Savia tenement lived a Hebrew family named Muslen. The father heard no noise last night, although the families above the Savia tenement and below it complained bitterly that there had been a screaming fight going on in the Savia home all last night.

Miss Ida Muslen, 18 years old, was wakened during the night. She thought she heard a scream.

When she was fully awake she heard moans and a man cried "O, O!" Then she heard a door shut violently somewhere in the building.

Somebody ran down the stairs between the Muslen and the Savia tenements. Miss Muslen looked out of her own kitchen window to the alley and saw a man going out of the alley.

Thursday night was a moonlight night and the ground being covered with snow she could see quite distinctly. She saw only one man, though a boy who lived downstairs said that he saw two men come out of the alley.

Miss Muslen said the man had his sleeves "pulled up" and was carrying something in his left. She thought it was a short club.

He was a short, stout man, and wore a stiff derby hat, a short gray coat and dark trousers. The girl either looked at a clock or heard the bells strike five in a neighboring church. It was 5 in the morning.

Heard a Tremendous Racket

On the ground floor of the tenement house lived a family by the name of Bergen. The father and the son were both awakened by a tremendous racket and shrieking overhead. The father went back to bed but the eldest boy, about 14 years old, went to look out into the alley as Miss Muslen had done.

Bergen said to look around.

The other family on the ground floor are Poles. They had gone to a strike meeting in the evening and came home at 11 and went to bed. They said they heard no noise whatever during the night.

Few people could believe that one man could have done the work of the four murders to be the work of one man. That a crazed, full of shrieks and battle for a long time could go on and that one man could overcome four, and escape, seemed impossible. Yet any other theory seems impossible of substantiation.

There had apparently been a party in the tenement Thursday night. There

[illegible]

Unknown Received 37 Wounds

[illegible]

Mrs. Dennis Was Dressed to Go Out

[illegible]

Knew Her Husband's Murderer

[illegible]

Blood Stains Lead to Door

[illegible]

Two Men Seen Leaving Tenement

[illegible]

Two Men Ran Out of Tenement

[illegible]

Woman Screamed Murder

[illegible]

Knew Her Husband's Murderer

[illegible]

Blood Stains Lead to Door

[illegible]

Two Men Seen Leaving Tenement

[illegible]

Two Men Ran Out of Tenement

[illegible]

Woman Screamed Murder

[illegible]

LAWRENCE STRIKE

Continued

REV. F. M. CROUCH

NEW YORK MINISTER INTERESTED IN LAWRENCE STRIKE

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—The social [illegible] have been [illegible] to lead to [illegible] are likely to be pretty [illegible] before the governor [illegible] in this work [illegible] two well-known [illegible] Rev. F. M. Crouch of New York, who is on the federal [illegible] committee of 1 [illegible] Social Service and prof. Daniel [illegible] of Amherst college. [illegible] had a friendly interview with [illegible] Mr. Yates and members of the strikers' committee, in the afternoon. Several questions were put with a view of ascertaining exactly what the views of the committee are upon arbitration, and upon this point the objections of the strikers to the intervention of any third parties in the dispute were found to be as strong as ever.

"A direct meeting," one of the strike committee said, "between the mill owners and their men is the only thing we will accept."

The following queries were put by the two delegates of the social service committee and answered by Mr. Yates or another of the committee.

"Is the demand of a 15 per cent raise all round based upon a calculation that the workers are now actually underpaid to that extent?"

"No, but it is the first attempt to lift wages generally to a living standard."

"What, in your opinion, is a fair living wage for a family of father, mother and say, five young children?"

"Twenty to $25. Our calculations are based, not on what money is paid, but on how much it buys today."

"Can you give an instance where as little as $8 or $9 was the sole support of a family of this size?"

"A family in Andover, the head of which is employed in the packing room of one of the mills, has been living on this for the last two weeks. The father is an Italian. Bartlemon, who has been in the country six years."

On full time his wages would have been $9, but full time has not been worked in his department for two years. There were four young children, one of whom has lately died.

"What was the cause of death?"

"Malnutrition."

"On how little do you consider a family of five could live in Lawrence, preserve their health and provide for reasonable sickness?"

Mr. Yates replied by quoting Frank Fehn's figures for New York, of $18 a week, and said that $2 should be added to allow for the smaller cost of living in the textile towns.

"But wheat is short time nearly due?"

"The compensating and tariff uncertainty. The mills are carried on without regard to the welfare of the workers. In the Wood mills nothing is thought of shutting down 500 out of 1,500 looms suddenly."

"Was there no honest expectation that wages would not be allowed for the short weeks?"

"Yes, especially among the foreigners. This has been the case before when it has not shortened."

"What is the sentiment among the people before the Ettor's arrest?"

"Indignation, and a belief that it is a deliberate move to break the back of the strike."

In answer to further inquiries, the committee said there was absolutely no prospect of a settlement based on a return to work; they declared that the strike had no confidence in the promises made by mayors, and that more cloth, was actually being produced under the 54-hour system per week by means of speeding up than under the 56-hour system.

Questioned upon the results of their tour through the poorer quarters of Lawrence and upon the impression made upon them by the members of the strike committee, neither Mr. Crouch nor Mr. Evans would make a statement but seemed to think that the discontent among the working class in Lawrence was part of a larger question, and not without justification. They left on the 4.08 train, and will embody their observations in a report.

TEXTILE WORKERS

EXPRESS POSITION IN RELATION TO LAWRENCE STRIKE

FALL RIVER, Feb. 3.—The adverse attitude of the officials of the United Textile Workers of America toward the Lawrence strike and the Industrial Workers of the World was emphasized and endorsed today in the following statement by the executive committee:

"The executive committee of the United Textile Workers of America, at its session last night, discussed at length the situation at Lawrence and the action of President John Golden in exposing the standing of the Industrial Workers of the World and its attempt under the mask of trade unionism to carry its propaganda of social revolution and armed coercion was approved.

"The committee endorsed the action of the Central labor union of Lawrence and the Co-operative Woman's Trade union of Boston in establishing relief stations for the support of the textile workers not in alliance with the Industrial Workers of the World.

"The committee urges co-operation with the work of these two organizations by legitimate trade unions that any assistance may be directed toward the proper channels of relief."

ETTOR'S COUNSEL

FAILED TO HAVE NOTICE OF HABEAS CORPUS HEARING SERVED

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Failure of counsel for Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, in jail at Lawrence on charges of being accessories to the murder of Anna Lopizzo, to have the notice of the habeas corpus hearing served on the jailer at Lawrence resulted in the hearing being postponed in the supreme court today until 2 p. m. on Tuesday next.

A number of strike leaders left the court expressing disappointment over the delay.

When the motion for a hearing on the petition for habeas corpus writ came before Judge Braley yesterday action was postponed until 9.30 a. m. today in order that the customary provisions for notification of the prosecuting officers of the state and the jailer at Lawrence might be carried out. A court official carried the notification to the attorney general at the state house and George E. Roewer, Jr., counsel for Ettor, was given the notice for the jailer at Lawrence. When Mr. Roewer appeared in court today with District Attorney Atwill of Essex county as the representative of the state, Judge Braley asked him if the notice had been served on the jailer. Mr. Roewer admitted that he had forgotten it. Judge Braley immediately ordered new notices issued in the case and announced that it would be impossible for him to hear the case until Tuesday afternoon.

The courtroom was crowded with witnesses and spectators.

As soon as court adjourned the habeas corpus hearing a number of the strikers who came down from Lawrence to testify for Ettor went to the state house and joined the committee of five strikers who were appointed last night to see Governor Foss in relation to Ettor's release.

The gathering at the executive chambers was so large that a couple of members of the state police on duty there were compelled to clear the room of all except the five members of the committee.

It was after ten o'clock when Governor Foss appeared and then there was some delay while the governor transacted pressing business.

MANY OPERATIVES

WILL NOT WAIT UNTIL MONDAY BEFORE RESUMING WORK

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Interest in the strike situation today centered in the action brought in the supreme judicial court in Boston to secure the release of strike leaders Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti now in the county jail, on a habeas corpus writ. The strikers committee also actively engaged today in investigating the death of Anna Lopizzo, the mill hand whose killing caused the arrest of the two strike leaders.

At the mills which opened today there was no apparent change in the number of operatives who reported for work. It was believed that many employes would wait until Monday before resuming work because of the Saturday half holiday and also in view of the position taken by the mill officials in desiring returns to be by large numbers of operatives. Up to early forenoon no trouble was reported and the night hours passed without event. A few arrests were made by the police for minor offenses but nothing of a serious nature developed. Patrol of the city by military bodies was continued today.

The strikers busied themselves in several directions today. An endeavor to effect better organization was continued at district meetings, while food and supplies were distributed at all commissaries and soup kitchens.

A considerable number of strikers went to Boston to visit Gov. Foss at the state house and protest against the arrest of their two leaders.

CAVALRY CHARGE

DISPERSED THE STRIKERS IN LAWRENCE

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Street fighting in the big textile strike here was resumed yesterday afternoon.

Several hundred strikers, gathered near the Washington mills, were dispersed by squads which came charging down upon them at a gallop after the few strikers who had been posted as guard found themselves in a critical position.

No one was seriously hurt, but the incident served to freshen the vigilance of the military officials who had withdrawn many of the guards as a result of the apparent quiet.

Urge Peace Tactics

The strike leaders are frowning upon any disturbance by the strikers. They are concentrating their efforts toward the liberation of Ettor and Giovannitti, the search for evidence showing that the contract labor laws have been violated by the mill representatives, and a full expose of the dynamite "plant."

The position of the strikers has been strengthened materially by the action of the socialist party, which is aiding the cause of the Textile Workers, not only by contributions of money, but by sending its leaders here to carry on the struggle.

One of the most prominent of these is S. A. Stodel of Brooklyn, well known both as an editor and as an investigator of social conditions. For the last two days he has been conferring with the strike committee, assuring its members of socialist support, and arranging for an investigation of all alleged violations by mill owners of the alien contract labor law.

Get Sworn Depositions

Mr. Stodel proposes to prove that thousands of foreigners have been brought to Lawrence to work in the mills, conditions prohibited by the immigration statutes. Already he has appointed two committees, which are securing sworn depositions to be presented the proper authorities, in proof of his assertions.

Today Mr. Stodel will meet Immigration Inspector Gordon and present to him such evidence as he already has secured.

In addition to this investigation in Lawrence, Mr. Stodel is planning to inaugurate a free speech campaign in Manchester, N. H., where a strike organizer was arrested Tuesday night for urging a walkout. Such procedure has been followed by I. W. W. organizations in the west. It consists of a systematic effort on the part of the members to fill up the jails in a town where free speech is denied by insisting on public speeches until the prisons will hold no more, as the result of the many arrests.

If Manchester is made the object of such an attack, it is expected that thousands of I. W. W. members, from over the entire country, will flock to that city.

The 500 strikers who had gathered outside the mill gates at 6 o'clock to watch the working operatives leave, got beyond the control of infantry men, and a message was sent for the cavalry. One troop charged down from Essex street, scattering the strikers before it, and patrolled for more than an hour to enable the workers to go home unmolested.

According to mill agents, the number of operatives at work is increasing steadily. It is reported that most of the agents are willing to treat with their own employes and will give them an increase if they return to work peacefully.

Protest Against Harvard

Morrison I. Swift of Boston, who is investigating conditions here, has prepared a protest against allowing Harvard students to serve as militiamen, and at a strikers' meeting in Needham hall yesterday afternoon it was indorsed unanimously. It reads:

"President A. Lawrence Lowell and the Harvard Board of Overseers:

"Gentlemen—Sixteen Harvard students have gone out as soldiers against the Lawrence strikers. Nothing could be done that would intensify class hatred more than this. For permitting it the Harvard authorities are, of course, responsible. In view of the grave public effect of such an act it is not improper to ask several questions.

"Do you President Lowell, or any member of the board of overseers, or of the Harvard faculty, own stock in any of the mills which the students are assisting to protect from the necessity of paying living wages?

"Are Harvard university funds invested in any of these mills?

"If so, would it not be well for Harvard to send a committee to investigate Lawrence conditions and to ascertain whether a man or institution can receive money by degrading the working people who earn it for him and still be morally clean?

"And is it not desirable for Harvard to consider whether it will promote social harmony and the higher purposes of education to permit students to serve in the militia when one of the leading functions of the militia is to shoot workingmen who make trouble because they are not given enough pay to provide bread for their children.

"Morrison I. Swift."

CALL ON GOVERNOR

REPRESENTATIVES OF STRIKERS PRESENT THEIR CASE

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The committee of the Lawrence strikers which appeared before the governor today consisted of Gilbert Smith, Samuel Linshitz, Archibald Adamson, Louis Rocles and Miss Harriet Hannan. Leone Mizel, as the counsel and Mr. Smith, who was the chairman of the committee, made the following statement to the governor:

"Previous to the strike, at a regular meeting of local 20, I. W. W., held on January 3rd, a committee of two was appointed to interview the mill owners as to what pay we were to receive under the 54 hour law, which had just gone into effect. At the Ayer mill a committee was ordered out under threat of being thrown down the steps. At the Wood mill they were refused an interview and at the Washington mill they were referred to the Boston office.

"The committee returned and a letter was drawn up and typewritten and sent to President Wood of the American Woolen company by special delivery. No answer was received nor was any received to a second letter sent on Jan. 10th, three days before pay day.

"During this time meetings of employes of different nationalities were being held and while local 20 was holding its meeting on January 10th a telephone message was received asking what action we intended to take as the different nationalities had voted to strike. We replied that we should take no action until we found out how all the employes stood.

"We left the mills at 10 a. m., on January 10th and two hours later a committee visited the homes of the strikers and called a meeting for 2 p. m. Just as the meeting was about to be held copies of a Boston paper appeared on the streets announcing that threats had been made to dynamite the mills. This was before the strike was four hours old. We drew up a protest against the publication of any such article and denounced it.

"We sent a telegram to Joseph J. Ettor in New York, the organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, asking him to come to Lawrence, but he refused until he was officially requested to appear. We realized that it would be difficult to organize because of the hardship put upon us through the publication of the dynamite story.

"We were not surprised, therefore, when the dynamite was found 'planted' by the mill owners and when Ettor was arrested, yet on the day before Ettor's arrest Mayor Scanlon was quoted as saying that it would be a good thing if he was arrested and that Haywood should also be taken into custody.

"So you see from the beginning all the forces of society, the police, militia and the city authorities have been working against us and have been doing all they can to suppress the strikers and prevent them from receiving a fair show."

Just before their interview with the governor, the committee was asked what it expected to accomplish.

"We came here," was the reply, "to lay our grievances before the governor; to show him that all the forces of society are arrayed against us and to see if we could not find in him one friend."

The conference between the governor and the strikers' committee broke up shortly after noon. The committee came out of the governor's room with expressionless faces and the only remark of Mr. Smith was that the governor had taken the matter under advisement. It was intimated at the state house that the governor might issue a statement later in the day.

Members of the committee said that they expected to return immediately to Lawrence.

CAUSED BY GERM

Important Discovery Relative to Pneumonia

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The Rockefeller Institute announced yesterday that it had succeeded at last in producing pneumonia experimentally—thereby proving, as the experts of the institute say, that pneumonia is caused by a germ, the pneumococcus. While that has long been a theory there has not been direct proof of it until now.

The Institute experiments, made by Dr. R. V. Lamar and Dr. S. J. Meltzer of the Rockefeller laboratories, are described in the Journal of Experimental Medicine, out yesterday.

All the experiments were made upon dogs. The method consisted in injecting pure cultures of the organisms taken from human patients into the lungs of the dogs. Forty-eight animals were used. In 42 of the animals pneumonia was produced by the pneumococcus injections. Ten of the dogs died, 34 were killed within from one to twelve days, and four several weeks after the injection.

"The fatal cases," say the experimenters, "resembled closely lobar pneumonia in man. In the non-fatal cases the pathological and bacteriological findings were again in accord with the findings in man. Clinically, however, the cases of non-fatal experimental pneumonia ran a milder and shorter course than in man."

The dog's lungs were clogged just like pneumonia-stricken human lungs. The symptoms and autopsy findings were identical with those of human pneumonia.

FIRE IN EVERETT

BOSTON FIRE BOAT EXTINGUISHED THE BLAZE

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Fire which started in a tar still in the plant of the Barrett Manufacturing company at the foot of Mill street, South Everett, yesterday, brought out the whole of the Everett fire department and fireboat engine 31 of Boston to fight the flames which damaged the plant to an extent of $1000.

The firemen were handicapped by frozen hydrants and low pressure and in order to prevent the flames making headway to the waterfront and spreading to the extensive plant of the New England Gas & Coke company adjoining the tar works help was asked from Boston and the fire boat was sent.

The building on fire contained 12 stills used in refining tar. Explosions of hot tar shot flames high in the air and drew a large crowd to the scene of the fire.

Powerful streams from the fire boat brought the fire under control after an hour and a half of work.

UNKNOWN STEAMER

Is on Fire Near Bodies Island

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 3.—A wireless despatch from the steamer Texas today reports an unknown steamer on fire twenty miles northeast of Bodies island off the Virginia coast.

The revenue cutter Onondaga in response to wireless appeals for aid was hastening to the burning vessel. The Texas passed the burning craft at 10 a. m. An unknown vessel was standing by.

SIXTEEN KILLED

By the Explosion of a Bomb

TABRIZ, Feb. 3.—A Russian officer and 15 men belonging to the Russian guard stationed here were killed today and seven persons were wounded by the explosion of a shell which a Persian citizen was delivering at the citadel, in pursuance with the recent order that the inhabitants of the city were to surrender all arms and ammunition in their possession.

5,000 TROOPS

TO CONCENTRATE AT BELFAST ON FEBRUARY 8

BELFAST, Ire., Feb. 3.—The lord mayor of this city has sent a resolution to the park commission for accommodation for 5000 troops who are to concentrate here on Feb. 8, the day of the Home Rule demonstration at which Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, and John E. Redmond, the Nationalist leader, are to speak.

BILL ABOLISHES PENSION AGENCIES

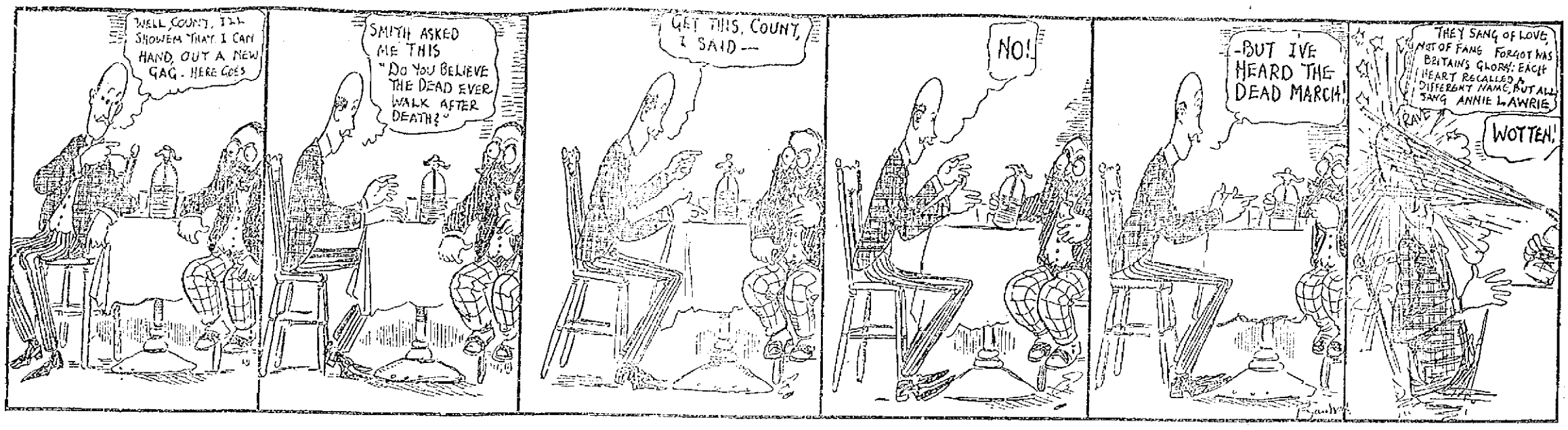
WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—With the passage of the pension appropriation bill by the house yesterday, the question of abolishing the pension agencies in 17 cities goes to the senate. The bill carries about $152,000,000.

Provision for abolishing the pension agencies has been included in the annual bill several times, but has always been struck out before final passage.

PHYSICIAN KILLED

CUERNAVACA, Mexico, Feb. 3.—The Zapatistas fired on a White Cross automobile here yesterday, killing one physician and wounding another in the car. The automobile belonged to President Madero and had been lent to the White Cross society.

MR. I. L. SHOWEM SPRINGS A GAG ON THE COUNT



MUNICIPAL COUNCIL

Will Meet Monday Afternoon to Consider Department Estimates

All of the city departments have their estimates ready for the committee on appropriations and the committee, which includes the five members of the city council, will meet Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock to take a peak at the estimates. The work of cutting estimates and cutting in the right place is more or less difficult and in view of the fact that the men who will pass upon the estimates are the men who made them and the men responsible for them greater interest will be added to the procedure of this year's committee. It is understood that these meetings are to be public and big attendances are looked for.

Heretofore the appropriations committee was made up of aldermen and councilmen and their way of doing it was to summon the heads of departments to appear for the purpose of answering questions and to show why their estimates should not be reduced. The work of this joint committee was not always satisfactory for it sometimes happened that there were men on the committee who wanted to favor some department, perhaps in anticipation of securing work for their friends.

The ordinance relating to appropriations, and we take it that the ordinance has not been changed, requires the appropriations committee to report not later than Feb. 15, but committees of former years, as a rule, did not present their reports on time. While it was generally conceded that a committee should be able to get through its work in three or four meetings it often happened that a dozen or more meetings were held.

Committees on appropriations in former years were wont to write long introductions to their reports, but it is understood that the present municipal council will present the bare figures and dispense with the introduction.

Collection of Taxes

There has been some criticism, it appears, of the action of the commissioner of finance in making extra efforts to collect back taxes and speaking of the matter today, Mr. Donnelly, the commissioner of finance, called the writer's attention to section 88, chapter 490, of the acts of 1909. He follows that this section answers his critics. It reads as follows:

"If a collector is satisfied that a poll tax or tax upon personal property, or any portion of said tax, committed to him or to any of his predecessors in office for collection, cannot be collected by reason of the death, absence, poverty, insolvency, bankruptcy or other inability of the person assessed, to pay, he shall notify the assessors thereof in writing, under oath, stating the reason why such tax cannot be collected. The assessors, after due inquiry, may abate such tax or any part thereof, and shall certify such abatement in writing to the collector; and such certificates shall discharge the collector from further obligation to collect the tax so abated. But no poll tax shall be abated, under the provisions of this section, within the calendar year in which it is assessed."

Bids Called For

Purchasing Agent Foye will, in a few days, call for bids on a car of oats for the health department and about 200 reams of paper for city documents. Mr. Foye purchased a car of oats for the street department a few days ago and just in time to save a snug little sum for the city. The purchase price was 50 cents a bushel and the price quoted today is 65 cents a bushel. There were about 1700 bushels in the car. The contract for 500 yards of drilling, 500 yards of crash, 500 yards of sheeting and 500 yards of hickory strips, for the Chelmsford Street hospital, was awarded the Bon Marche Co.

Smallpox Suspect

The board of health is pretty well satisfied that the woman who was believed to have smallpox and for whom the pesthouse in Chelmsford street was made ready, had chickenpox, not smallpox. The woman and her family are quarantined in her home in Little Canada and no other cases have developed there. The pesthouse, however, will be kept in readiness in case of an emergency call.

Plans for Sun Building

The plans for the ten-story building, to be known as The Sun building, in Merrimack square, were filed at the office of the inspector of buildings this forenoon. The building will be of steel, concrete and brick. A detailed description of the building has already appeared in this paper.

CATHOLIC SERVICES

Feast of St. Blase Observed Today

In all the Catholic churches today the feast of St. Blase was observed. In the morning masses were celebrated after which throats were blessed. Tonight blessing of throats will also be held. At St. Peter's this afternoon the service was held for the children and many attended.

This morning at the Sacred Hearts school hall the regular weekly training class for the children preparing for confirmation were held.

The rehearsal of the members of the Children of Mary sodality of the Immaculate Conception church which was announced to take place in the Y. M. C. I. rooms tomorrow afternoon will be held in Associate hall. The affair will be held in the near future and will include a Grecian party and dance.

At St. Margaret's church tomorrow Rev. Henry C. Reardon, acting pastor, will be assisted by a priest from the Oblate novitiate at Tewksbury. The usual Sunday services will be held.

"Holy Hour" at St. Peter's

The "Holy Hour" service at St. Peter's church last evening attracted a large congregation and the exercises were quite impressive. Rev. John T. O'Brien officiated. The musical program, always a feature of the monthly service, was one of rare excellence last night. Both the regular choir and the vested choir contributed and the work of the latter, reflected great credit on Rev. John P. Burns, director, for his painstaking efforts in training the boys.

At the opening of the service the "O Salutaris" was rendered by John H. McMahon and John F. Roane, tenor soloists of the church choir. Miss Vera Moody, who possesses a beautiful soprano voice, gave Millard's "Ave Verum" with deep devotion. The vested choir was never heard to better advantage. Lawrence Delaney gave a solo in his usual impressive manner. The selections by the Sanctuary choir quartet, composed of Rev. Fr. Burns and Messrs. Townsend, Delaney and Fagan were particularly well given.

Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament was given, after which the entire congregation joined in singing "Holy God." Rev. Fr. O'Brien who is in charge of this monthly service was particularly grateful for the large attendance last evening.

MEXICAN TROUBLES

Are Still Rife Near the Texan Border

EL PASO, Texas, Feb. 3.—Early today no word had come to the peace envoys headed by Andrade. Araya, cousin of General Pascual Orozco who left yesterday for Samalayuca to confer with federal leaders regarding a settlement of the Juarez revolt. While it was not believed an agreement would be reached until later in the day insurrecto leaders expressed the belief as an indication of favorable developments.

Chihuahua Juarez will be the headquarters of the provisional government proclaimed by the supporters of Emilio Gorroz, according to the official announcement made this morning by the revolutionary junta here. At a conference of the Gomez chiefs held in Juarez last night it was determined to send a representative to Washington to confer with President Taft and it is expected he will leave here today.

BIG SNOW STORM

OMAHA, Neb., 3. Temperature four below, a six to eight inch snowfall and a heavy wind were the features of the blizzard that greeted residents of this section early today. Reports from various portions of the state show the storm is general throughout Nebraska.

SENTENCED TO JAIL

Man Gets Four Months for Larceny

Moses St. Denis pleaded guilty to a complaint charging him with larceny when arraigned before Judge Pickman in Police court this morning. After being found guilty a sentence of four months in jail was imposed.

St. Denis was employed by Harold M. York, a farmer in Dracut, last March and on the third of that month he disappeared and with him went a pair of reins, bridle and a number of pounds of chain. The matter was reported to the police but it appears that St. Denis has been able to keep under cover for almost a year for it was only last night he was arrested.

Case Dismissed

The case of Nicholas P. Frezette, charged with assault and battery on Mary Duggan was dismissed owing to the failure of the complainant to put in an appearance. The girl claimed that Frezette assaulted her in a back in School street near the railroad crossing a week or more ago, but when the case was called during the early part of the week the government stated that the girl had said she was going to New York and would not appear in court. The case was then continued until this morning and when the girl failed to put in an appearance the case was dismissed.

Drunken Offenders

Ellen Maher, charged with being drunk, was sentenced to two months in jail. James Coullard was sent to the state farm. Levi C. Gagnon and Thomas Shugrue were fined $6 each and two simple drunks were released.

METCALF'S WILL

To be Contested by His Nieces

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Declaring that their uncle, George P. Metcalf of South Framingham, a former treasurer of this town and well known business man, had been unduly influenced by his housekeeper, Ella F. Lancaster, to whom he left the bulk of his estate, and was of unsound mind when he made his will, his two nieces, Misses Sarah S. and Elizabeth H. Metcalf, both of Elm street, Worcester, have filed papers at the probate court office, East Cambridge, announcing their intention of contesting the document.

In his will Mr. Metcalf cut off all his relatives but one and gave his entire estate to his housekeeper, with the exception of a few private bequests to servants in his household.

The valuation of the estate is given at $58,000, of which $30,000 is in personal property. The private bequests were $200 to Miss Anna Louise Johnson, $100 to Miss Marie Ride, servants in his house on Lexington street, South Framingham. The only relative he remembered was a cousin, Gordon Phipps, to whom he gave $1000.

Then he directed that the remainder of the estate, after designating a certain sum to his executor, was to be held in trust and given to his housekeeper, Mrs. Ella Lancaster, and in the event of her not making a will, it was to go to her sister, Mrs. Catherine Callahan.

The Misses Metcalf, his nieces, returned from the Philippines about a year ago after living there five years to study the natives of the islands.

MATRIMONIAL

Mr. Fred A. Bokey and Madeline Arlin were married at 4 o'clock Wednesday afternoon by Rev. George F. Kunzest at his residence, 219 Liberty street.

TRAFFIC INTERRUPTED

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Feb. 3.—Railway and street car traffic was paralyzed by a drifting snow today. The storm was general throughout northwestern Missouri and livestock suffered greatly.

WANTS PROPERTY

Boston Lawyer Brings Suit Against Partners

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Timothy W. Coakley of this city has brought suits against his wife and law partners, Daniel H. Coakley and Roland H. Sherman, in both of which he charges that property rightfully his is being wrongfully withheld.

Judge Pierce has set, as the time for the preliminary hearing involving the granting of a temporary injunction against the parties mentioned, next Wednesday in the equity session.

In his bill of complaint Mr. Coakley alleges that during his stay in Los Angeles he deeded, while mentally irresponsible, real estate to the value of $36,200, and after Mrs. Coakley secured the deed she returned to her father's home in Boston.

Mr. Coakley says in his bill of complaint that his condition of mental irresponsibility was caused by astigmatism and hyperopia, but that, through wearing proper glasses, he became "entirely rational and sane."

In the bill of complaint against his brother, Daniel H. Coakley, his wife, Elizabeth J. Coakley, Roland H. Sherman and John Sullivan, he alleges that he had an unwritten agreement with his law partners as to the profits of the firm.

He then goes on to tell of the length of his practice of law and that of his partners and says that no division or adjustment of profits has ever been made.

Later in the document of complaint he mentions a certain piece of real estate, located in Buzzard's Bay, valued at $20,000, which he claims his wife, joining with Daniel H. Coakley, gave him power of attorney to dispose of.

He then describes a certain mortgage that was placed upon the property for the purpose of procuring $6000 from Sullivan to be forwarded to Coakley, that the mortgage was not recorded, and that the $6000 was forwarded to the plaintiff on account of moneys due the plaintiff from the defendant.

Then Mr. Coakley says that he telegraphed his brother to record the deed to protect him but that there was delivered to Sullivan a quiet claim deed of the Buzzard's Bay property.

Mr. Coakley asks for a number of things, including the dissolution of the partnership, that his brother be made to pay him what is due on the partnership, and that Sullivan shall be ordered to convey to him the real estate in question.

SOCIAL AND FRATERNAL

The regular meeting of Wamesit lodge, Knights of Pythias, was held last night. There was a large attendance of members and much routine business was transacted. Word was received that the grand officers will hold a convention with Wamesit lodge on Friday, April 26. The entertainment committee will hold a series of whist parties beginning next Friday evening. The committee on uniforms reported, and turned a good sum into the treasury. The relief committee reported Brothers Dr. Pinkham, Taylor, Courser and Barnes, who are on the sick list, in about the same condition. The rank staff was enlarged and held a drill after the meeting.

Electrical Workers

The International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers held its regular meeting at the headquarters in Runels building last night. Outside of the regular business, the local appointed a committee to make arrangements for the first anniversary to be held on Feb. 22. An appeal for financial aid was received from the Lawrence strike committee and a contribution was voted unanimously.

THE MONTAUKS

HELD ENJOYABLE DANCING PARTY LAST EVENING

The second annual dancing party of the Montauks was held in Associate hall last evening and it proved a success in every particular. This organization is composed of popular Belvidere young men, who in the summer season occupy a beautiful camp on the banks of Long Pond. At their camp they have entertained many friends and that their hospitality was appreciated was demonstrated last evening, about 500 people attending the party. The affair opened at eight o'clock with an excellent concert by Gilmore's orchestra. At 8.30 dancing was started and continued until 10.30 when a short intermission was held. Dancing was again resumed and continued till midnight. During the dancing many feature numbers were introduced, including the Montauks' special and the Leap Year dance. Both were very enjoyable, not only to the participants, but to those who viewed the dancers from the gallery. The souvenir dance order issued by the club was of a very pretty design. On the cover was the embossed head of a girl, which formed an interrogation point.

Those responsible for the success of the affair were: General manager, Walter F. Donohue; assistant general manager, William D. Hallowood; floor director, Herbert Kelley; assistant floor director, Charles Gorman; chief aid, Isidore Racicot; aids, Michael J. Kelley, James Graham, John Graham, Walter Mullin; treasurer, Daniel Rourke.

HAS TWO HEADS

DOCTOR THINKS CAMBRIDGE BABY WILL LIVE

BOSTON, Feb. 3—The embryological department of the Harvard Medical school is greatly interested in the birth of a baby with two distinct heads, to Mrs. William Karnow of 4 Harvard place, Cambridge.

The baby was born Thursday. So far both mother and child are doing well. Dr. Thomas H. Heaton, who attended the mother and child, believes that the baby will live.

Both heads are well formed, although the normal head has better defined features than the extra one. They face in opposite directions, the extra head facing backward, back to back with the normal one.

The hair on the extra head is already grown and a very fine fuzz, like minute hairs, covers part of the features. The heads set on the one neck, although the extra head is lower toward the shoulders than the normal one.

Except for the two heads, the baby is normal and well formed, and not as delicate in structure as such unusual children ordinarily are.

Mr. and Mrs. Karnow have had four other children, two of them boys. The other children have been normal, healthy and in no way remarkable.

NAVIGATION SUSPENDED

GALLIPOLIS, O., Feb. 3.—For the second time this winter navigation on the Ohio river between this city and Pittsburgh is suspended because of heavy floes of new ice. Rivermen fear that much damage will be wrought through the formation of gorges.

REPORT OF DEATHS

With Causes Assigned for Past Week

The report of deaths for the week ending February 3, 1912, with causes assigned, is as follows:

Jan.
26—James Howard, 68, ch. endocarditis.
26—Ralph A. Clark, 52, disease of heart.
Maitland S. Knight, 50, obst. of bile ducts.
27—Elizabeth Brown, 81, cer. hem.
Everett Howard, 58, diabetes.
Victoria Lemoine, 12, cancer.
Celia M. Hood, 36, pneumonia.
Anna Wronka, 6 m., bronchitis.
28—John F. Finnegan, 72, pneumonia.
Catherine N. Sheehan, 53, heart disease.
29—Dorothy Gerow, 6 days, prem. birth.
30—Hezekiah P. G. Clough, 65, abscess.
Marie L. McGregor, 65, uraemia.
Mary E. Elliot, 60, pneumonia.
Philomene Frazer, 58, ch. bronchitis.
Joseph Ayotte, 44, bronchitis.
Maria Gosselors, 22, peritonitis.
Alfred Gendron, 16, pulm. tuber.
Delima Coutu, 1 mos., convulsions.
Anthony Avila, 2 mos., bro. pneumonia.
31—Isidore Turcotte, 69, heart disease.
Betsy A. Honey, 62, disease of heart.
Arthur Souza, 3 mos., cap. bronchitis.
Mary E. Dooley, 1 day, patent ovale.
Feb.
1—Stanislawa Zayaeskowski, 1, burns.
Beatrice Lefevre, 21 days, patent ovale.
Annie White, 32, pulm. tuber.
Joseph L. Chevalier, 1 days, cong. debility.
Henry P. Woodworth, 44, cardiac dilatation.
Stephen Flynn, City Clerk.

FORTUNE FOUND

IN AN OLD SHACK IN WILMINGTON, DEL.

WILMINGTON, Del., Feb. 3.—Wilmington firemen were so excited when they found several thousand dollars in a frame shack yesterday that they temporarily stopped fighting a blaze. Fire started in the stable of George Older. Next door was the shed owned by William Agster, and the firemen entered the shack with a hose. Suddenly they came across several old pocketbooks tied in rags and containing coins of all kinds.

Chief Moran took the money to Agster, who claimed ownership. He counted the treasure, which exceeded $1000, and then told the firemen there was an old trunk in the shanty containing a lot more, just how much he refused to say. Agster declared the money was safer in the shed than in a bank.

After the firemen had recovered all the money, they returned to the stable to fight the fire there.

MONTE CROSS SIGNS

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 3.—Monte Cross, formerly shortstop of the Philadelphia Americans, has signed with the St. Louis Americans as a scout.

THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

THREE DOLLARS PER YEAR. TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER MONTH

The sworn daily average circulation of The Lowell Sun for the year 1911 was

15,442

Sworn to by John H. Harrington, proprietor, Martin H. Reidy, business manager, and Alfred Pilotte, pressman, of The Sun, before me, January 1, 1912. J. JOSEPH HENNESSY, Notary Public.

The men of Haverhill still keep up their work for making the Merrimack river navigable. They are pushing the matter not only as a federal project but as one in which the state should take a hand for the benefit of the towns and cities in the Merrimack valley.

The city of Manchester did not take kindly to the socialistic proposition to start a nation-wide subscription for the Lawrence strikers who want to go back to work if the leaders would only let them. The time has arrived when public disturbers should be denied the freedom accorded them in the past.

THE IRISH HOME RULE BILL

The outline of the home rule bill for Ireland as given out by a London paper is probably correct. If so the measure will be vastly superior to the Gladstone bill. The Irish government is to have control of customs and excise and will receive a subsidy of $50,000,000 for the first fifteen years after which Ireland will contribute to the imperial expenditure in proportion to her revenues. A feature of the new parliament is the novel method of bringing about an agreement of both houses. The upper house will have a suspensory veto and in the event of disagreement between the two houses after the second rejection of a measure, the question will be decided by both houses voting jointly as one body. As the lower house will have 103 members and the upper fifty, the result of any such vote will, of course, depend upon the will of the larger body. The new parliament will have no power to deal with matters which are purely imperial, such, for example, as are reserved for congress in the United States. The Irish constabulary, a castle institution, will be retained for twelve years. After which the local parliament can provide a police department of its own. The Irish people will accept this measure as granting legislative independence same as enjoyed by Canada. This conciliation of Ireland will help to strengthen the British empire by overcoming in a great measure the feeling of resentment which Irishmen have carried to the ends of the earth.

CARDINAL O'CONNELL'S FAITH

The reply of Cardinal O'Connell to the greetings of his people in the cathedral in Boston on Thursday will stand as a classic of its kind, especially in the fervor with which he harmonized as one living force his spiritual devotion to the See of Peter and his undying patriotic devotion as an American citizen to his native land. There was a time when in some quarters loyalty to the Holy See was held to be inconsistent with loyalty to the Stars and Stripes, but if any proof of the falsity of such a claim were needed it is found in the patriotism of Cardinal Gibbons and in the forceful utterance of Cardinal O'Connell on this very point. Such an utterance on his home-coming after receiving the highest honor the Vatican can confer would not be made if it were in the slightest degree inconsistent with the duties of the cardinal's sacred office. The words of His Eminence on this point are likely to become historic. They were as follows:

> "My American citizenship I prize as one of God's closest gifts to me—mine to honor with the best that is in me and to defend with my last breath. My Roman priesthood, the dignity of bishop and cardinal, my Roman faith demand my devoted attachment while life lasts to Peter's See—surely Rome and America both have been instituted in their munificence, and I in turn am Roman to the core in spiritual allegience and attachment, as I am and ever shall be American through and through in patriotic devotion to my own, my native land."
>
> "And of those who would quibble about divided affection, I would ask when was it forbidden to any good son to love according to their merits, with all the fullness of his heart's love, both mother and father?"

His discourse as a whole was strong, fervent and characteristically eloquent. Every act of Cardinal O'Connell proves him to be a man of great intellectual and spiritual power and second to none in his devotion and loyalty to his native land.

ANOTHER SHOCK FOR LAWRENCE

Four brutal murders in the dead of the night brings a new shock to the people of Lawrence and even spreads consternation throughout the other mill cities of New England. When such a foul crime is deliberately perpetrated, perhaps to avenge some real or fancied grievance, the whole community must feel a sense of dread and insecurity. This dastardly quadruple murder will injure the cause of the strikers who undoubtedly have just grievances that should be considered with a view to a more equitable wage scale than has been in force in some of the Lawrence mills.

This crime shows beyond a doubt that there are in Lawrence at the present time people who would commit murder on the slightest provocation, people who have no respect for the laws, our government or our institutions. The ordinary mill operatives of foreign birth would not resort to such foul crimes unless goaded on by the exhortations of anarchistic leaders, men who have come to Lawrence from other parts of the country to hold the strikers in fealty until they are driven to such a state of frenzy that they are liable to go out and murder police or anybody they believe to be opposed to them.

The situation in Lawrence thus takes on a new aspect and one which calls for the most rigid and severe methods on the part of the police authorities.

It is quite probable, in view of the revolutionary aspect of this strike, that it will lead to a change in the immigration laws, looking to some provision against the importation of anarchists and dangerous characters of every kind. The time is at hand when immigrants must be investigated in their own land where their character is known rather than on their arrival in this country where the most dangerous criminal can pass muster as well as the most desirable and law-abiding immigrant that seeks our shores.

What the motive for the quadruple murder in Lawrence may have been is not known; but the cause was doubtless due to some ill-feeling arising from the present strike. The crime in itself shows the character of at least a portion of the men the Lawrence authorities have to contend with, and it is a fresh proof that the socialistic and anarchistic agitators must be driven out and silenced before the issues involved can be settled fairly and justly as every fair-minded citizen desires they should be settled.

SEEN AND HEARD

Stock Candidate Jones was undoubtedly located [illegible] and [illegible] and [illegible] conclusions. After [illegible] naughty grand. For neither [illegible] and her apostolic [illegible] [illegible] perjury.

"Did you tell this about [illegible] asked on cross-examination.

Caroline shook her head decidedly.

"Good. I didn't" [illegible] "Why, it would have [illegible] all over Lowell in no time."

Richard Strelsky, at a banquet in New York, praised a successful leader.

"Like all successful men," said Mr. Strelsky, "he is persecuted. He can readily turn adverse into favorable circumstances. This was proved to the lady in question of Ft. Smith.

"He had written her from Paris, he should have, sentimental letters. One morning during the holidays she found on her stoop at the servants' door, and he had sent with a great hamper of pheasant and grouse, champagne, tropical fruit and flowers.

"'There,' he said to a bellboy, 'take this hamper up to Miss Stella Starr, please.'

"'Yes,' said the bellboy, 'you're the fifth gent wot's sent her up a hamper this morning.'

"Our young friend frowned.

"'What—what were the other gents' names?' he asked.

"'They didn't give their names, sir,' said the bellboy. 'They just said she'd know who they were, all right.'

"'Well, here,' said our young friend, 'take her up my card, and tell her this hamper is from the same person who sent the other four.'"

PAUCE IMPLORA

Better it were to sit still by the sea,
Better it were to grow babes on the knee,
Loving somebody and satisfied;
To another you down for all your days,
Than wander and wander in all these ways,
Loud forsaken and love denied.

Better sit still where born, I say,
Wed one sweet woman and love her well,
Laugh with your neighbors, live in their way,
Be it ever so simple. The humbler the home
The nobler, indeed, to bear your part
Love and be loved with all your heart,
Drink sweet waters and live in a spell
Share your delights and divide your fears;
Love and be loved in the old one way,
Ere men knew pickness and came to roam
From the west to the east and the whole world wide—
When they lived where their fathers lived and died—
Lived and so loved for a thousand years.

Better it were for the world, I say—
Better, indeed, for man's own good—
That he should sit down where he was born,
Be it land of sands or of oil and corn,
Valley of poppies or bleak northland,
White sea border or great black wood,
Or bleak white winter or bland sweet May,
Or city of smoke or plain of the sun,
Than wander the world as I have done.

—Heart Throbs, Vol. II.

A census bulletin shows that the average price of native horses in Vermont is $198.79; in New Hampshire, $115.30; in Connecticut, $124.66, in Massachusetts, $135.82; in Maine, $120, and in Rhode Island, $149.52. While Vermont has been noted for its horses in the past it is at the foot of the list in New England, says the Londonderry Signet. At the same time Vermont farmers are paying more than twice the average price for the kind of horses they want from the west. But we will not preach to them because the progressive farmer will see before we could tell him what should be done and the progressive farmer is beyond the effects of preaching.—St. Johnsbury Caledonian.

We fail to see the logic in the contemporary's reasoning. Because horses are cheaper in Vermont than in any other New England state does not place her at the foot of the list in being noted for her horses. On the contrary it tends to show that this state produces more of the animals than does any other state, for articles are always the cheapest where they are produced. Beef is cheaper in Texas than here; corn sells for less in Illinois; cotton is lower in Mississippi, and watermelons in Georgia and oranges in California cost less than the same in Vermont. And so, following the same line of thought, we find horses in Vermont sell for less than elsewhere in New England because more of them are raised there and are [illegible] than elsewhere. Vermont is not [illegible] of the list in raising horses. [illegible] does not change so much [illegible] that she does produce.

JUST OUR DOG

He was chasing an automobile
When the wheel hit him right in the side,
So he just gave a queer little squeal
And curled up and stretched out and died.

His tail it was not very long,
He was curly and not very tall;
But he never did anything wrong—
He was just our dog, mister—that's all.

—Atlanta Journal.

EDITORIAL COMMENT

New Bedford Times: It has long been accepted that "a little learning is a dangerous thing," but the case of the hen seems to indicate that too much education may lead to the same consequences.

A college professor in the middle west declares that the incubator is responsible for the decrease in the number of eggs. Therefore high prices and another explanation of the high cost of living.

As this pedagogue has figured it out, the employment of the incubator as a substitute for "setters," destroys the maternal instinct of the hen, because the feathered tribe bred artificially loses its power of reproducing its kind.

Hence we find that science is in conflict with true economy. The only way out of the difficulty, the professor maintains, is by a return to the old-fashioned method of raising chicks by means of setting hens. So the incubator must go. The maternal instincts of hens must be preserved and developed, or we will have no eggs, and finally no hens.

PLAYGROUNDS FOR CHILDREN

Fitchburg News: From an investigation recently made by a play expert of the National Recreation association it has been proved that 50 per cent. of the children are doing absolutely nothing. The study was made in the city of Milwaukee, where it was found that 19 per cent. are working, 31 per cent. playing, and the rest idling away their time. It is claimed by the expert that the facts gathered in the Wisconsin city are fairly typical of the rest of the country, and that most of the indolence is due to the lack of proper playgrounds. How far that assumption may be true matters little, but the injurious effects of frittering youthful lives in idleness ought to spur every community to make full and careful preparation for juvenile pleasures.

LABOR WANTS REPEAL

New Bedford Mercury: Perhaps the most surprising thing in the investigation of the National Civic federation and the change of public sentiment regarding the Sherman anti-trust law is the conversion to it of the leaders of organized labor, representing three million laborers, who are practically unanimous in favoring either the repeal or amendment of the law, while the manufacturers, farmers, wholesale and retail merchants and commercial men of all the [illegible] membership [illegible] to the repeal [illegible] strongly [illegible] along lines [illegible] through an amendment [illegible] understood.

WHO DISCOVERED WILSON?

Nashville Banner: Mr. Bryan in his Commoner says the news [illegible] It is [illegible] "Wilson out" [illegible] presidential [illegible] Democratic [illegible] calls [illegible] New York sun calls Mr. Bryan attention to the fact that [illegible] for Wilson for president in the United States in a [illegible] Wilson, then president of Princeton university, [illegible] ever since that time [illegible] not ceased to advocate Mr. Wilson as a candidate until he was suddenly stopped by the Baltimore Democratic declaration that the colonel was hurting his cause.

PEOPLE OF NOTE

Maeterlinck, the poet, is perfecting plans to establish a literary prize with the proceeds of his Nobel award. To this, amounting to $37,500, he proposes to add a sum sufficient to make the income yield $5,000 biennially, which will be awarded every two years for the best work in the French language, whether literary, artistic, or scientific.

The first Hindu scholarships in an American college have been provided for at the University of California by Sirdar Jowala Dingh, a wealthy Hindu farmer of Marcland, Cal. Students, both men and women, will be brought to the university from India on condition that they return to their native country on graduation. No religious or racial limitations will be placed on the scholarships, which are competitive.

William Ordway Partridge has completed two bronze busts of ex-Dean J. Howard Van Amringe for the alumni of Columbia university. One of the busts will be presented by the graduates to the university on Feb. 12, next alumni day. It will be placed in Hamilton hall. The other will be given to the Columbia university club. It is proposed to buy the two Partridge busts with funds contributed by the alumni.

WESTFORD

At the meeting of the Westford grange held Thursday evening, Chas. M. Gardner, master of the state grange gave a very interesting address. He took as his subject "The Grange at Work," and divided his subject as follows: "The benefit of the grange to the community, the service of the grange to the young people, and the good the grange can do for broad, helpful legislation." Mr. Gardner impressed upon his audience that the enthusiasm of organization had passed and for the next 10 years the life of the organization would be based upon the usefulness and helpfulness the organization would be to the people and communities in which these granges are located. In speaking of the benefits derived from the orders in the communities, Mr. Gardner cited the grange at Martha's Vineyard, where the grange at that place invested $25 out of the $26 in the treasury in street lights, in a town where street lighting had never been known to exist and how the work had spread until now, about all of the streets in that town have lights. In other places water fountains had been installed; street cleaning day is known in other places where all members of the order turn out and clean the streets and unsightly places on the highways. New horse sheds have been erected in other towns; all the work of the members of the order. At the town of Mason, a fund was raised by the members which gave five young men a 10 weeks' course at Amherst, M. A. C. He also spoke of the grange work for the rural free delivery mail service which is practically established in every town in New England, the good roads movement and the parcels post bill now pending before congress with a good chance of passing the house and becoming a law. The speaker advocated the spending of the grange funds for the betterment of the people in the communities and thereby making the organization one of the strongest in the rural districts. There are now 251 granges organized with a membership of 26,000 people in the state of Massachusetts.

The next meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held at the home of Mrs. Pilfield on Wednesday next, February 7, at 2:30 o'clock.

On Friday evening, February 16, at the Orthodox church, there will be an interesting meeting for the cause of temperance. Mrs. Katherine L. Stevenson, state president of the W. C. T. U., will lecture.

REAL ESTATE SALES

Transactions Recorded for the Past Week

The following real estate sales for Lowell and suburban towns were recorded at the registry of deeds office during the past week:

LOWELL

Jennie S. Erlick et al. to L. Karl Erlick, land and buildings on Middlesex and Howard streets, $1.

Lillie S. Bennett to Asa H. Schoolcraft, land and buildings on Carnes street, $1.

H. Irving Gosser et al. to Old Colony Trust Co., tr., land and buildings on Merrimack street, $1.

Central Savings Bank to Gilbert W. Sheridan, et ux., land and buildings on Crosby street, $1.

Mary F. O'Neal et al. to Joseph E. Donohoe, land and buildings on Bird and Warren streets, $1.

Annie E. Hagins to Commonwealth Real Estate Trust, land at Sorena park, $1.

Andrew L. Keefe to Philip Cohen et al., land and buildings at corner of Broadway and Willie street, $1.

BILLERICA

Marion T. Blodgett et al. by gdn. to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $15.

Arthur L. Wolcott to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $1.

Jay T. Underhill to Boston & Maine R. R., land, $1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Charles Haughey, land at Pinehurst manor, $1.

George H. Shields, tr., to Anthony Stankard et al., land at Shawsheen River park, $1.

Aaron Adelman to Robert J. Farrell, land on Pine street, $1.

Aaron Adelman to Percy J. Love, land on Crystal street, $1.

George H. Shields, tr., to Ella Randell Hornby, land at Nutting's lake park annex, $1.

CARLISLE

Horace W. Wilson to Verno I. A. Lassen et ux., land and buildings, $1.

CHELMSFORD

Louis A. Young to Alfred A. Jeffs, land on Acton street, $1.

DRACUT

Thomas A. Walsh et ux., tes., to Brownson Library and Social club, land and buildings at corner Lakeview avenue and Mammoth road, $1.

Jennie P. Brown et al. to Brownson Library and Social club, land and buildings at corner Lakeview avenue and Mammoth road, $1.

Trustee of Fred C. Tober Land Co. to Marian H. Adams, land at Lakeview gardens, $1.

TEWKSBURY

George H. Shields, tr., to Anthony Stankevich et al., land at Shawsheen River park, $1.

Grace V. Nickerson to Margaret Sugden, land on Female street, $1.

George E. Crosby's admr. to Judson A. Parsons et ux., land on Whipple road, $1.

WESTFORD

Frederick A. Higgins to Hattie G. Johnson, land at Brookside park, $1.

WILMINGTON

George H. Shields, tr., to Thomas W. McCabe, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

Frank W. Coughlin to Colagana Seibelli, land at Wilmington terrace, $1.

George H. Shields, tr., to Emma F. Grover, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

Sylvester Chater to Gertrude H. Eames, land, $1.

George H. Shields, tr., to William H. Roberts, land at Pinegrove park, $1.

MISS MAY WHITELEY

SCORED A GREAT SUCCESS IN AMESBURY

Miss May Whiteley, soprano soloist of this city, took a prominent part in the concert held in connection with the dedication of the new headquarters of the Knights of Columbus in Amesbury, Tuesday evening, and that she rendered her solos with her usual ability is quite evident by the following clipping from Wednesday's Amesbury News:

"Miss May Whiteley of Lowell made a deep impression by a solo sung with great expression and as an encore responded with an Irish ballad, familiar but never tiresome, especially as sung by her since her voice, characterized by great clearness, flexibility and richness, showed remarkable control."

GRANITEVILLE

Court Graniteville, 179, F. of A., held an interesting meeting in its rooms Thursday evening. Chief Ranger P. G. Sullivan presided. It was voted to give Joseph Wall authority to conduct an entertainment for the purpose of raising funds to provide new uniforms for the degree staff.

This afternoon on the Forge pond special trials for horses were held. The speedway is in good condition and some good races are expected to be run off. The entries for the event included the following horses owned by well known horsemen from the different towns: "Col. Patch," owned by George Yapp of Littleton; "Sister Patch," from Acton; the Gilmore stables in Acton; Ed Wesley with a 2.10 trotter from Acton; Hugh McDonald with another fast one from Littleton; "Daley C.," owned by J. Austin Healey of Graniteville; "Derby Isle," owned by Henry Harrington of Graniteville; "Knox Gelatine Boy," owned by Dr. C. A. Blaney of Westford; "Nakomis," owned by J. A. Healey of Graniteville and many other fast horses from Ayer, Groton, Pepperell and Lowell. All the races are open events. Everything is free and all are invited.

COLONEL ROOSEVELT

Says That He Believes in Women's Rights

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Theodore Roosevelt discusses "Women's Rights and the Duties of Both Men and Women," in an editorial in the current issue of The Outlook. He says in part:

Much, indeed, has America owed to the fact that her two greatest men, Washington and Lincoln, though they did not neglect rights, were even more concerned with duties.

I believe in woman's rights. I believe even more earnestly in the performance of duty by both men and women; for unless the average man and the average woman live lives of duty, not only our democracy but civilization itself will perish. I heartily believe in equality of rights as between man and woman, but also in full and emphatic recognition of the fact that normally there cannot be identity of function. Indeed, there must normally be complete dissimilarity of function between them, and the effort to ignore this patent fact is silly. I believe in woman's suffrage wherever the women want it. Where they do not want it, the suffrage should not be forced upon them. I think that it would be well to let the women themselves, and only the women, vote at some special election as to whether they do or do not wish the vote as a permanent possession. In other words, this is peculiarly a case for the referendum to those most directly affected—that is, the women themselves. I should be entirely content to abide the decision, either way, for, though I do not think that the damaged prophesied from women's voting would come, or has come where it has been tried, I also think that very much less effect would be produced, one way or the other, than the enthusiasts believe. In other words, I do not regard the movement as anything like as important as either its extreme friends or extreme opponents think. It is so much less important than many other reforms that I have never been able to take a very heated interest in it.

If the woman suffrage movement were to be judged only by those advocates of it who discredit themselves and their sex by disorderly antics in public, and who assail the foundations of private and public morality in their endeavor, not to raise the sense of moral duty in man, but to lower the sense of moral duty in woman, I should certainly oppose the movement. But I do not believe these undesirable females are in any way to be accepted as opponents of the cause, and I call attention to the fact that they are prominent, not in the region where woman suffrage does exist, but in regions where it does not exist.

I pin my faith to woman suffragists of the type of the late Julia Ward Howe. Julia Ward Howe was one of the foremost citizens of this republic; she rendered service to the people such as few men in any generation render; and yet she did, first of all, her full duty in the intimate home relations that must ever take precedence of all other relations.

In our western states where the suffrage has been given to woman, I am unable to see that any great difference has been caused, as compared with neighboring states of similar social and industrial conditions where women have not the suffrage. Yet what slight changes have occurred have been for the better, and not the worse.

I most earnestly desire to emphasize my feeling that the question of woman suffrage is unimportant compared to the great fundamental questions that go to the root of right conduct as regards both men and women. There should be equality of rights and duties, but not identity of function; and with the man, as with the woman, the prime duties are those related to the home and the family.

The point which I wish to emphasize is that the supreme importance and high position of the woman of the type of Julia Ward Howe cannot be materially increased by the possession of the ballot. I am glad that the good, wise, and brave mother should have the ballot. I am especially glad if its possession will add to the high dignity of her position in the eyes of men. But I cannot conceive of any man's now failing to hold such a mother as more worthy of respect than any man, or than any other woman.

In the long run taken as a whole men and women will go up or go down together, and all reforms of first-class importance must look towards raising both men and women to a higher level, alike as regards the things of the body and as regards the things of the soul.

FOUR WERE KILLED

Bodies of Victims Were Found in a Tenement House

FOUR PERSONS MURDERED

Four persons killed in Lawrence.

Police think that robbery was motive for the crime.

One of the victims had drawn $500 from the bank and money is missing.

State police at work on the case.

LAWRENCE, Feb. 3.—Joseph Savia, 23 years old; his wife Mary, aged 18, a daughter of Eugene Clark of 99 Broadway street; Evelyn Dennis, born Tangany of 104 Lowell street, and an unknown young man aged about 26, were all found dead in Savia's tenement last night.

They had all been killed by savage slashes and stabs, and had been dead nearly 18 hours when they were discovered.

Apparently all four people were killed by one man, who went out of the tenement, locked the door after him, leaving at least one of his victims still alive and groaning, and walked out of the alley upon which the house opens with his sleeves rolled up and his weapon still in his hand.

There is not an iota of fact to connect the murders with the textile strike. None of the inmates of the tenement were mill workers, Savia worked two weeks ago cutting ice, the women were not employed.

The Savia tenement is a three-room home on the second floor of a 2½-story house, in the rear of 157 Valley street.

Mrs. Dennis was only 20 years old, according to her father, George Tangany, who was at the police station last night seeking information.

Savia was not more than 20 and his wife was a little younger. At 7.30 last night a girl who lived on the ground floor of the house in the alley ran out of Valley street and found the patrolman on the beat, M. A. Murphy. She told the policeman that there had been trouble all Thursday night in the house and that none of the inhabitants of the second floor tenement had been seen yesterday.

Patrolman Murphy and his partner on the beat, Patrolman Matthew McDonald, went up into the house. They found Sarah Goldberg, the owner of the house, standing before the door of the Savia tenement. He had come for his rent and had been unable to get in. The morning newspaper still lay on the floor of the hall.

The policemen, at the landlord's re-

Concluded on page four

TODAY'S STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Copper	69¾	69¾	69¾
Am Car & Fd	50¾	50¾	50¾
Am Hide & L pf	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
Am Smelt & R	69¼	69	69
Am Smelt & R pf	103½	103½	103½
Am Sugar Rfn	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝
Anaconda	34¼	34¼	34¼
Atchison	104	103¾	104
Balt & Ohio	102¼	101¾	102
Br Rap Tran	77⅞	77⅞	77⅞
Canadian Pa	230	229½	230
C I Pipe pf	50¼	50⅛	50¼
Cent Leather	78⅞	78⅞	78⅞
Cent Leather pf	86	86	86
Ches & Ohio	69⅞	69½	69⅝
Consol Gas	139¾	139¼	139¼
Dis Secur Co	31½	31¼	31¼
Erie	30½	30⅜	30⅜
Erie 1st pf	50⅝	50¼	50¼
Erie 2d pf	40	40	40
Gt North pf	128¾	127⅞	127⅞
Gt North Ore ctf	37½	37	37
Int Met Com	17¼	17⅛	17⅛
Int Met pf	56¾	55½	56
Louis & Nash	150⅞	150½	150⅞
Mexican Cent	33⅞	33½	33⅞
Nat Lead	53½	53¼	53½
N Y Central	110⅞	110¼	110½
Nor & West	105	107⅞	105
North Pacific	116½	116¼	116¼
Out & West	36⅞	36⅞	36⅞
Pennsylvania	124⅞	124⅞	124⅞
People's Gas	106½	106½	106½
Reading	158¼	156⅞	156⅞
Rep Iron & S	22⅞	22⅛	22⅛
Rep I & S pf	79½	79½	79½
Rock Is	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
Rock Is pf	49⅞	49⅞	49⅞
St Paul	106⅞	106¼	106¾
So Pacific	107¼	106⅞	107
Southern Ry	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞
Southern Ry pf	68½	68¼	68¼
Third Ave	46¼	46¼	46¼
Union Pacific	162⅞	161⅞	161⅞
U S Rub	46	46	46
U S Steel	69⅞	68¼	69½
U S Steel pf	119⅞	119½	119½
U S Steel 5s	103½	103½	103½
Utah Copper	55	54⅞	54⅞
Wab R R pf	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞
Western Un	52½	52⅛	52½

Money Market

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Prime mercantile paper, 3½@4. Sterling exchange, steady at $84.50 for 60 day bills and at $87.45 for demand. Commercial bills, 83¾. Bar silver 53½. Mexican dollars, 47. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, steady.

Money on call, nominal.

Time loans, steady; 60 days 2¾@2⅞, 90 days 2¾@3, six months 3@3½.

STOCK MARKET

WAS QUITE STEADY AT THE CLOSE THIS NOON

Coal Stocks Were Slightly Lower—Lehigh Valley Sold Below Reading—Other Features of the Day's Trading

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The stock-market stiffened at the opening today. Trading was fairly active although gains for the most part were slight. Interborough-Metropolitan with a gain of ¾ was the strongest stock. Canadian Pacific rose ⅝.

Weakness in Lehigh Valley caused a sympathetic decline elsewhere but the principal stocks did not sag much below yesterday's closing. Lehigh Valley fell 1¾. St. Paul was a half a point higher on the December statement.

The market closed steady. Coal stocks were slightly lower but the general market maintained a fair degree of steadiness. Comment was aroused over the fact that Lehigh Valley, a 10 per cent. stock, was selling below Reading, which yields six per cent.

Cotton Futures

	Opening	Close
February		9.67
March	9.80	9.78
April	9.90	9.86
May	9.96	9.94
June	10.04	9.99
July	10.08	10.07
August	10.13	10.09
September	10.14	10.12
October	10.19	10.19
November	10.23	10.22
December	10.25	10.24

Boston Market

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Interest in the coal copper market today centered in North Butte. The close was dull and irregular. North Butte 25, off 3; Indiana 1¼, up ¼, Copper Range 50, off ½.

Clearing House Statement

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—The statement of clearing house banks of Greater New York for the week shows that the banks hold $16,615,000 more than the requirements of the 25 per cent. reserve rule. This is an increase of $317,000 in the proportionate cash reserve as compared with last week.

BOSTON MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Adventure	6¼	6¼	6¼
Allouez	38½	38½	38½
Am Ag Chem Com	59½	59½	59½
Am Ag Chem pf	102¼	102¼	102¼
Am Pneu pf	15	15	15
Am Tel & Tel	139⅞	139¼	139⅞
Am Woolen pf	87½	87½	87½
Bos & Corbin	7	6¾	7
Boston & Maine	99½	99	99
Cal & Arizona	58⅝	58¼	58⅝
Copper Range	50¼	50	50¼
Franklin	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝
Giroux	4½	4½	4½
Granby	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞
Indiana	14½	14	14
Isle Royale	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞
Lake Copper	33¼	33¼	33¼
Mass Electric	21	21	21
Mass Electric pf	94⅞	94⅞	94⅞
Miami Cop	24	23¾	24
Mohawk	51¾	51¾	51¾
Nevada	18¼	18¼	18¼
N Y & N H	136¼	136¼	136¼
North Butte	26	25¾	26
Old Dominion	44½	44½	44½
Osceola	107	106	107
Shannon	9	9	9
Swift & Co	100½	100½	100½
Trinity	5¾	5¾	5¾
United Fruit	150⅞	150⅞	150⅞
United Sh M	46½	46½	46½
U S Smelting pf	47½	47½	47½
Wolverine	99	99	99

BOSTON CURB MARKET

Stocks	High	Low	Close
Amal Nev	7½c	7½c	7½c
Bay State Gas	23c	23c	23c
Boston City	1¼	1¼	1¼
Davis-Daly	72c	72c	72c
Ely Witch	5c	5c	5c
First National	2¼	2¼	2¼
Goldfield Cons	4½	4½	4½
La Rose	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
McKinley	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
Nev Douglas	2¼	2¼	2¼
Raven	36c	35c	36c
R I Coal	26c	25c	26c

Cotton Spot

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling Uplands 10.00. Middling Gulf 10.25. Sales 500 bales.

Exchanges and Balances

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Exchanges, $32,923,724; balances, $1,932,280.

For the week ending Feb. 3, 1912: Exchanges, $206,851,538; balances, $14,243,881.

Corresponding week of February, 1911: Exchanges, $185,246,577; balances, $12,668,510.

HUSBAND STABBED

Wife is Blamed for the Crime

EVERETT, Feb. 3.—Henry Haynes, aged 21, of 25 Mystic street, South Everett, it is alleged, was stabbed twice last night with a paper cutter by his wife, Susan, aged 20, during a dispute in their home.

The couple have been married about a year, and it is understood that they quarreled over domestic matters about 10.30 last evening. Mrs. Haynes, it is said, seized a paper cutter and struck at her husband.

The weapon pierced him in the back under the left arm and again in the right kidney. He was attended by Drs. Theodore W. Clark and Peter Conroy, and, according to the police, his injuries are considered serious.

Neighbors, who learned of the quarrel, telephoned to the police and Patrolman John O'Neil was sent to the house. He took Mrs. Haynes to the station, where she is held to await developments, but no charge was brought against her last night.

TEXTILE SCHOOL NOTES

The faculty and students of the school are much interested in the bill now before the general court of Massachusetts to allow the school to bestow the degrees of Bachelor of Textile Engineering and Bachelor of Textile Dyeing to the members of the engineering and chemistry courses respectively, who have satisfactorily completed a four year course in these departments.

The board of education, to which the bill was referred, reported in favor of granting the degrees on account of the high standing which was accorded the school in the collegiate and industrial world. The Lowell Textile school, the board reports, is a technical, rather than a trade school, and should therefore receive the same recognition as the other technical schools of Massachusetts. The requirements for admission are similar to those of many other colleges and the equipment of the school places it on a par with those institutions now granting degrees.

Mr. James T. Smith, clerk of the trustees of the school, and Mr. Chas. H. Eames, the principal, have been working tirelessly to have the bill pass the house and they feel confident that a satisfactory report will be made on it.

The ninth annual party of the Delta Kappa Phi fraternity of the school will take place Friday evening next in Colonial hall. The dance, which is considered as one of the leading events in Lowell social circles, is attended by guests from all over New England. The patrons include many of the leading society ladies of the city.

The second term of the school year began on Monday last.

Fifteen teachers from Simmons college of Boston visited the school on Thursday as guests of Principal Eames. They were conducted through the various departments and the ladies were ardent in their admiration of the school.

Mr. James T. Smith, clerk of the board of trustees, has returned to his duties at the school after a short absence due to sickness.

OTIS KIMBALL DEAD

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The death of Otis Kimball, a well known financier in this city, occurred today. He was 66 years old and had been ill several weeks. He is survived by his wife, the daughter of the late W. T. Hart, former president of the New York & New England railroad, and one daughter.

FIFTEEN CHURCHES

ASSOCIATE THEMSELVES WITH CHARITABLE WORK

At a meeting held in the Ministry-at-Large building, Thursday evening, representatives of fifteen churches met with the directors of the Ministry-at-Large and signed the by-laws of that organization and assisted in the election of officers for the ensuing year.

The officers and directors of last year were re-elected, and in addition to them, were elected Miss Edith Stott, Henry H. Harris, B. W. Clements, as delegates at large; H. H. Sumner, as secretary, and as directors representative of the churches Rev. George C. Wright of the Free church, Joseph W. Griffin of the First Congregational, Miss Grace N. Ward of the Eliot, Mrs. O. O. Greenwood of St. John's Episcopal, Mrs. Harriet H. Paul of Fifth Street Baptist, Miss Julia Williams of Centralville Methodist, Rev. C. R. Skinner of Grace Universalist, Clarence H. Nelson of High Street Congregational, Henry O. Brooks of Central Methodist, Rev. George F. Kenngott of Trinitarian Congregational, John A. Taylor of First Presbyterian, Mrs. A. M. Dows of Calvary Baptist, Miss L. Adelaide Wallingford of Highland Congregational, A. J. Burjes of Chelmsford Street Baptist church.

Rev. George C. Wright made a report of the purposes and the work of the Ministry-at-Large for the year.

Harvey B. Greene made his report as treasurer, which was adopted. Edward T. Wilder was requested to act again as auditor and thanked for past services. Rev. Benjamin A. Willmott, D. L. Page, Rev. George F. Kenngott and Harvey B. Greene spoke words of praise for the Ministry-at-Large work as they had observed it at close range for years; of their desire to enlarge its resources and usefulness.

A committee was appointed to endeavor to bring the other charities of the city into closer relation with the Ministry-at-Large, to their mutual advantage. This committee is: Rev. George F. Kenngott, Miss Harriett Coburn, Miss Emily M. Skilton, William N. Osgood, Esq. and Rev. George C. Wright.

The chair was directed to appoint a committee to increase the membership of the Ministry-at-Large corporation and also to appoint a finance committee.

NEW CITY HALL

PLANS FOR A GREAT BUILDING IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—Plans for the eventual extension of the new city hall annex nearly to School st., and thus provide the city with a monster new city hall were submitted to Mayor Fitzgerald yesterday by Edward T. P. Graham, the architect of the annex.

Architect Graham's plans include the tearing down of the present city hall and the making of Court square into two separate streets, which would extend through to School street.

Under Architect Graham's suggestion, the city would have an 11-story city hall, with floor space of 11 acres and costing, with the annex, approximately $2,000,000. Architect Graham would have the annex and city hall a complete unit.

He plans to construct the new city hall annex so that whenever the city gets ready to complete the proposed building, it can do so, whether it be immediately after the annex is completed or in a number of years.

The idea has captivated the mayor and he said yesterday that he was considering the advisability of applying to the legislature for the necessary authority for the city to construct the new city hall.

Like the annex, the proposed city hall, if completed according to the plans of Architect Graham, while it would be of the modern office building type, would be constructed so as to retain the dignity of appearance characteristic of municipal buildings.

LEAP YEAR INDUCEMENTS

THE MYSTERIES LOST

Were Defeated by Holy Name Juniors

At the St. Patrick's school hall last night the Junior Holy Name team defeated the Mysteries second team in one of the best basketball games ever seen in the hall. The score was 14 to 10. The game was the first that the Mysteries have lost this season. In the early stages of the contest the Aerologs had it all their own way, but the lads from Centralville came strong in the final period. At the end of the second period the score stood 12 to 2 in favor of the Holy Name team. With five minutes to play in the last period the score was 12 to 10 and Capt. Foley of the North common quintet threw a basket just before the whistle blew, making the final score 14 to 10.

The floor work of Martin and the shooting by Foley were the features of the Juniors' playing. Captain Welch and McCarty starred for the Mysteries second team.

The following is the lineup and summary:

Junior Holy Name—Foley rf, Kingsborn lf, Martin c, Smith lg, and Manning, Powers and Copley rb.

Mysteries Second team—Bradbury rf, Welch lf, Jordan and Touhey c, Logan lg, McCarty rg.

Baskets—Foley 4, Martin 1, Smith 1, McCarty 2, Welch 1, Bradbury 1.

Fouls on fouls—J. H. N., 2; Mysteries second team, 2.

Officials—Referee, Maguire, C. Y. M. L.; scorer, Noason; timer, Brunelle.

Time—Three ten-minute periods.

THE ANNUAL REPORT

Of St. Jean Baptiste and St. Joseph's Parishes

Tomorrow at all the masses at St. Jean Baptiste and St. Joseph's churches, the Oblate Fathers will submit the annual report of the parish, including the receipts, expenses and doings during the last twelve months.

The report is very satisfactory and

REV. HENRI WATELLE, O. M. I.
Pastor

reflects much credit on the pastor, Rev. Henri Watelle, O. M. I., as well as on his assistants. A feature of the year's work is that despite the fact that a new convent was built for the Grey Nuns of the Cross, and that the old buildings were removed on the other side of the street at an expense including the cost of the new building, of $25,011.74, the sum of $7,000 has been paid on the church debt, reducing the same to $87,189.75.

The total receipts for the year have been $46,646.76, while the expenses amounted to $42,395.61, which leaves a balance on hand of $4,253.15.

The statistics of the parish show a decrease in the population of the parish. There are now 2583 families as against 2685 last year; the books show 14,289 persons as against 14,885 in 1910. 1963 children attend the parochial schools, while last year there were 2055. Three hundred and sixty-eight children attend the public schools as against 405 in 1910.

There were 562 christenings during the year, while last year 607 children were baptized. The marriages in 1911 reached 112, while in the previous year 121 couples were united in the bonds of matrimony. There were 219 deaths during the past twelve months, 131 of whom were adults, while 188 were children. In 1910 there were 451 deaths, 123 adults and 328 children.

There are 13 priests in the parish and 15 brothers, including the Marist Brothers and the Gray Nuns of the Cross. At the French American orphanage there are 15 sisters, three teachers and 135 children.

TEAMS SPLIT EVEN

Lively Game Played in City League

The Olympic and Crescents split even in a game in the City League series last night, each team winning two points, but the Crescents won the total by nearly half a hundred pins. The first string was well contested, but the Crescents had everything their own way in the second string and in the third string the Crescents lost by four pins. J. F. Donohoe of the Crescents was high man, having a total of [illegible] in the Olympics put [illegible].

The First Congregational church team of the Baraca league gave the St. Paul's team a severe trouncing on the alleys last night, the former team winning all four points. J. Houston and Chapin of the winning team were high men.

The game between the Pawtucket Blues and Mt. Groves resulted in a victory for the Mt. Groves, which won every point. The scores, however, were unusually low.

The scores:

CITY LEAGUE

Olympics

	1	2	3	Ttls
Carpenter	91	89	89	269
Ferrin	91	97	103	291
Kempton	104	86	96	285
McCarthy	90	100	97	287
Lerman	120	104	98	322
Totals	499	476	482	1457

Crescents

	1	2	3	Ttls
Concannon	87	87	98	272
Gendron	107	94	92	293
Singleton	104	120	87	311
Savage	86	99	94	279
J. F. Donohoe	103	121	107	331
Totals	497	531	478	1506

BARACA LEAGUE

First Congregational

	1	2	3	Ttls
W. Houston	96	98	93	290
DuBois	83	86	77	246
J. Houston	121	107	88	316
Chapin	118	101	101	320
C. Martel	94	87	83	264
Totals	512	477	447	1436

St. Paul's

	1	2	3	Ttls
Gray	83	90	84	257
B. Richardson	105	111	75	291
Brown	87	65	75	227
Horne	96	88	98	282
J. Richardson	94	97	98	289
Totals	465	451	430	1346

MOODY BRIDGE LEAGUE

Pawtucket Blues

	1	2	3	Ttls
Kenworthy	81	86	69	236
S. Silcox	77	90	89	256
Chouinard	88	85	82	255
Sanborn	95	97	83	275
Swift	80	82	83	245
Totals	421	440	406	1267

Mt. Groves

	1	2	3	Ttls
W. Silcox	92	91	97	280
Stack	91	86	99	276
Grantfield	91	92	96	279
A. Silcox	98	91	85	274
Sub	77	82	69	228
Totals	449	442	446	1337

HORSFALL TRIAL

Defendant Was Principal Witness Yesterday

The trial of James H. Horsfall of Lowell on a charge of manslaughter in causing the death of Mrs. Ruth Kittredge, aged 74, of Tewksbury, in an automobile accident in Wilmington, Nov. 11, was resumed in the East Cambridge superior court yesterday.

Horsfall testified that he had four drinks in Boston before starting to run the automobile from Boston to Lowell. His testimony will be continued Monday.

Charles Brooks and Thomas Thomas, occupants of the machine, testified that Horsfall handled the car well. Others who testified were Edward Barker, M. Foley, Harry Adams, William C. Brann and Forecaster J. W. Smith of the Boston Weather Bureau, who told of the weather conditions the day of the accident.

NORTH CHELMSFORD

Candlemas day, as well as the first Friday of the month, was observed yesterday in St. John's church North Chelmsford. At the 7.30 mass the candles were blessed by Rev. Fr. Doherty. In the evening at 7.30 a large congregation was present at the devotions. Rosary, instructions and benediction of the most blessed sacrament were given.

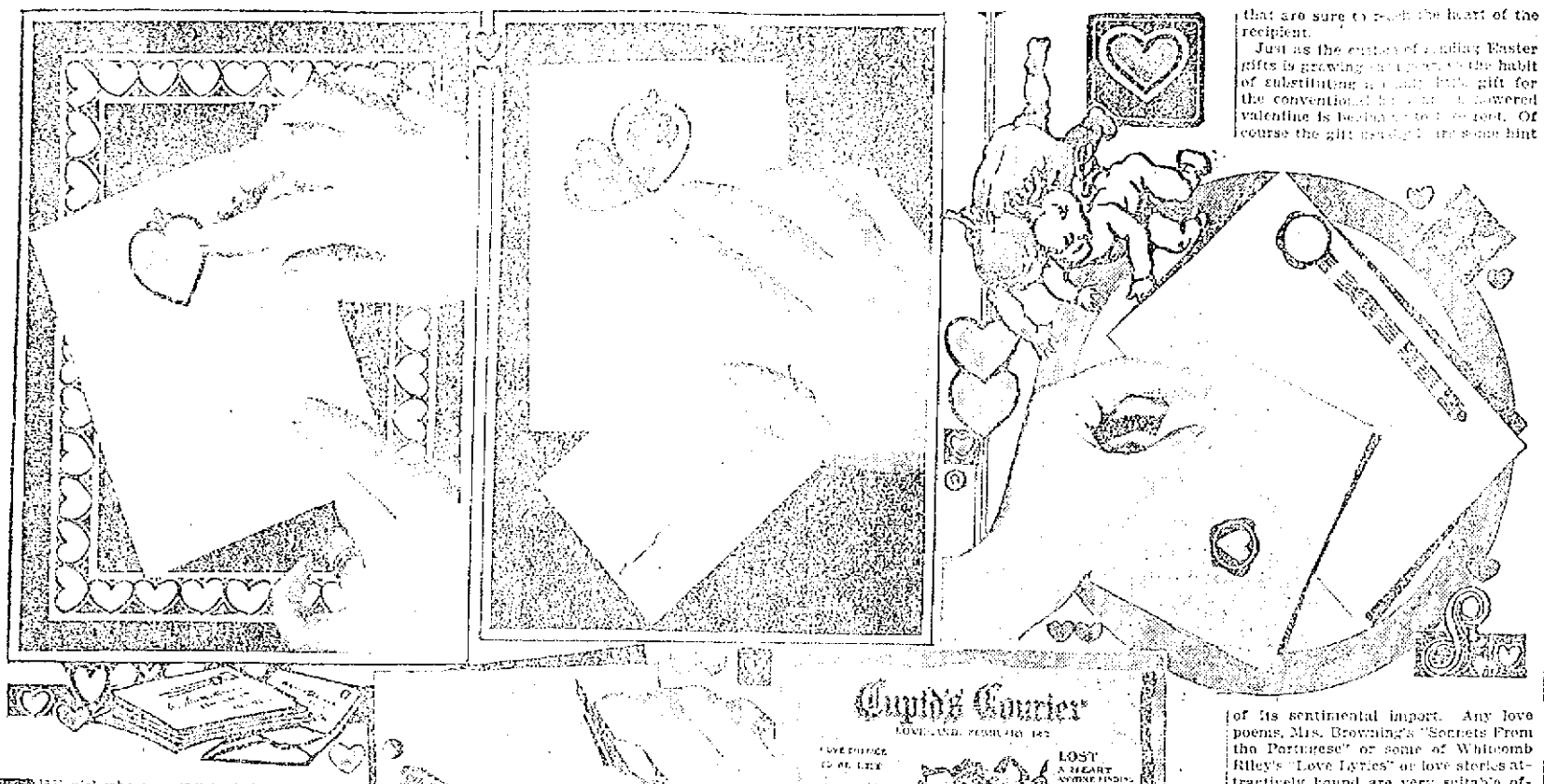
Rev. Fr. Schofield, pastor of St. John's church, attended the mass of thanksgiving in honor of Cardinal O'Connell in the Cathedral in Boston, Thursday.

Last evening in St. John's hall the second of a series of whist parties was held. There was a very large attendance during the evening and all had an enjoyable time. Many were present from Lowell and Graniteville. From 8 to 8.30 a delightful piano recital was given by Master Walter O'Neil, a talented member of the Boys' club, and it was thoroughly enjoyed by all. Promptly at 8.30 whist was commenced and continued until 10.30. During the totaling of the scores refreshments were served, after which dancing was started and continued until midnight. At the close of the affair all voted it a great success. The accompanist for dancing was Master Walter O'Neil. The winners of the prizes were as follows: Ladies' prizes—Mrs. Lavelle and Dr. Emma Slaughter of Lowell were tied for first honors and lots were drawn to cut the book and Mrs. Lavelle was the winner of the first prize, a ladies' umbrella. The second prize, a set of gold pins, was awarded to Dr. Emma Slaughter. The ladies' consolation prize was given to Miss Nellie Ward. The gentleman's first prize, a set of cuff links, was won by James Potter; the second prize, a watch fob, was won by Dan Harrington; the gentleman's consolation was given to M. B. Ledwith of Graniteville. The scorers were Misses Mary Cox, Rena Welch and James P. Quigley. The committee in charge was Misses Charlotte Lowe, Jennie Lavelle and Loretta Ward.

The members of the Dramatic circle of the Catholic club are progressing with their rehearsals for the presentation of the drama to be held in the town hall on February 16th.

The many friends of Mrs. Nellie Prince will be pleased to learn that she is convalescent after a very serious operation in the Lowell hospital.

FAVORS AND GIFTS FOR ST. VALENTINE BIRTHDAY SUPPERS



THE girl who is going to entertain on St. Valentine's day will do well to resurrect her old box of valentines, which most girls keep from year to year, and make her own favors for the dance and supper. In this way a great deal of expense is saved. Among the old box of valentines there will be found plenty of material for new favors. For instance, old lace valentines can be converted into attractive souvenirs by covering boxes of the correct shape with gilt or silver paper and pasting the old fashioned lace emblems on the tops.

At one valentine dinner that is to be given this year to announce an engagement there will be at each plate a heart shaped frame, made of tiny pink rosebuds, the kind that can be bought in bunches for 5 cents each.

These are sewed closely to a frame of pasteboard tinted a deep pink. Within each frame is a picture of the fiancees, copied from an old group, and a surprise to the engaged ones as well as to the other guests. The picture is covered with a sheet of silver paper, on which is written the name of the guest. To it is attached an end of pink ribbon, which at a signal given later by the hostess is pulled and the faces of the happy couple are revealed within the frames.

Great fun are rimed valentines, composed by the hostess for each guest and especially illuminated by her, or, if her artistic skill is small, written on plain notepaper, around which are pasted borders of red hearts.

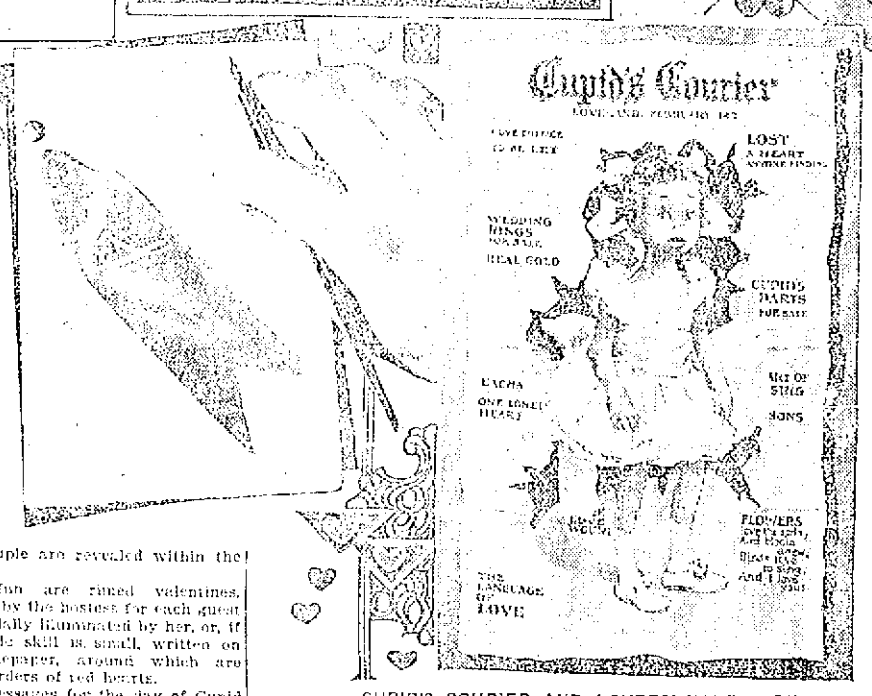
Love messages for the day of Cupid are not difficult of home manufacture. The "Cupid's Courier" to be seen among the cuts is quite within the scope of amateur talent. As you may see the little messenger is just emerging from the Loveland News, and she is carrying half a score of tender messages that are sure to reach the heart of the recipient.

Just as the custom of sending Easter gifts is growing [illegible] the habit of substituting a small Easter gift for the conventional [illegible] flowered valentine is being [illegible]. Of course the gift [illegible] some hint of its sentimental import. Any love poems, Mrs. Browning's "Sonnets From the Portuguese" or some of Whitcomb Riley's "Love Lyrics" or love stories attractively bound are very suitable offerings on Feb. 14. The books may be sent by a man or a girl.

In the picture is seen, too, one of the "pretty follies" of lovers of which Shakespeare speaks. It is the use of notepaper made especially for sweethearts' correspondence. On it are marked the hearts and the portraits and the cupids and the Cupid's arrows, which represent undying affection, sometimes with the name or initial of the beloved one.

A variation of this fad or fancy is the use of notepaper cut into heart shape. The double sheet is so made that the recipient of the much longed for missive may know at a glance that the writer's whole heart, represented in paper, goes with the letter. This is an English fad that has not yet received widespread notice on this side of the water, but it is as sure as anything can be, of course, that American lovers of both sexes are just dying to send their love on heart shaped paper or on paper marked with hearts. Only, they mustn't be absentminded, as lovers are apt to be, and use the lovers' notepaper in writing to the butcher, the baker or the candlestick maker. It must be put aside carefully for writing only to one's really, truly sweetheart.

CATHERINE TALBOT.



CUPID'S COURIER AND LOVERS' NOTE PAPER.

Delicious Creole Candies

PECAN Pralines.—Put a pound of brown cane sugar in a porcelain lined saucepan with enough water, about four tablespoonfuls, to melt the sugar and stir until liquid. As it begins to boil add half a pound of freshly shelled pecans. Cut some in fine shreds and some in halves and quarters. Stir constantly until the strup thickens and turns to sugar, then remove from the fire and drop on a slab. A pound of the unshelled pecans will give you half a pound of the nut meats. Peanuts may be substituted for the pecan meats.

La Calle.—The old negro candy venders of New Orleans have made this candy famous to visitors to the Crescent City. To make it take two pounds of brown sugar or a quart of black molasses and boil it down to almost a pint of sirup. To this dark sirup add almost a pint of pecan nuts cut up in irregular sizes and a portion of them crushed. When it has boiled long enough to pass like a thread between thumb and finger pour into little fluted paper cases oblong in shape, making a cake about four inches long, two inches wide and about quarter or half an inch thick. Let these dry. The cases may be made of stiff writing paper if you cannot get other paper of the proper size and shape.

Mais Tac-Tac.—Take a pint of molasses and put it on to boil. When it reaches the boiling point throw into it about three-quarters of a pound of parched Indian corn or maize, parched to a blossom (popped snow white). Stir until well mixed and pour into paper cases about six inches long and three inches wide, making a cake about one and a half inches deep. Do not handle them until they are cool. There should be just enough of the sirup to coat the corn nicely and bind together.

Cream Pecans.—These dainty bonbons are the thing to serve at afternoon tea. Take a pound of the finest pecans and shell them carefully, keeping them in perfect halves. Take the white of a very fresh egg and its weight in water, beat together until it is creamy, then work into it with finger tips a quarter of a pound of the finest confectioner's sugar, forming a smooth paste. Pinch off a bit of the paste about the size of a small marble and roll it into a ball, place it between two halves of pecan meats, press lightly, then roll lightly in the paste, flattening the pecan slightly. The brown of the nut meat must show through the thin coating of the paste.

Orange Pastilles.—First make the orange sugar by rubbing the rind of the orange on loaf or coarse cane sugar and dry. Take three and a half ounces of coarse white sugar and add to the orange sugar the strained juice of two oranges. As soon as it begins to dissolve stir it with a wooden paddle for a few minutes, then remove from the fire, stirring continuously and drop on a sheet of paper, cutting off in drops about the size of a pea, using a curved wire. When they are not entirely dry turn the paper upside down, brush the underside with a small bristle brush moistened slightly and carefully scrape off the pastilles with a pointed knife upon a fine dry sieve. Move the sieve slowly over a very slow fire until the pastilles are dry, so they will not stick together. Put them into a jar and they will keep a long time. If you use any quantity of these little bonbons or candy drops it is worth while to make your own, using various colors and flavors.

FROCK FOR VALENTINE PARTY

SOMETHING new in a little girl's white frock is shown in this modish model of embroidery combined with plain hand embroidered lawn and lace insertions. The chevron effect of the embroidery is unusual and striking, and the skirt trimming accentuates this effect.

IN EMBROIDERY WITH CHEVRON EFFECT.

MILADY'S VEIL IS BIZARRE

THE LATEST VEIL FOR SPRING WEAR.

NOT so pretty as the mystery veil, but ten times more disfiguring, is this new veil designed for wear with a spring suit of brown and white mixture and a hat of brown taffeta. Huge spots the size of a quarter of a dollar are sprinkled all over the net, and a border of three inch silk fringe finishes the edge. Brown costumes are extremely chic, and the woman who wants to be dressed up to the minute and does not mind extreme effects would do well to copy the outfit. With this costume is worn a pair of buttoned boots with cream kid uppers and russet vamps.

Smocking Revived For Children's Clothes

SMOCKING, that simple yet decorative fashion or trimming, is once more coming into popularity. Especially for the children and the growing girls is this style of ornamentation adapted. Even plain rompers of the small tots when are otherwise unrelieved of their plainness, unless by a patent leather belt, have short panels of smocking running from the neck line at the front. The most unassuming little cotton fabric dress is enhanced with smocking at neck, elbows and waist, and, as for the coats of the juniors, smocking in a light color silk may form the only yoke and cuff attraction on a plain black velvet top garment. A lovely silk coat for the small girl showing an entire absence of lace, but a decidedly pretty substitute in the form of smocking at neck, the collar depth in self color silk, is a choice fashion; then this same coat has the full sleeves held in at wrists with the same style trimming, and again at the waist line it forms the girdle width. To wear with these coats bonnets are made of the material and solely adorned with the same faultless fashion. A delightfully quaint Kate Greenaway hood of the black velvet is framed to the face with smocking, which sets off the graceful fullness of the back of the hood. The silk hat corresponding with the silk coat has a tam-o'-shanter crown smocked on to a fur brim.

Nor is the fashion stopping with the younger generation, for styles are shown for the older sisters with simple blouse that boasts of no more elaborate motif than that formed by the smocking on yoke and the entire length of the top of sleeves. Indeed, the fashion has so many possibilities that it is hard to tell where it will end when it is once fairly re-established. One charming costume for a young girl, which was a veiled effect with the attractive Persian border on skirt, had the smocking delightfully carried out in the various colored silks which appeared in the border. This made the dominating yoke with the point at center front, midway and at finish of the elbow sleeves and again at the waist, as in the younger fashions. The cloudy veiling overdress had a substantial satin band at the bottom of the skirt and was worn over pale blue silk to complete the artistic effect.

Tools in the Home

A TACK in time is sometimes as necessary as the proverbial stitch.

Tools are necessary to make the small repairs about the house, and a box of them should be ever ready at the housekeeper's hand.

A hammer, gimlet, small hand saw, screwdriver and pliers are usually sufficient.

Tacks, nails and screws of assorted sizes should have a place in the box.

Sandpaper, a tube of furniture glue and a can of oil will also be needed.

A large pair of shears will be found useful in many cases.

With these tools at hand a woman may attempt some simple upholstering.

Chairs and sofas that have become shabby may be recovered with fresh cretonne.

The Discontented Girl

AN Englishwoman of wide experience and one whose work has brought her into close contact with many girls and older women of an astonishing variety of natures and desires has written a little sermon to the discontented girl:

A real evil is far easier to remedy than an imaginary one. Most people will disagree with me—at first.

"Oh," they will exclaim unbelievingly, "how ridiculous! An imaginary evil is—well, it's only imaginary, while a real evil does a definite amount of harm."

Exactly. Strange as it may seem, that is my very point.

A real evil does do a definite amount of harm—of course it does—but the harm is certain, material, calculable, something which may be arrested and killed.

With an imaginary evil there is nothing solid to grasp or to fight; it is a vague, misty something which envelops and blinds us, in which we wander dazedly, knowing neither its origin, its power nor its purpose.

There is a dark cloud of the imagination which envelops and spoils the lives of many women today and seems as though it would grow into even greater darkness tomorrow and after. It is the twentieth century woman's curse—a very fiend of unrest and vague discontent.

Let me look into it, analyze it, try to suggest some remedies, for I am sure that many who are reading this article either suffer from it or through it.

First, then, what is it? When a girl is growing into womanhood she begins to understand the world, its ways and all there is, or may be, in it for her. She experiences her first discontents—and let us carefully follow her progress.

The beginnings are generally at home, for it is not only charity that starts there. The cause is something small and altogether imaginative. She may want to do her hair up, go to a dance or see a play with friends of her own choosing, or go to a bridge party or on the stage, or to read some very doubtful novel.

Possibly the parental foot descends heavily and decidedly, squashing her young ideas, or perhaps Miss Nineteen-hundred-and-twelve is allowed to do as she wishes, which is more probable and more disastrous.

For what happens next? She had certain desires—vain, perhaps, and comparatively unimportant, but definite and clear desires, after all. They were crushed; she was allowed to have her own way and then no longer wanted it—or, at least, no longer cared for having it.

So off she goes again, her imagination careering wildly after some new fancy, until checked, she breeds over some other grievance. Her self will rides rough shod over reason, happiness, love—she is never happy unless discontented.

She goes through the whole list of definite discontents—money, dress, company, leisure, amusement—she wants them all, and the lack of any creates a harsh feeling, which she vents on those who are nearest and probably dearest to her.

In fact, Miss Nineteen-hundred-and-twelve goes through the entire list of possible discontents until by the time she is twenty or twenty-two she has exhausted her practical definite grievances.

Everything she can think of is hers—everything ever which she has made trouble for years past.

Then she reaches the state of vague, imaginative discontent. She aches with mad, unknown, formless desires. She wanders blindly, crying in a black fog of imaginary wretchedness. She struggles in a deep sea of depression, while the fiend of unrest sits on her shoulder trying to push her head beneath the waves.

She is dreadfully unhappy, but does not know why. If she could only fix on some reason; if she could only once say, "I am unhappy because of so-and-so," she could fight it. But she cannot settle on anything in particular, so her mind feeds on all the dark, "unhappy, faroff things" she can think of.

By the time, no matter what she has gained, her heart will go on aching for something else.

Weirdness of Feathers

FEATHERS are weird and wonderful objects in the winter's millinery. No extravagance is too great to be acceptable to those who favor the bizarre in hat trimmings.

The Gourahah plume has reappeared. Its specialty is to wave away from the hat as if it were a detachable affair. Then if the feather is not set at this absurd angle it sticks out at the back of a hat or rises abruptly from a cluster of plumes. A toque made of velvet carries out this branching out style for "donkey's ear loops," which are made of velvet and stick out from either side like large ears.

This is one among the many trimmings of plumelike effect; others are the knitted quill, composed of beads and set at a dangerous angle to the eyes of the passersby and the spun glass brush. Turbans made of gold and silver tissues, with upstanding brushes rising from handsome ornaments, recall the durbar and the fashions brought by that ceremonial.

LITTLE THINGS HURT.

IT is the little things of life that fret and fret—the tiny stabs that are not too little to hurt, but too little to shock us out of ourselves into a calm acceptance. The big things we brace up somehow to bear, but the little things that prick and sting and gnaw are the things that make life hard.

The cold look of some one we love, the thoughtless act and unfeeling word—such little things as these can overcast our sky, darken a whole world and utterly incapacitate us, when we could perhaps stand up and smile like a hero in the face of fire and flood.

RIBBON TRIMMED HATS FOR SPRING

STUNNING DEMISEASON MODELS FROM THE MAISON LEWIS.

THERE are many well dressed women who have not yet decided to their entire satisfaction that their winter millinery has been chosen wisely, but, on the other hand, there are many other women who already tired of their winter headgear, are eagerly welcoming the demiseason hats that are appearing in the shops.

No matter how much a woman's common sense may condemn the practice of introducing straw hats this early in the season, nevertheless, and despite of made wings of plaited black satin just outlined with scarlet at the faces.

First she may be told that leghorn [illegible] is going to be a very favorite to be very prominent, second that and trimming to the coming jaunty hats crowned models are for spring [illegible] the stunning hats illustrated and that first in many cases [illegible] exactly how it is being used the brim differs in material and color at some of the best millinery establishments from the crown. A wide model with moats in black leghorn and natural straw colored. These hats are demiseason models crown has the crown covered by a with all the elements of the spring "fence" of plaited white satin ribbon summer new ribbon adornments.

Needlework Pictures

THE woman who loves to embroider will take advantage of the present craze of making needlework pictures, either for the decoration of her own home or as a gift for a friend. Our great-grandmothers were taught to make a "sampler" as proof of their proficiency in needlework. These were displayed with pride by the young girls' mothers. Many of them were framed to preserve them from the ravages of time and today are valued as antiques.

Samplers were really needlework pictures, some of them very wonderful in design and execution.

Just now it is the fashion to copy these designs of a hundred years ago or to work an original picture on silk or satin.

A flight of birds, for example, embroidered on heavy cream colored satin in the natural colors makes a picture that is quite Japanese in effect, beautiful enough to be mounted and framed in an expensive frame.

A cherry branch laden with snowy bloom, with butterflies hovering about, when done on Chinese blue silk and framed in dull gold, is worthy of a place in a handsomely furnished drawing room.

Little landscape pictures worked out in multicolored silks, clusters of fruit and flowers are all favorite designs.

The designs can be sketched on the satin with a hard lead pencil or stamped by a professional.

The work is always done with soft silks on satin or lusterless silk.

It is necessary to have the material stretched over an embroidery frame while working, so that there will not be the slightest puckor about the edges.

After the work is completed it is carefully pressed on the wrong side, mounted over cardboard that has been slightly padded with a layer of cotton batting and then framed under glass to preserve it from dust. In this way they can be kept for years and finally handed down to future generations as samples of art needlework done by the women of the twentieth century.

STARVING CHILDREN

Were Found in Room in House in Somerville

BOSTON, Feb. 3. Six children, ragged and pale, ranged themselves before Judge L. Roger Wentworth in the Somerville district court yesterday, a testimonial to poverty and neglect. They were the children of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Merrill of 16 Wheatley street, East Somerville. They ranged from 2 years to 13 years old. Their faces bore the marks of suffering and hunger. They had been accidentally discovered by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and had been brought in for police protection.

Behind their arraignment is a long story of poverty and disease. The father of the children is a teamster, when he works—which is not often; the mother struggles to provide for them save when sickness prevented—which was very often—and between the two the children were going to the dogs.

The oldest is Ethel, aged 13, a girl weak and sickly, and, after her, come Lucile, aged 10, Bertha 8, Melvin 6, Ida 4, and Marion 2 years old.

The rooms where this family lived could hardly be called a home. It was rather a shelter from the street. It kept out the rain and the wind, but it was without food and the cold penetrated there. How long the mother had been sick, or how long the father had been out of work, no one seemed to know yesterday; but, when the police went to the house at the order of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, they found these six children huddled in a corner of their barren room like a pack of sheep, the heat of one warming another; no food in the country, the stove black out, the stinging morning air blowing through cracks in the windows. The mother lay on a cot, too ill to rise, and the father was away. Even the children themselves could not tell when last they had had a full meal, with all they wished to eat.

One by one the children were carried out to the patrol wagon. The older ones were frightened and cried, but the four younger ones were too dazed and unknowing to care what happened. The police did not set them down in the street lest their bare feet touch the snow—for but two of them had shoes.

Arraigned in court they made a piteous spectacle. Many a callous court officer brushed away a tear or gulped down something hard in his throat. Even the court sighed deep and looked down upon the forlorn sextet with compassion. When the facts in the case were duly set forth, the judge ordered that the children be cared for by the state board of charity.

BIG SUM FOR ROYAL ARCANUM

BOSTON, Feb. 3.—The sum of $5,902.100, held for several years by the state treasurer as an emergency fund under an old statute, will be returned to the supreme court of the Royal Arcanum as a result of a ruling of Judge Braley in the supreme court today. When the statute in question was enacted by the legislature in 1901 it was changed so as to omit the clause requiring such an emergency fund to be deposited with the state treasurer. Judge Braley today directed that a writ of mandamus be issued ordering State Treasurer Elmer Stevens to turn over the fund to the supreme council.

BLEW UP TRAIN ON BRIDGE

LONDON, Feb. 3.—A railroad bridge was blown up to the east of Mukden, Manchuria, this morning at three o'clock and a train was wrecked, several passengers being killed.

According to a news agency despatch from Tien Tsin received here today the outrage was committed at Chintzulin, where the railroad from Shanhaikwan to Mukden passes over a river. The affair had been carefully prepared, the viaduct being undermined and charges of dynamite placed in position. When the train was in the center of the bridge the fuse was fired and the whole structure blew up.

It is not known whether rebels or bandits are responsible for the outrage.

SENATOR GRADY DEAD

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—State Senator Thomas F. Grady, long identified with Tammany Hall as one of its leaders and known as the "Silver Tongued" orator of that organization, died at his home in this city early today. Senator Grady had long served in the legislature at Albany and has been the leader of his party on the floor of the senate. Mr. Grady, who lived on East Thirtieth street, had been suffering from a complication of diseases for some time.

ABDICATION OF CHINESE THRONE

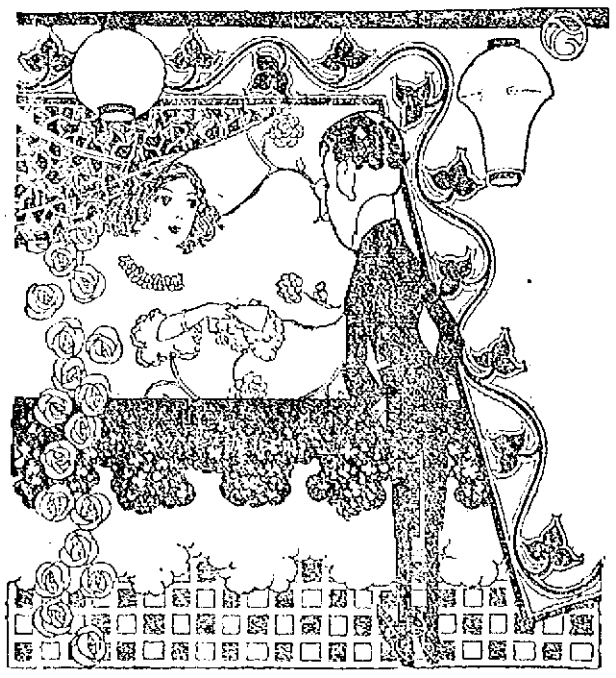
PEKING, Feb. 3.—Premier Yuan Shi Kai is still engaged in negotiating the minor details of the abdication of the throne with the revolutionary leaders. He was received in audience today by the empress dowager whom he informed that he was hopeful of an expeditious settlement.

SERVIAN CABINET

RESIGNED BECAUSE OF "BLACK HAND" CONSPIRACY

BELGRADE, Feb. 3.—The Servian cabinet has resigned. The ministers took this step partly on account of the recent discovery of what is known as the "Black Hand" conspiracy in the army to force King Peter to dismiss the radical cabinet or to abdicate in favor of the crown prince. Another reason given for the resignation is that the support afforded by the parliament to the government has declined considerably.

THE SUN'S DAILY PICTURE PUZZLE



MAUD'S RAKE-OFF.

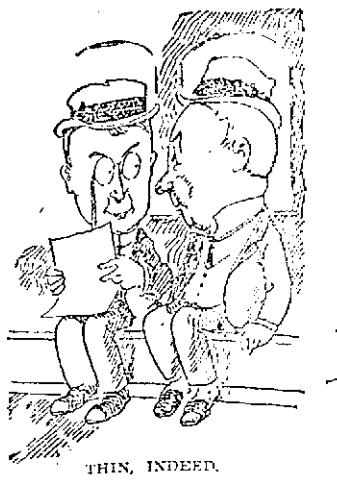
Maud Muller, on a winter's eve,
Raked in more coin than you'd believe.
Maud had a booth at our church fair,
And was the prettiest maiden there.

Find another vicit .

ANSWER TO YESTERDAY'S PUZZLE.

Upside down between two.

A LITTLE NONSENSE

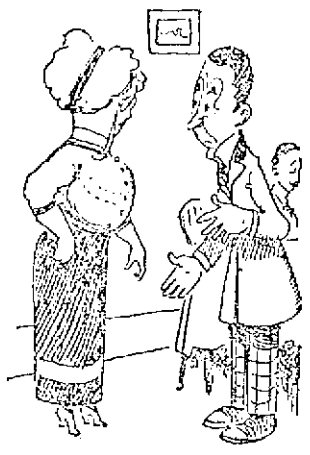


THIN, INDEED.

First Flat Dweller—The people in the next flat to our's are deaf and dumb.

Second Flat Dweller—How do you know?

First Flat Dweller—The walls are so thin that I can hear their joints crack when they're talking.



PERHAPS.

Old Boarder—What makes you think the new boarder is in love with you? Has he made any advances?

Landlady—No; but he says he will as soon as his father remits.

VERY LIKELY.

"Here's a story which says the heroine thanked him with a look."

"I spose her gown was so tight that she couldn't trust herself to speak, eh?"

WHAT SHE THOUGHT.

Floor Walker—Is anyone waiting on you, Miss?

Miss Haytop (from the country, blushingly)—Yes, sir; but he ain't proposed yet.

SEEMED LIKE IT.

Mr. Horem—Why, it's nearly half-past eleven. It's time to go.

Miss Kutting—Oh! it's surely later than that.

ANYTHING TO PLEASE.

Jackson—I'm going to a dentist and have this tooth out.

Christian Scientist—Hush! Your tooth doesn't ache. It's your imagination.

Jackson—Then I'll get the dentist to yank out my imagination.

LEGAL NOTICES

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 2, 1912. The Committee on Taxation will give a hearing to parties interested in the following proposed legislation: Senate No. 117, the Governor's message on reform of state tax system; Senate No. 266, message from Governor on tax laws, at room No. 436, State House, on Tuesday, February 6, at 10.30 o'clock a. m. George L. Barnes, Chairman. V. F. Jewett, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. State House, Boston, Feb. 1, 1912. The Committee on Harbors and Public Lands will give a hearing to parties interested in the petition House Bill No. 732, of John W. Ayres for legislation to provide for an examination of the coal supply of the commonwealth, at room No. 131, State House, on Tuesday, Feb. 6, at 11 o'clock a. m. John H. Cosgrehall, Chairman. John G. Stevens, Clerk of the Committee.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. Middlesex, ss. Probate Court. To all persons interested in the estate of Ella A. Simonds, of Chelmsford, in said County.

Whereas, Emma Allard, conservator of the property of said Ella A. Simonds, has presented for allowance, her account as such conservator.

You are hereby cited to appear at a Probate Court, to be held at Lowell, in said County, on the twentieth day of February, A. D. 1912, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, to show cause, if any you have why the same should not be allowed.

And said conservator is ordered to serve this citation by delivering a copy thereof to all persons interested in the estate fourteen days at least before said Court, or by publishing the same once in each week, for three successive weeks, in The Lowell Sun, a newspaper published in Lowell, the last publication to be one day at least before said Court, and by mailing, postpaid, a copy of this citation to all known persons interested in the estate seven days at least before said Court.

Witness, Charles J. McIntire, Esquire, First Judge of said Court, this thirty-first day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

W. E. ROGERS, Register.

WANTED

CASH PAID FOR SECOND HAND furniture of all kinds, large or small lots. Send postal or call. T. P. Maloney, 506 Central st.

Grind Stone FOR SALE

One high grade Power Grind Stone, W. & B. Douglas make, 50 inches in diameter, 4½ inch face. Inquire at The Sun Office.

FREE TO THE SICK

It matters not the name of the disease you are suffering with, how many Physicians you have taken treatment with, do not be discouraged. DR. TEMPLE'S TREATMENT WILL CURE YOU.

All Blood, Nerve and Rectal Diseases, Acute and Chronic Blood Diseases of Men and Women, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Stricture, Prostatitis, Piles, Fistula, Fissures, Ulcers and all Rectal Diseases Without the Use of the Knife. Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, Bladder, Bowels, Rectum, Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat.

Terms are always made to suit the convenience of anyone applying for treatment, and very reasonable charges. Do not treat elsewhere until you have investigated methods and terms. Office, 37 Central street, Masonic Block. Wednesdays, 2 to 4; 7 to 8. Sundays, 10 to 12. Other days by appointment only.

Consultation, Examination, Advice FREE

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

SPECIAL NOTICES

REMOVAL NOTICE—DR. SAWYER has removed his office from 10 John st. to 65 Merrimack st, over King Dental Parlors.

WATCHES, CLOCKS AND JEWELRY cleaned and repaired. English watch repairing a specialty. 35 years' experience, 5 years with the Waltham Watch Co. J. R. Collett, 191 Middlesex st.

SAFETY RAZOR BLADES SHARPENED: cut like new; 2½c each. Carter & Sherburne's drug store.

WE WILL COLLECT YOUR RENTS for 5 per cent. By our system we keep your tenements rented. Address H. M., Lowell, Mass.

SKATES HOLLOW GROUND; knives and scissors sharpened, saw filing and key fitting at Harry Gonzales, the Cutler, 128 Gorham st. Tel. 952-2.

TREES AND VINES PRUNED—Brown tail and gypsy moths removed from fruit and shade trees. Mr. Henry E. Reed, 30 Jacques st. Tel. 3578-1.

BENTS NO. 1 KILLS LICE ON children. Excellent for brownitail moth itching, ivy poison, hives, mange, salt rheum, falling hair. 25 cents at Falls & Burkinshaw's.

LIMBURG CO., CHIMNEY EXPERTS—Chimneys swept and repaired. Residence 1126 Bridge st. Tel. 945.

THE SUN IN BOSTON—THE SUN IS on sale every day at both news stands of the Union station in Boston. Don't forget this when taking your train for Lowell.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

TWO TENEMENTS OF 5 ROOMS each, for sale: $1200, $200 cash. Four tenements of 3 rooms each, $1400, $200 cash. W. W. Knapp, 53 Central st.

TWO TENEMENT HOUSE NEAR Moore st., for sale. 7 rooms each tenement. 3200 feet of land. Assessed for $2800. Will sell for less. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

TWO STORY, 8-ROOM HOUSE NEAR Fair Grounds for sale. Bath and furnace, set tubs, cemented cellar, one minute to car. 6200 feet of land, non houses, $2400. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

TWO TENEMENT HOUSE NEAR Whipple st., for sale. 5 rooms and bath each tenement. Rents $508 yearly. $1800. Abel R. Campbell, 417 Middlesex st., cor. Thorndike.

NEW 7-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE or to let; reception hall, back hall, back pantry, all hardwood doors downstairs, furnace heat and 4500 ft. of land, situated near St. Margaret's church and Washington school; will sell cheap if sold at once. Inquire A. A. Brown, 73 Inland st. Tel. 2523.

MERRIMACK STREET INVESTment property for sale at a bargain. Pawtucketville, 7-room house, 5 minutes' walk from Pawtucket bridge, 1959. Centralville, two tenements, 9 rooms each, $3200. W. E. Dodge, 22 Central street.

TYNGSBORO, MASS.

On the car line, an income from the start, everything new, 5½ acre poultry and fruit farm, 7-room cottage with furnace heat, water in the house, good barn, poultry houses for 500 poultry with yards and runs, over 400 young poultry, 2 incubators and all brooding tools, a real bargain at $3700. No information by telephone about this place.

DO NOT FORGET

That New Hampshire farms will advance in price May first. We have several left at 1911 prices, also a large list of summer homes and city property.

C. W. JOHNSON & SON

Houghton, Plain and Parker Sts. Phone 3030

STOVE REPAIRS

STOVE REPAIRS—WE CARRY IN stock and furnish linings, grates, covers, centers, water fronts, etc., for all kinds of stoves and ranges. Work done at lowest prices. Bring size and name of stove or telephone 1377-2. Cyrus Furniture Co., 160 Middlesex st.

J. H. ROGERS, Optician

EYES EXAMINED

7 Merrimack st., over Transfer station. Glasses made and repaired. All work guaranteed. Lowest prices.

HELP WANTED

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED. $800 first year, promotion to $1800. Examinations May 4 in every state. Common education sufficient with my coaching. Full information free. Write for booklet B 156, Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

SALESMEN WANTED—HIGH CLASS real estate proposition; 33 per cent commission. Texas Oil & Gas Development Co., Fort Worth, Texas. 910 First National Bank Bldg.

A WELL KNOWN MANUFACTURING company desires the services of one intelligent lady in each town; work is light and pleasant and very profitable; experience not necessary. Almes Mfg. Co., 1032 Chestnut st., Phila, Pa.

CAPABLE SPECIALTY SALESMAN wanted: on commission part or all time. One who can present a successful specialty to best class of trade. Banks, trust companies, insurance agents, real estate firms, etc. Will consider nothing but responsible experience specialty salesmen with good references. Write Shedd & Wright Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minnesota.

FREE ILLUSTRATED BOOK TELLS about over 500,000 protected positions in U. S. service. More than 40,000 vacancies every year. There is a big chance here for you, sure and generous pay. Lifetime employment. Easy to get. Just ask for booklet C 135. No obligation. Earl Hopkins, Washington, D. C.

MAN WANTED TO TRAVEL IN Massachusetts for 1912. Soaps, grocery specialties, candies, etc. Good pay and tailor made suit in 90 days. Experience unnecessary. J. E. McBrady & Co., Chicago.

LADIES—HONEST HOME WORK copying addresses, etc. Good pay. Particular 6c stamps. Horicon Mailing Agency, Dept. 426, Chicago, Ill.

MEN—HONEST HOME WORK COPYing addresses, etc. Good pay. Particular 6c stamps. Horicon Mailing Agency, Dept. 426, Chicago, Ill.

LADIES MAKE SUPPORTERS. $12 per hundred; no canvassing; material furnished. Stamped envelope for particulars. Wabash Supply Co., Dept. 6216, Chicago.

WE HAVE WORK FOR A FEW more machinists. Apply Davis & Furber Co., North Andover, Mass.

RAILWAY MAIL CLERKS WANTED. $90 month. No layoffs. Lowell examinations May 4th. Thousands of appointments coming. Common education sufficient. Pull unnecessary. Candidates prepared free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 158 M., Rochester, N. Y.

PEDDLERS WANTED TO HANDLE a nice line of pop corn. Inquire at 73 Church st., downstairs.

GENERAL SECOND HAND WANTED for weave room on fancy cotton goods, jacquards, etc., $24 per week. Charles T. Raymond, 224 Washington st., Boston.

SMART YOUNG MAN WANTED TO work in a fish market; one who understands waiting on customers. Inquire at once at Tarbox Fish Market, 124 Central st.

BACK STAYER, VAMPERS AND all round stitchers wanted. Stover & Bean Co., Hood bldg.

HONEST MEN WANTED TO SELL nursery stock; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address Stillman Advertising Agency, Milburn, N. J.

TWO CLOSERS ON, TWO TOP stitchers, two 4, five vampers, two pickers, two stayers wanted, all on ladies' work. Also girls for table work, such as cementing and matching uppers and lining. Plenty of work and the best of prices until July 1st. Apply to Mr Joyce at Dodge Bros., Newburyport, Mass.

MEN WANTED TO LEARN THE automobile business, road driving and repairing. Send stamp for particulars. New England Auto School, 509 Tremont st., Boston.

MALE AND FEMALE ROLLER canaries for sale. Jorn Hesson, 670 Pleasant st., Drawer Centre.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—ABLE-bodied unmarried men, between ages of 18 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 159 Middlesex st., Lowell, Mass.

TOBACCO TAG OFFER

Under American Tobacco Co. will expire MARCH 1, 1912. You cannot mix all of your tags after March 1. Some tags will have to be sent to P. Lorillard & Co., American Tobacco Co., Liggett & Myers, St. Louis, Mo. We will buy tobacco tags until March 1, 1912, 20 cents per 100. After this date some tags will not be worth so much. Full information about tobacco tags at Carr's Pool Parlor, 98 Gorham street, near post office. Telephone 2189-3.

TO LET

ROOMS AND APARTMENTS TO rent; steam heat, hot and cold water, gas free. J. C. Wood, 160 East Merrimack st.

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET; ALSO rooms for light housekeeping; gas. Inquire 387 Merrimack st.

LARGE FRONT ROOM TO LET, heated, modern conveniences; $2. Call 221 Gorham st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET; steam heat, gas; $1 per week up. Mrs. M. McMillan, Passager House, William street.

COTTAGE AND BARN TO LET, 21 Rutterdell st. Inquire of J. J. Marpole, 38 Salem st., or 52 Rutterdell st.

LODGING HOUSE TO LET, 652 Central st. 14 rooms; new plumbing, rent $22 month. Apply Henry Miller & Son, 364 Merrimack Exchange.

7-ROOM TENEMENT AT 13 PROSpect st., to let; 7-room cottage at 121 Dutton st., one 7-room, one 4-room and one 3-room tenement at 115 Cushing st.; four 4-room flats at 88 Elm st. Cheapest rent. Inquire Joe Flynn, 71 Chapel st.

NEAT HOUSEKEEPER, COME now and get a month's rent free; 2, 3 and 4-room tenements to let in Chestnut square. 79 Chestnut st. George E. Brown.

FIRST CLASS BOARD AND ROOMS to let; steam heat; most desirable residential district of the city; one minute's walk from Westford st. car line. Inquire Mrs. Nettie Saunders, 68 Gates st. Tel. 2685.

PLEASANT 7-ROOM TENEMENT TO let; steam and all modern conveniences. No. 299 Westford st.

MODERN 6-ROOM FLAT TO LET; cor. South Loring and Shaw sts. Light, sunny rooms, hard wood floors; steam heat, attractive surroundings; rent reasonable. 208 Liberty st.

ROOMS TO LET AT 181 EAST MERrimack st. Hot and cold water, bath, gas and telephone. Inquire of Undertaker John A. Finnegan, 179 East Merrimack st.

MODERN 8-ROOM FLAT TO LET; near two car lines and normal school. Call at 33 Columbus ave. Tel. 2375.

5-ROOM TENEMENT TO LET, PANtry, bath, hot water, $12, at 105 Grand st. Apply Schutz Furniture Co., 332 Middlesex st.

ROOMS TO LET IN THE HARRINGton bldg., 52 Central st. Hard wood floors steam heat, combination electric and gas lights. Inquire at The Sun Office.

7-ROOM COTTAGE TO LET AT 880 Princeton st. Call or telephone City Hall Garage.

13-ROOM STEAM HEATED HOUSE to let; bath; at 222 Appleton st. Inquire 1128 Bridge st.

MODERN 6-ROOM FLAT IN TWO-tenement house on London st., near Gorham to let. Apply Mrs. H. E. Barrows, 658 Gorham st. Tel. 1023-2.

TENEMENTS To Rent

Small tenement, newly painted and papered, at 31 Winter st.

Warm 4-room tenement at 37 North st. Apply John J. Cole, 33 North st.

OFFICES FOR RENT

Splendid modern offices in the NEW HARRINGTON BUILDING, 52 Central street. Hardwood floors, steam heat, combination electric and gas lights. Inquire at THE SUN OFFICE.

MISCELLANEOUS

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL INstruction to backward pupils or to those who lack schooling. Teacher, 569 Central st.

BADGES MADE TO ORDER; razors honed and concaved; clippers sharpened at Harry Gonzales, 128 Gorham st. Tel. 952-2.

DRINK GLORIA FOR HEALTH. Sold everywhere.

LOST AND FOUND

PAIR OF AMETHYST ROSARY beads with gold cross lost Thursday night, Feb. 1st, between Andover st. and Merrimack square. Reward for return to 150 Andover st. Mrs. Miller.

ROLL OF BILLS LOST BETWEEN Quincy Market and Worthen st. Saturday morning. Reward for return to W. W. Tufts, 748 Moody st.

CORAL SET LOCKET AND CHAIN, greatly prized as an heirloom, lost between Depot Centre and Page's restaurant via Merrimack Square theatre. Kindly notify Walter W. Simmons, Union National Bank.

LADY'S GOLD WATCH FOUND. Owner can have by proving property and paying for this adv. at 57 Lawrence st.

GOLD LOCKET AND CHAIN LOST on Andrews st., Sunday forenoon. Reward if returned to 506 Lawrence st.

BLACK AND WHITE FOX TERrier, last Saturday eve., Jan. 6; wore collar and red sweater. Reward if returned to 22 Kirk st.

NEW FIRM

The Gage Dancing Rooms located at 46 Kirk st. have changed management and in the future will be carried on by Mrs. Prescott. It will be her aim to give the best service possible. She wishes the continuance of the present patronage and solicits new ones as well. Mrs. Prescott is an expert in this line of business and will open Sunday, February 4th with a turkey dinner with fixins for 25c.

STORAGE FOR FURNITURE

Separate rooms $1 per month for regular $2 two-horse load. The driest and cleanest place for storage in Lowell. Telephone connection. O. F. Prentiss, 556 Bridge st.

F. W., Cragin & Co.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Cabinet Work of All Kinds to Order

Stores and offices fitted up. Wood turning, jobbing and repairing. Old furniture repaired and finished. New furniture made to order.

46 Fletcher Street Telephone

LOWELL, MASS.

THE SUN
Is On Sale
At Both News Stands
In the Union Station
BOSTON

FOR SALE

RANGE NO. 7 PARLOR STOVE, FOR sale; cheap. Inquire, 75 Varnum ave., or 12 Sands platting, beside Wannalancit. Irrigator, dredge and bed of a canal to dig, at 12 Cambridge st.

SHOW CASES, COUNTERS, ETC., for sale; also new and second hand of every sort bought and sold. R. Cohen, 245 Merrimack st.

25 WHITE LEGHORN COCKERELS for sale; pedigree stock (Scott's strain); cockerels $5, don't wait till spring and save $5. Robert Scott, 192 Epping st. Wheelwright.

BAKERS' OVENS ON EASY PAYments. Start in the business and make money. Write for catalog to-day prices. Dept. A, McDowell Oven Co., 157 State st., Boston, Mass.

RESTAURANT AND LUNCH FOR sale; fine location, dandy chance for live man with 500 to make money. Address X, Sun Office.

LODGING HOUSE FOR SALE. 14 rooms; steam heat, hot and cold water, etc. Address C., Sun Office.

POOL TABLE FOR SALE. INQUIRE 25 Kirk st., 1st floor.

TWO BRAND NEW HIGH GRADE pianos for sale; must be sold at once. Price is a bargain. Terms cash. Apply 322 Merrimack st.

SLEIGHS AND SLEDS FOR SALE. Small; also double runner pungs and other; also large sleds. P. A. Macdonald's wagon works, 592 Broadway.

SQUARE PIANO FOR SALE, MADE by Lemuel Gilbert, Boston, Mass., dog legs, all in one shape with stool, price $75. Call 88 Third st., Centralville.

SECOND HAND PARLOR STOVES and ranges for sale. In good condition; prices low; also dining tables, chamber sets, etc. H. B. Lambert Co., 334 Bridge st.

HORSES FOR SALE, FROM $80 TO $125 each. A. B. Humphrey, 157 Gorham st. Tel. 512-1.

FOR SALE

The best money making boarding house in Lowell. Centrally located. 35 boarders. A bargain, on easy terms.

W. E. DODGE

22 Central Street

MONEY TO LOAN

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE—Women keeping house and others, advanced from without security, easy payments, cheapest rates, don't worry or annoy friends about money, keep your credit good by paying as you agree. I will furnish you money to 4% to. H. P. Tolman, Room 403, 45 Merrimack st.

LOANS of $10 and Upwards

Can be secured at less than the legal rate of interest by obtaining our indorsement of your note.

American Credit Co

45 MERRIMACK STREET.

ROOMS 319-320

Open 8 a. m. to 6.30 p. m.; Mon. Wed. and Sat. 9 p. m.

Housekeepers

WHO DESIRE A LITTLE EXTRA

MONEY

To keep your credit good, is to meet your obligations promptly. You no doubt find this impossible at times. Perhaps you have gotten behind with your accounts because of sickness or other misfortune. In all such cases be independent, come to us, and we will arrange to obtain a loan for you that will, both please and pay you the best.

Household Guarantee Co.

Wyman's Exchange, cor. Merrimack and Central Streets

4th Floor Rooms 503-505

Open 8 a. m. to 6.30 p. m. Monday and Saturday, 9 p. m.

THIS MEANS YOU

Every working man and woman. Loans made while you wait. No delay. No charge for application.

Interest 1 Per Cent Per Month

The size of your salary or wages bars no honest working person from getting money on credit here. We loan to All.

LOWELL LOAN CO.

22 Central Street

Fourth Floor Take Elevator

Open 8 a. m. to 6 p. m., Fridays until 8 p. m., and Mondays and Saturdays until 9 p. m.

15 DOLLARS

New drop head sewing machine with all attachments, well worth $40. We have sold all our machines except the sample machines, will have more in two weeks. If you are going to buy a sewing machine it will pay you to see our sample machines. We can replace any part of the machine that might be broken. We have been in business on Gorham st. the past eight years and it would not be good business to sell a poor article. Think it over ladies, $15 for a new machine. Sample machines can be seen at Carr's, 98 Gorham st., or 12 Bleachery st. Tel. 1061-12 or 2189-3.

If you want help at home or in your business, try The Sun "Want" column.

TRAINS TO AND FROM BOSTON

SOUTHERN DIV. & WESTERN DIV.

To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.	To Boston. Lve.	To Boston. Arr.	From Boston. Lve.	From Boston. Arr.
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SUNDAY TRAINS

WESTERN DIVISION

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

SUNDAY TRAINS

SOUTHERN DIVISION

[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

LOCAL NEWS

Commercial printing, tickets.

Tax Lawyers for sale cheap, 20 Dutcroft.

Interest Items Saturday, Feb. 3, at the Central Savings bank.

When you have any real estate to sell, consult J. H. Donovan, Donovan Bldg. Telephone.

Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] of Andover street, [illegible] New York, are [illegible] Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Hall, Pawtucket street.

The Temple choir of Kirk Street Church will rehearse at the home of Mrs. L. H. Hall, 147 Liberty street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Stone of Stevens Mills, Maine, are the guests of their daughter, Mrs. William [illegible], 19 Grove street.

Rev. Arthur Beaven, D. D., of the Bible and Methodist [illegible], will speak on "Will Life Be Lived Worthy" at the Educational [illegible] Sunday.

Mrs. Florence Parker, [illegible] Miss Gladys Barnett, is staying at the residence of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Barnett. Mrs. Parker, at present resides in Auburn, Maine.

Miss Margaret Herrington, formerly with Rose Jordan Hartford, is now with the Fashion Milliners and Fur Store, 115 Merrimack street, where she will be pleased to meet her friends.

Rev. Clarence R. Skinner of Grace Universalist church has recently moved into the beautiful new apartment house in Chester street. Mr. John W. Sleet and family are occupying the other apartment.

The Lowell Y. M. C. A. basketball team went to Springvale, Maine, today, where the Lowell boys will meet the fast team representing that town tonight. Manager Gimb of the Lowell team will present his strongest lineup and he is confident that the local quintet will carry off the honors.

The Ladies' Auxiliary, A. O. H., held a special meeting last night at which arrangements were made for several social events. Dr. John F. Boyle, physician of the order, awarded a $5 gold piece to Miss M. Walsh as a prize for bringing in the largest number of members in the recent contest.

The executive committee of the United Irish League will hold a meeting in A. O. H. reception room Sunday evening to arrange for a concert and lecture in the near future. The Irish interest felt in the lectures now being given at the present time will insure the success of anything undertaken.

The regular monthly meeting of the Jolly Seven was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Lee in Jewett street Wednesday evening. Games were played and prizes and mardi gras duets and solos sung and Delicious refreshments were served by the hostess. The party broke up at a late hour, having spent a very pleasant evening.

A linen shower was tendered to Miss Anna S. Sheridan, a well-known young lady of Pawtucketville, last evening, when about 40 girl friends gathered at the home of Miss Margaret Kennedy, 166 Concord street. Miss Sheridan will shortly become the bride of Thomas J. Farley of Woburn and will reside in that city, where Mr. Farley holds a lucrative position.

The members of the C. M. A. C. are preparing a whist party in order to defray expenses for suits for the basketball team to be organized in the society series. The affair will be held at the hall in Parmenter street on Feb. 16, and is in charge of the following committees: Tables: Frank Chalmers, J. Oscar Allard, [illegible] Treasurer Adelard Lussier, Arthur Lussier, J. R. Spicer, Charles [illegible], Bernard Arthur Gagnon, Hector [illegible], Joseph [illegible].

LADIES

Mufflers reduced [illegible] Your choice [illegible] Corset covers made to look like new. [illegible] Corsets ready from most noted Fit Corset and Fur Coats. [illegible] Fur Department Main Floor. [illegible]

United Irish League

There will be a meeting of the executive committee of the United Irish League of America in A. O. H. hall, Sunday [illegible] at 3 o'clock. Business to be transacted.

JOHN HALLINAN, President.
JAMES J. COLLINS, [illegible]

VISITING AGITATOR

Continued

[illegible]

Demand Made For Increase

[illegible]

References:

[illegible]

Men Quit Work

[illegible]

Cordon of Strikers

The strikers had such a strong cordon around the premises of the Boston line company that it was almost impossible for anybody to break through the lines. As time passed on the ranks of the strikers were swelled but many who had signified their intention of returning from work on the strike was settled tried to enter the plant only to be assaulted.

Rioting Started

It was about five o'clock that the ranks of the strikers and those who wished to return to work began to march, but the strikers had a much larger army and the people who wanted to go back to work were unsuccessful in getting to the building. A number of people who wanted to go to work gathered in a crowd and decided upon a rush through one particular part of the lines. That was where the clash came.

In less than five minutes after the rush was made, clubs and blackjacks were being wielded over their heads. Stones, ice, sticks and other missiles were used and the battle waged in this manner for about ten or fifteen minutes.

Forty of the employes who wanted to return to work succeeded in getting into the plant and the strikers threatened to destroy the building.

Billerica Police Notified

Matters were getting so warm that the Billerica police were notified and in a very short space of time officers Martin Conway, Bartlett, Livingston and Costello were on the scene, but they were unable to cope with the infuriated strikers and word was sent to Lowell and Patrolmen Edward Connors, Joseph Malone, John Healey and John Lechton were sent out on the 6.37 train.

Five Arrests Made

During the main battle and subsequently five of the strikers were arrested and sent to the Lowell police station where they were booked for assault and battery.

When taken to the station they gave their names and ages as follows:

A. Hassan, aged 18 years.
Roold Tiefer, aged 25 years.
Salim Redigh, aged 28 years.
Mercesia Abedin, aged 22 years.
A. Yehir aged 20 years.

Yesterday when the determination to strike was reached, those who decided to go out spread the report that anyone man who would attempt to go to work this morning would get a knife stuck into him. It was further stated that if they could not get what they wanted dynamite would be used.

Several of the bosses were detailed to watch the building during the night but they were not able to capture the strikers this morning. The company would probably have started an increase had the strikers waited until the demand had been dismissed by the company.

Superintendent Interviewed

Supt. Ross in speaking of the affair with representatives of the press this noon said that the men who are on strike are what are known as laborers and that they receive $2 a week. He feels that their demands for an increase of $2 per week is unreasonable.

Yesterday, as is usual on Fridays, the whistle was blown indicating that it was time to send the checks into the office in order that the pays might be made out, but none of the employes [illegible] in an appearance.

An investigation showed that all of the laborers were gathered in a group, the chief of which was body [illegible] with a megaphone addressing them. It is thought by the officials of the rewelding company that the speaker was an organizer and he encouraged the men to strike unless the demand was granted.

When the door was opened [illegible] representatives of the laborers stated that they wanted an increase of $2 per week and when the demand was refused the men quit work.

BRITISH CABINET

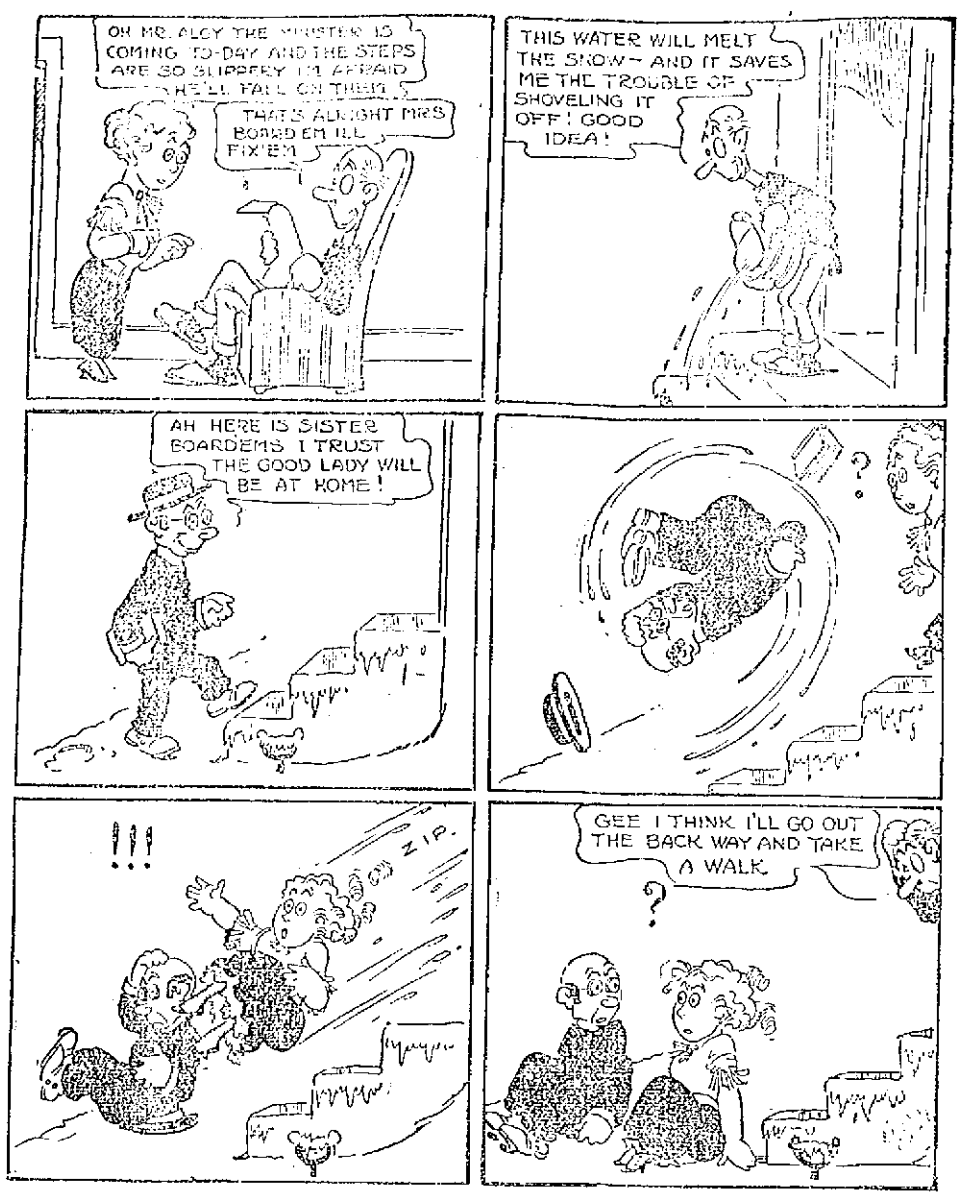
CHANCELLOR GEORGE SAYS THERE IS NO SPLIT

LONDON, Feb. 3.—David Lloyd George, Chancellor of the exchequer, in the address which he was making at a dinner at the City of London Liberal Club today to declare that the reports of a split in the British cabinet were entirely unfounded. He also asserted his belief that the alleged feud between Lloyd George and Premier Asquith was at an end.

NEW ENGLAND RIFLE LEAGUE

PORTLAND, Me., Feb. 3.—The Maxim Shooting Club of this city and the Park Rifle Club of Bridgeport, Conn., were tied today for the lead with the result of the third match shooting in the New England Rifle League announced. The high score of the week was made by the Portland team, 922 out of a possible 1,000.

A PAIR OF SLIPPERS



FUNERALS

WHITE—All that was mortal of the late Mrs. Annie White was tenderly consigned to its final resting place in the Catholic cemetery this morning. The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place from her late home, No. 33 Albion street, at 9 o'clock, and proceeded to St. Michael's church, where at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Bernard Rourke, a brother of the deceased, assisted by Rev. John J. Shea, deacon, and Rev. Fr. Donovan, sub-deacon, all of the Sacred Heart church. The choir, under the direction of Mr. Thomas P. Rooney, sang the Gregorian mass. Miss Carolyn White presided at the organ. The solos of the mass were sung by Mr. James A. Murphy and Miss Griffin. In attendance at the funeral from out-of-town were Mr. Daniel F. O'Connell, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph O'Sullivan of Worcester and many others.

The floral offerings consisted of a pillow of roses, lilies and ferns, inscribed "Mamma," from the husband and children of the deceased; crossed anchor of roses and carnations, inscribed on base "Thy Will Be Done," from brothers and sisters of the deceased; cross of roses, lilies and ferns, inscribed on base "At Rest," from the Misses Maguire and Miss McLaughlin; wreath of roses and lilies on base, from the employes of S. F. Reed; wreath of roses and carnations on base, from the Hennessy family; wreath of roses, from Mr. Frank McCarey and Miss Genevieve Murphy; wreath of roses and [illegible] roses, from Mr. William J. Collins; sprays of white roses with ribbon inscribed "At Rest," from John J. Connor and family; spray of white carnations, from Mr. and Mrs. Curtin and family; sprays of pink roses, from Miss Bridgie Barker; spray of roses, from Dr. R. J. McCluskey; spray of carnations, from Mr. and Mrs. Edward Campbell; spray of roses, from Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Dooley; spray of carnations, from the Misses Mollie and Esther Rourke; spray of roses, from the Misses Catherine and Kitty Hannon; spray of roses, from John J. Cunnin, and a spray of white carnations from Mr. Hugh Fox.

The ushers at the house and church were: Messrs. Conrad J. Quintreck, Thos. A. Scanlon and Thomas A. Gilty, students from Holy Cross college, Worcester. The bearers were Messrs. James Rourke, Terrence Rourke, James Kilmartin, Patrick Burnon, James Gallney and Charles O. Rourke. Interment was in the family lot in St. Patrick's cemetery, where the last solemn rites of the Catholic church were conducted by Rev. Fr. Rourke, assisted by Rev. Fr. Murphy and Rev. Fr. McDermott, O. M. I. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Funeral Director James W. McIversen.

WELCH—The funeral of the late Margaret Welch took place this morning at 9 o'clock from her late home in West Billerica and was largely attended by many friends and relatives who by their presence showed the esteem in which the deceased was held. The funeral cortege, after leaving the home of the deceased, proceeded to St. Andrew's church in North Billerica where at 10 o'clock a solemn high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Edward Cornell, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Mr. Chas. Lafontaine rendered the Gregorian mass. At the offertory Miss Hugh W. Lee sang "Pie Jesu" and at the close of the "O Meritum Passionis" was sung by Miss Katherine Bridgy. Miss Ida Howe presided at the organ. Present within the sanctuary were Very Rev. T. Wade Smith, O. M. I., and Rev. L. P. Flynn, O. M. I. There was a delegation present representing Court Middlesex, No. 23, F. of C. A., and consisted of Messrs. John J. McGee, Thomas E. Quinn, Michael H. McNiff and John H. Downing. There were several beautiful and appropriate floral offerings. The ushers at the house and church were Dr. Joseph and Stephen Kearney. The bearers were Messrs. James Coffey, Humphrey Coffey, Philip Riley, John Harrington, Mr. Conley and John Kearney. Burial took place in the Catholic cemetery where the committal prayers were read at the grave by the Rev. Edward Cornell, O. M. I. The funeral arrangements and burial were under the direction of Undertaker John J. O'Connell.

TURCOTTE—The funeral of the late Isidore Turcotte took place this morning from his late home, 32 Mammoth road. The long cortege wended its way to St. Jean Baptiste church, where at 9 o'clock high mass of requiem was celebrated by Rev. Charles Dozois, O. M. I. The choir under the direction of Dr. George E. Caisse rendered the Gregorian chant, Mr. Arthur J. Marie presiding at the organ. The bearers were J. P. Marchand, Henri Maynard, Camille Roussin, Hilaire Dozois, Willeos Bouthillette and Joseph Delarme. The delegation from La Société St. Joseph, of which deceased was a member, was as follows: Edouard Vallerand, Theodule Lemire, Alfred Leblanc and Pascal Harrods. Burial was in St. Joseph's cemetery, Rev. Fr. Audibert, O. M. I., officiating at the grave. Funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker Joseph Albert.

CLOUGH—The funeral of Herschel P. G. Clough took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from his residence, 708 Bridge street. The services were conducted by Rev. Forrester A. MacDonald, pastor of the Fifth Street Baptist church. Appropriate selections were sung by Mrs. William H. Pepin. Delegations were present from Lowell No. 8 and Highland No. 379 councils, Royal Arcanum. The bearers were Messrs. Fred C. Hall, Linsey H. DeVoe, Clarence E. Edwards and John F. Sargent. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker George W. Healey.

HONEY—The funeral of Mrs. Percy Honey took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her daughter, Mrs. George H. Walker, 655 Wilmer street. Rev. James Bancroft officiating. The bearers were Messrs. William R. Foster, Robert E. Foster, A. Gordon Foster and Sherwood L. Foster. Burial was in the family lot in the Edson cemetery. C. H. Young had charge of the funeral arrangements.

ROARE—The funeral of James A. Hoare, son of John E. and Ida Hoare, took place yesterday afternoon on the arrival of 1 o'clock train from Brockton. Rev. Selden W. Cummings officiated at the services in the Edson cemetery, where burial took place. Undertaker John A. Weinlock had charge of the funeral arrangements.

OBERMEYER—The funeral of Jennie Obermeyer took place yesterday afternoon from the Middlesex street station, upon the arrival of the 1 o'clock train from Boston, and was largely attended by relatives and friends. Burial was in the Edson cemetery, in charge of Undertaker Peter J. Savage.

ELLIOTT—The funeral services of Miss Mary E. Elliott were held Thursday afternoon at 4 o'clock from the residence of Dr. Jesse A. Viles, 14 Coral street, where she had made her home, and were largely attended. Rev. Smith Baker officiated. There was singing by the Mendelssohn male quartet, who sang "Nearer My God to Thee" and "Christian's Good Night." There were many beautiful floral offerings. The body was taken Friday morning, to Mt. Auburn cemetery, where burial took place in the family lot. The funeral arrangements were in charge of Undertaker William H. Saunders.

ROURKE—The funeral of the late Mrs. Margaret Rourke took place from the funeral parlors of Roche Bros. this morning at 8:30 o'clock and wended its way to the Sacred Heart church, where at 9 o'clock a high mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I.

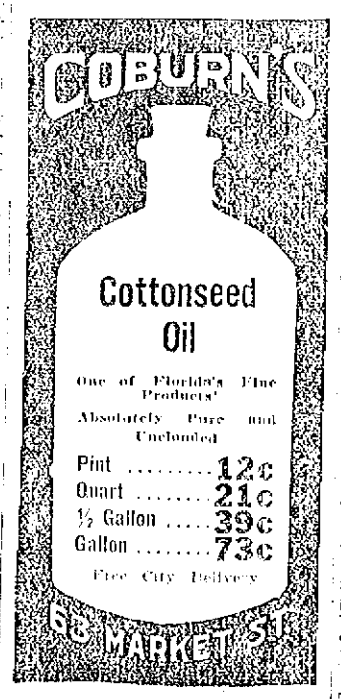
The choir rendered the Gregorian mass. At the offertory "Pie Jesu" was sung and as the body was leaving from the church "De Profundis" was rendered by the sanctuary choir. Mr. John Kelty presided at the organ.

There were several beautiful floral tributes testifying to the esteem in which the deceased was held by her many friends and acquaintances and among them was a large pillow of roses, pinks, lilies and ferns with the inscription, "Mother," from the family of the deceased.

The casket was borne from the church to the hearse by the following bearers: Messrs. John F. Rourke, Jr., of Boston, Mass., Joseph A. Rourke, Springfield, Mass., and Edward and Frank Sheehan of this city.

Among the many mourners from out of town were friends from Newark, Springfield, Revere and Boston, Mass.

After leaving the church the funeral cortege proceeded to St. Patrick's cemetery, burial being in the family lot where the last rites of the Catholic church were read at the grave by the Rev. T. Franklin Wood, O. M. I. The funeral was largely attended and was in charge of the direction of Undertakers Roche Bros.



CUT PRICE MAYOR

IS OUT FOR THE GOVERNORSHIP OF ILLINOIS

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 3.—A new candidate in the republican ranks for governor came into the limelight yesterday. Mayor Shank of Indianapolis made the formal announcement that he would seek the nomination and had high hopes that he could carry the state next fall. At the 5th district convention this week at Rockville, Mr. Shank was indorsed by the republicans as the logical candidate.

Mayor Shanks has made many friends especially in the rural districts, in his fight on the high cost of living. The other candidates for governor are expected to be Hanly, Miller, Lorkwood and Gilhams.

BUNCH OF KEYS LOST FRIDAY morning at Livingston grain yards. Reward for return to Sun Office.

THE FINAL ARGUMENT

Made in the Senator Stephenson Case Today

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Corruption in a senatorial primary alone does not corrupt a United States senator's election, according to argument presented to the senate committee on privileges and elections today in behalf of Senator Stephenson of Wisconsin. Former Rep. Littlefield of Maine as counsel for Senator Stephenson in connection with that statement, however, denied that there had been any corruption in the Stephenson primary. He held that a corrupt influence by a senator or his responsible agent coupled with submission to it and participation in it by members of a legislature were necessary to taint a senatorial election with fraud.

The committee was hearing final argument on the charges of bribery and corruption in connection with Senator Stephenson's election. A sub committee had already exonerated him.

"Weren't there several members of the legislature who said they voted for Mr. Stephenson because of the primary vote?" asked Senator Lea.

"Yes."

"Yet you say the senate cannot investigate the primary?"

"Yes."

Senator Oliver announced that if there had been corruption in the primary he wouldn't be influenced in his vote by the legal proposition.

"So you had better get down to something else," concluded Senator Oliver.

Mr. Littlefield suggested it would be opening up a new hole if the senate created a precedent of investigating senatorial primaries.

TOM LONGBOAT WON

EDINBORO, Scot., Feb. 3.—Tom Longboat, the Canadian Indian runner, today won a 15-mile race at the Powderhall Athletic grounds, defeating K Klehmainen, the Finnish champion, who recently won the professional marathon foot race, and Hans Holmer, the American runner, by half a yard and 200 yards respectively. Tom's time for the distance was one hour, 20 minutes, 42 2-5 seconds. The prize was $350.

BURNETT APPOINTED RECEIVER

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 3.—To give him jurisdiction over the property of the Rhode Island Coal Co. in this state, John T. Burnett of Southboro, Mass., was appointed receiver in Rhode Island by Judge Brown in the United States court today. Mr. Burnett was made receiver of the company in Massachusetts a few days ago. The company's mines are located at Portsmouth.

EDWARD H. PACKARD

M. S. P. C. A. Agent is a Busy Man

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals has 100 agents scattered through the state and it is desired through them to effectually extend the arm of protection to every living creature whether it walks, crawls, flies or swims.

"Will everybody please snug up living quarters of their animals and birds through the winter severities now [illegible]" asks Ed. H. Packard, traveling missionary for the society, who has been commissioned to spend the winter visiting every nook and corner of the state to do all that he can by the spoken voice and through the public press to influence animal owners to give them warm winter quarters with plenty of dry bedding.

Last winter," the agent says, "our society was obliged to prosecute quite a few who failed to properly protect their pets from the cold."

When you are snug and warm between blankets these cold nights consider what suffering unprotected animals and fowl must endure. Give a good thought and care that these creatures have get necessary sleep in comfort. Dogs especially like the comforts and it is necessary to their development.

I hope," Mr. Packard says, "that every humane person and the Band of Mercy members will be constantly alert and report any cruelties either to the local agents or by letter or telephone to the M. S. P. C. A., 45 Milk street, Boston, whose offices are open day and night in behalf of the dumb animals."

The humane society in order to protect these suffering animals and give them medical care and rest is about to erect a modern animal hospital at Boston, where the sick and injured animals of the poor anywhere throughout the state can go and be restored to health and strength without charge to their owners.

The society through its president, Dr. Francis H. Rowley, asks for a million dollars to build and endow this hospital, create an auto ambulance service with several annual receiving stations through the state and establish a thoroughgoing publicity bureau to educate the masses in the care of animals and inculcate the principles of sympathy, kindness and mercy.

WANTS NEW TRIAL

Counsel for MacFarland Files Motion

NEWARK, N. J., Feb. 3.—Counsel for Allison MacFarland, who was found guilty Monday of the murder of his wife, Evelyn, applied today to Chief Justice Gummere to have the verdict set aside on the ground of newly discovered evidence. Next Wednesday was set as the date for a hearing on the motion.

CLARENCE DARROW

Entered a Plea of Not Guilty

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 3.—Clarence Darrow, former chief counsel for the McNamaras, pleaded not guilty today to the indictments charging him with jury bribery. The pleas were entered after Presiding Judge Hutton of the superior court had overruled a demurrer filed in behalf of Darrow and a motion to quash the indictment.